

Harrington,
21. to this
are, Montfort,
Agents.
Chancery
Bank
to Ichaboe,
Challies to
Ichaboe,
Kettlewell, to
danna Hay,
Wilkins, to
Mauritius to
Ichaboe,
Charnier, to
London, to
Bourbon,
schooner, J.
ing ship, J.
Agents.

W.O.L.

DE Ondergeteekenden zyn genegen voor schotten te geven op Wol of andere Producten, gesigneerd aan hunne vrienden in Londen of Liverpool. Geene Commissie alhier genomen of Renter, op het voorgeschoten geld.—Adres te Caledon by den Heer J. S. NEDHAM.

W. ANDERSON & Co.

LOUIS STEIN

ONTVANT NU PER "PARKFIELD,"

DAMES witte en zwarte Kousen,
Kinder dito dito,
Dito witte en fancy Sokken,
Dames en Kinder Schoenen, leder en lating,
Indische Slippers,
Top, ten dito,
Gros de Naples, zwart en blauwzwart,
Satyn dito dito en wit,
Linnen, zwarte zyden Handchoenen en Kousen,
Fancy Broekengen, in Laken, Kasjmier en Buckskin,
Plakpapier, Kleypenn, enz, enz., en
Eene verscheidenheid anders artikelen per LATE AAN-

KOMSTEN.

PUBLIEKE VERKOOPING, TE ZEE PUNT.

In den gemeenschappelyken Boedel van RYNO JOHANNES VANDER RIET, en overledene HUISTROUW ENGELA MARIA KARSPEK.

OP DONDERDAG & VRYDAG

DEN 9 EN 10 JANUARY 1845.

ZAL de Ondergeteekende in zyne betrekking als Testamentaire Executore van den bovengenoemden Boedel, per Publieke Vendutie verkopen, al de Goederen tot gien Boedel behorende bestaande in:

Den fraai Huys en Tuin, gelegen aan het Zee-punt, genaamd

ZORGVRY,

met uitgestrekte Landeryen, welke in drie Perceden gulten worden verkocht.—Het Woonhuis bevat Voorkamer, Zitkamer, een grote Eetkamer, met Kagebels en blafonnen tafel, en 7 Slap en andere Kamers, Keuken, Provisiekamers, Dispens, enz, enz.

De Buitengebouws bestaan uit een Wynketel, Koetshuis, Stallung voor 10 Paarden, Knachtkamers, enz, enz.

Het Woonhuis is in volkomen staat van reparatie en geschikt om dadelijk door een respectabel huusgezin te worden aangevuld.

ZORGVRY, slecht omrent drie mylen van de Kapstad ligging, is in het gesondste gedeelte van Zee-punt nabij het Strand gelegen, en geheld en al voor den Zuid-Oosten wind beschut.

ALSMEDA,

Ls goed, bestaande in fraay Mahonyhouten Tafels, Stoelen, Sofas, Buffeten, Schoorsteen en andere Spiegels, Kledeslagen, met silver Beslag, Ledekanten, Waschtafels, Lampen, pleint en koperen Kandelaren, Converturen, fraay Tafel, Ontbijt en Thee Servissen, fraai geslepen Glaswerk, bestaande uit Kastren, Bier-, wyn en Champagne- en Vin-glazen, enz, enz.

Aarlewerk en de allerbeste koperen en tinnen Keukengedesschappen, twee uitmuntende Geweren, enne Buka, Venetian Blinds, enz, enz, omtrent 3,000 lood Zilver, Konings en andere patronen.

Een Plauer-wagen, een Buoy, een Schotsche Kar, drie uitmuntende Paarden, Tuigen, enz enz, en zoodanige andere artikelen als ten tijde der Verkoopung zullen worden opevrifd.

Het Eigendom zal twee dagen voor de verkoopung te zien hyd.

R. J. VAN DER RIET, Test Executore.

De Heer J. G. STEYLER, Gz, Vendu-Afslager.

PUBLIEKE VERKOOPING AAN VOGELGEZANG,

Omtrent een half uur rydens van Malmesbury.

DE Heeren ARCHIBALD & HANNAH, han Venootschap onthouden behoudende, hebben dien tengerolle den Ondergeteekende als hunnen Agent last gegeven het geheel huner Have per publike Velling te verkopen.

Op Maandag, den 6 January 1845,

TEN 10 URE PRECIES,

Bestaande in 80 Koeijen en Vaassen van Vaderschaps raa, 2 paard Pinegaarden, 4 Trekpaarden, Rijpaarden van 2 jaren oud, 14 Merries, 8 Veulens van 1 jaer oud, 1 Koornnyt, en een grote hoeveelheid Garst, Haver, Rog, enz, enz.

HEEN FRAAYE DORSCH EN MAALMOLFEN,

3 Schotsche Karren, Wagons, 3 Schotsche Ploegen, 2 Hollandsche dito, 2 paard Eieren, Tuigen, Melkerygedesschappen, en wat verderen dage der Verkoopung zal worden aangeboden.

J. G. STEYLER, Gz, Vendu-Afslager.

VERKOOPING.

In den Insolventen Boedel van FRANS JOHANNES THUYNSMA.

OP VRYDAG, den 17 January aansta, zal eenne Publike Verkoopung te D'Urban woon gebouweden, van het

LOSSOED,

tot den Roedel behorende, — bestaande in Ossen, Wagons, Karren, enz, en Meubelen Goederen van alle soorten.

J. G. STEYLER, Gz, Eeneig Curator.

PUBLIEKE VERKOOPING.

In den Insolventen Boedel van JOHN ALLISON, van de Afseeling van Stellenbosch, Hoedenmaker.

OP DINGSDAG,

Den 14 January 1845, ten 10 ure,

EULLEN PER PUBLIEKE VENDUTIE,

Stellig aan den Hoogsten Bieder worden verhocht,

MET LIBERAAL STRYKCEL.

ZEEPLAATS genaamd THE COTTAGE, groot 62 morgen, 393 kwadraat roeden, Eigendom en 100 morgen en 23 kwadraat roeden altoosdragend Erf-pachtland, gelegen in de Afseeling Stellenbosch, ontrent 10 minuten te paard van den stad Stellenbosch, beplant met omtrent 33,000 Winstuiken, en omtrent 200 Fruchtboomen van alle soorten, en voorzien van eenen Stroom-waters, en eenen veel opbrengenden Moestuin hebbende.

De Gebouws bestaan uit een groot Woonhuis onder Dak, hebbende zeven Kamers, twe Dispensen en Keuken, onder Brandzolder.

De Buitengebouws bestaan uit Stalling, Wagenhuis, Stokerij, en Gebouw, tot eenen Hoeden Fabriek gebezigt, Gros-Smids Winkel, enz.

Almede het LOSSOED en VEE tot borenghem. Boedel behoorende, bestaande in: 12 Ossen, omtrent 40 Merino Lammen, 1 Rypaard en 6 Bokken, een verdekte Paarden-wagen, Jukken, Rijmen, en Stroppen voor 12 Ossen, Tafels, Stoelen, Spiegels, Ledekanten, Kieferkasten, Waschtafels, een Zadel en Toorn, een salabedloop Gewer, Porcelyn, en Keukengedesschappen, enz.

2 Brandwijnketsels, 3 Leggers, 1 Gest Baas, 1 vat Azy, 4 Loofjes, Balles, wat Loofjers Gereedschappen, 1 Draaibank en wat Gereedschap; Almede enige Hoeden, Zimmermanns en Hoedenmakers Gedesschappen, benevens twaalf vruchten Mast.

Velkondities zyn te verneiden ten Kantore van den Mies-ter by de Ondergeteekenden.

J. G. STEYLER, Gz, Gen. H. J. P. LE SUEUR, Curatore.

Uitgegeven te No. 99, Worcester, Kaapstad, elken Dingsdag en Vrydag Ochtend en met de eerstvolgende post naer de Buiten-Districten verzonken.

Termen: In de stad per jaer Rds. 22; per kwartaal Rds. 5; 4.—In de Buiten-Districten voor de twee nammers in derzelver geheld Rds. 28 per jaer; per kwartaal Rds. 7; doch waar al de stoffe van de Dingdag Courant (in eenen taal) by weye van Supplement tot de Vrydag Courant wordt begeerd, Rds. 22 per jaer of Rds. 5; 4, per kwartaal.



Published at No. 99, Worcester, Cape Town, every Tuesday and Friday Morning, and dispatched to the Country Districts by the first evening post.

Termen: in Town Rds. 5; per Annum; per Quarter, Rds. 5; 4.—In the Country (for the Ad/Papers) Rds. 28 per Annum; per Quarter, Rds. 7; but where the whole of the matter of Tuesday's Paper (in two taals) by way of Supplement tot de Friday's Paper, is preferred, Rds. 22 per Annum, or Rds. 5; 4; per Quarter.

ZUID-AFRIKAANSCHE MAATSCHAPPY

Administratie te Kaapverdeberg;

Leidooimuls

BY de Directie van opgemelde Maatschappij is bovenstaande som dan wel gedestem van de oede- onder door den Oudige goed te verdere sekcherheit, op Inter- est te bekijken.

J. DE WET, Sec.

Kapstad, Kerkplein, No. 5, den 20 Dec. 1844.

Aan Apothekers, Togt-gangere, en Andere.

VERKOOPING TE STELLENBOSCH.

In den Insolventen Boedel van H. P. H. DE WIT.

OP DINGSDAG MORGEN, al Decem- ber, al zonder reserve worden verkocht, de VOORRAAD MEDICYNEN, glazen Plesschen, Potes, Rakken, en andere artikelen, en nette en kompleet BUIT- EN APOTHEEK uitmakende, almede een uitgezochte voorraad.

Halleches en Hollandische Medicynen,

En eindelyk HUISMEUBLEN, bestaande in Tafels, pardehaen Sofas, Stoelen, Kabinetten, Sofas-tafel, Lede- kanen, Porcelyn, Keukengedesschapp, enz enz.

De koopcondities zullen zeer voordeel worden gemaakt, en een lang streef zal worden verleid op alle koopen beroerd.

Op De Verkoopdag zal te 10 A.M. een aanvang nemen: C. P. LINDBERG, Afslager.

Berigt aan Creditoren en Debiteuren.

ALLEN die genige vorderingen hebben, van welken aard ook, tegen den Boedel van wijlen Jacobus MARAK, Philia, worden by den verzocht daervan binnen drie maanden van begin tot eind opgaf te doen by den Ondergeteekende tot zynne Plaats, aan de Piquetberg, terwyd diengen welke aan voorraad, Boedel iets verschuldigd zyn aangehaald worden haue, schullen diuen gemeld tyd aldaer te komen vereffende.

J. J. HANEROM, Test. Executore, Malmesbury, 1 Dec. 1844.

PUBLIEKE VERKOOPING.

OP DINGSDAG,

Den 7den dag, der Maand January 1845.

ZAL de Ondergeteekende, als de Testamentaire Executore des Boedels van wijlen JACOBUS MARAK, Paul zoon, op den Dorp Piquetberg, publick dijen verkopen, al de tot voordeel Boedel behorende VASTEN en LOSSE GOED- REI, bestaande in:

Zeker HUIS en BRF, genaert No. 7, gelogen in het beste gedeelte van het Dorp, tot het dry-en was allief Nijmegen. Den huis bevat 3 ruime Kamers, en Voorhuis, Gaanderij, Dispens en Keuken; almede twee Bultengebouws daar- onder, en bevattende Buitenkamer, Wagenhuis en Stal, thans in de Kolonie in aanwezen.

Voorlangs een tent en een open Kar, 3 Paarden, 9 Aanteel- beesten, 1 Paard Achtertuiged, de

HUISRAD, bestaande in Kasten, Kisten, Tafels, Stoelen, Ledekanten met vreden Bedden, Kastels, Glas- en Aardewerk, Keukengedesschapp, en 40 andere nuttige din- gen meer, te wel om afzonderlyk te worden bekend gesteld.

Voortzonder bezoeken, betrekkelijk het Vastgoed, vervoegde men zich by J. J. HANEROM, Test. Executore.

Malmesbury, 1 December 1844.

De Heer J. W. MOORRIES, Vendu-Administrator.

UITGEBREIDE VERKOOPING

VAN

Schapen, Paarden, Hoornves, Wa- gens, enz. enz.

IN HET DISTRIKT SWELLENDAM.

DE Ondergeteekende zyne Plaats 'Ziekenhuis' nabij het Dorp Caledon verkocht hebbende, zal aldaer een Publike Verkoopung houden.

OP MAANDAG,

DEN 20sten JANUARY 1845,

van het gehele zyne kostbare en gedegeteide Hare, be- stande in:

2500 extra Merino Schapen, 1000 Vette Hamels,

30 Paarden,

8 fraye jonge Hengsten, 2 en 3 jaren oud, 2 paren waarvan evenaals,

41 stuks extra Hoornvee, (Bastard Vaderslandsch),

80 Bokken,

5 Varkens,

150 mudden Koorn,

150 do. Haver,

100 do. Garst,

50 do. Rog,

5 do. Erwten,

4 Wagons en 1 Kar,

1 Snidswinkel compleet,

1 Waarmachine,

1 Rosmolen en 2 Paarden,

1 Eeggen, Eggen en Landbouwgedesschapp, van alle soorten.

Almede Huismeubelen in grote verscheidenheid, bestaande in prachtige Tafels, Stoelen, S.A.S. Belden, Ledekanten, Kasten, enz, enz., Porcelyn, Glaswerk, en wélhuisde Oord in goede conditie, en andue Artikelen te veel om te melden.

J. C. R. OTTO.

Als alz dat Zonder Reserfe verkocht en verleid worden van 12 maanden verleid worden aan personen die voor 1000 Ris. en daardoor koopen, hijs gen-gezame sekcherheit stellen.

* Ververschingen zullen gegeven worden.

Ziekenhuis, 16 Dec. 1844.

niet bestemd
valen wordt,
dig om tot
oosten magt,
als zynde
nakende van
vers, zal hi
gevoerd voort
gewapende

tot oorlog is
De zede
leghame

Het gewoon
Hetzelis is
beroofd ge-
gezelagen ge-
actieuse uit-
sene waara-
donia.

den voort-

de middelen,

de consti-

makende—

in de tegen-

aan het

en nog ver-

moet er by

syn om het

ke aanvraag

Uitvoerend

de toe-

voorziening te

haarheid van

ech-

ering te be-

organisatie, in

het branden

en deszelfs

orden. Het

strijd worden

lien de wet,

toeroekend

ing. Het is

Rath van

indien by

gekosteels

bos hem te

te Gouver-

worden ver-

laat de

haar regten;

de Queen's

at hem, de

den eischer,

in de eene

men dan ook

de andere

VER DE

Ierland sic

ndt—

over de uit-

deze geheur-

het onno-

gerigen weke

uren home

en in slaap

zegging van

is J. Russell,

moedelykheid

de moe-

stand syn

reeds als de To-

stelling, welke

gewest

hardly to pro-

vide natent te

zy, dan is het

an swaer-

neiden sida-

re daarteling

onafhankelik

van de kie-

naapbeginselen

van het

Robert Peel,

inden by

schayt twa-

alles zode

dit, die het

ting des Par-

on opzogen

nummer in syn

de vruchteloos

ing met een

hunne staat-

ve veel gro-

est moglyk

ma by sal

te trezen-

ende verlaten

en coup d'etat

elke in onse

te maken than

en denselfden

redener-

O'Connell zal

eren, dan de

Indien

riolen wor-

hem open,

zullen 20 000

hunne knieën

voor de ry-

nt in met

snoot geno-

—

zegt het,

ling streken

des Israëli-

ng. Näm-

anagen. Eens

ebben in syne

ons lands;—

vers en over-

hebben nij-

regtmaigr

syn vrucht-

heid gaande

wee bren-

deringen van

gevolgd, en

toetoonen van

de ten too-

zielen krygen

ky kunnen tot

De eerste

door O'Con-

nel, sal by zich

ontreden hem

het werk ter

mat en pant-

zaam syn ter-

ft voorgehou-

AGENTS

FOR THIS PAPER IN THE COUNTRY DISTRICTS.—
Beaufort, Mr. A. P. Merig, Caledon, Mr. J. J. Tamm, Clan-William, Mr. H. J. Lind, Colesberg, Mr. James Waller, George, Mr. A. H. Nejorth, Graaff-Reinet, Mr. D. Finch, Malmsbury, Mr. J. D. A. Franch, Paar, Mr. J. D. Haug, Port Natal, Mr. B. Poerntman, Somerset, Mr. C. Moller, Stellenbosch, Mr. P. Korsten, Swellendam, Mr. John Barry, Tulbagh, Mr. H. F. de Lapey Vo, Tygerberg, Mr. P. Uys, Uitenhage, Mr. J. Brem, Wellington, Mr. J. Addy, Worcester, Mr. J. Merig.

THE ZUID-AFRIKAAN.

CAPE TOWN, DECEMBER 27, 1844.

THE proposed Stamp Act, which, whether it passes the Council or not, will ever remain memorable in the annals of our Colonial History,—is still the exciting subject of discussion amongst the public.

A common Council Meeting of the Cape Town Municipality has been convened for the 6th of January—(that late day having been fixed on account of the intervening Christmas and New Years Days)—for the purpose of taking that diabolical measure into consideration, and petitioning the Legislative Council thereon. A meeting of the Shareholders of the Protecute Fire and Life Assurance has also been called, and a public meeting in the Commercial Exchange is also being convened.

What must all this end in? Every Statesman ought to know, that no measure has ever been more execrated in every Country than a similar Stamp Act, and why the attempt to foster upon this hapless Colony, so monstrous a Tax? Where is the public calamity, where the great exigency of State, which requires the *pound of flesh* of its subjects? Has the Colony any great or National Debt to pay, which might perhaps justify a call in aid of its last resource? No, our finances have been represented by our present Government in a flourishing State; other resources have been pointed out for the discharge of our debt to the Mother Country, and a Surplus of £20,000 of Revenue over the Expenditure has been shown. For what purpose then is this Stamp Act required?

The only reason stated, that we are aware of, is for the purpose of reducing the duty on transfer. But can that justify a measure, which McCULLOCKS (in as far as the Stamp Act applies to the Insurance Companies) describes as a "tax on prudence, or on the endeavour to guarantee the safety of property at sea or against fire," and as one which "is altogether wrong in principle?"

Mr. Ross has already notified in the Legislative Council, his intention of opposing this monster in his further ravages, and we trust he will find the concurrence of all the Unofficial Members, in that proud work.

Should however, by the majority of the Officials, the Act be adopted by the Council, we trust the Unofficials will at least add a certain Stamp which by some oversight has been omitted, viz.: a Stamp for committing public robberies. The thieves who on Monday night, at bright moonlight, broke open a couple of stores, and amongst other articles carried away a large chest with papers, may then, by taking out a Stamp, repeat these outrages without risk of being taken by our very active Police, to whom they will only have to shew the Stamp, for the purpose of being allowed to pass unchallenged or unchecked.

What glorious days will we then begin to live in? We will all become the Spartans of old, offering the palm of victory, and erecting statues to him who can best manage to pick the pockets of the public, or who can find the most plausible excuse for robbing their gold.

But to return to the Stamp Act. Its second reading is fixed for the 20th January next. There is therefore time enough for the people to meet, and we hope that it will be beneficially employed, in petitioning the Council against it. Never was there a measure so generally abhorred, than the proposed Stamp Act.

NATAL.—THE EMIGRANT FARMERS.

(From the *Natalier* of the 29th November.)

The accounts which we have lately received from the other side of the Drakenberg, are of a conflicting nature; one states that very many of the Emigrants there have determined, immediately after the close of the summer, to proceed further into the interior in the direction of Sofala or Delagoa, whither they will be continually followed by those remaining backward;—the other, on the contrary, states, that a difference in that respect already exists, and that by far the most have wisely resolved to remain where they are, until there be a brighter prospect, not having as yet forgotten the disastrous consequences of their original exigration;—whilst a third tells us that not a few have firmly resolved not to "trek," and even contemplate the building of a Church in the Village called Windburg. Whether these reports be true or false, we merely wish to remind the Emigrants of the proverb, "rashness may cause repentance," and advise them,—as nothing drives them on, and will not perhaps for some time to come drive them on,—to ponder well upon the expenses, before they resolve upon executing the plan of a new exigration. Be not deceived by any one, but let each consider for himself what course to adopt. The monster which you fear, conducts himself as yet, perhaps, like an old lazy Lion, which will not even get up unless you offend him. Those who "trek," we advise not to forget their Bible, as the Portuguese do not read it, and have none for sale.

FRANCE AND THE REPUBLIC OF NICARAGUA.

We find the following in the *Siecle*:

"It is well known that there are at this moment at Paris from the republic of Nicaragua, who have officially proposed to M. Guizot to place that state under the protection of France. A proposal of this nature should admit of no hesitation on the part of the French Government. After having accepted the overtures of Queen Polmar to seize upon an insignificant point in the Archipelago of the South Seas, he cannot refuse an appeal made to France by a nation placed on the American continent at the entrance of the

isthmus which separates, and which will, perhaps, join the two oceans. England has given us the example, by establishing herself at Belize and by taking possession of the island of Nassau, in the bay of Honduras. What England has effected without the consent, or rather against the will of the natives, France has certainly a right to do at the wish of the natives solemnly expressed. Moreover, we cannot understand how the Minister of the cordial understanding should meet with the slightest impediment from the Power to which he generously sacrificed our interests in Tahiti. M. Guizot, after such a service, ought to find Lord Aberdeen the soul of benevolence and of conciliation. The reasons we have adduced have, no doubt, prevented M. Guizot from replying by a direct and immediate refusal to the overtures made to him by the envoys from Nicaragua. He has not dared to dismiss them, for fear of engaging his responsibility, by an act which would have completely disclosed the system of fear always, and fear everywhere. But what the servant of England does not openly, he hopes to accomplish by a tortuous course, and, by gaining time. We are assured that M. Guizot signified to the envoys from Nicaragua that they should wait "Go softly," said he to them, "so they and why?" In France, then, fallen so low, that nation, who, on the faith of her ancient fair fame, come to solicit her protection become an embarrassment for her! Is a nation, which may be considered as having received from Providence a mission to initiate the world into the arts of civilization, at present to repudiate her great destiny? Is she alone to fear to defend her property or to maintain her right? Must she demand the permission of England before she can extend her arms to the east or the west? These questions which will naturally be asked when it is known what anxiety M. Guizot feels on account of the proposal made by the delegates of Nicaragua. And such is the opinion conceived of his courage, that it will be delayed to be received by him will end in a refusal."—*Times*, Sept. 27.

THE TANGIER CORRESPONDENCE.

We recollect having noticed at the time the strangely absurd fury into which some strictures that appeared in *The Times* newspaper on the conduct of the French fleet before Tangier appeared to have thrown the whole Parisian world. The wrongs of the French missionaries in the Pacific—the unheard of sufferings of the French authorities in Tahiti, at the instance of the perfidious Pritchard—all the indignities and injuries endured by France at the hands of England for the last century, grew dim and pale in presence of the terrible outrage on the honor of the French navy which these strictures contained. At first, a cry was raised that the letters, purporting to be dated from Her Majesty's ship the Warspite, in which these severe comments were conveyed, were pure fabrications, and had been manufactured in Printing-house-square. The *Times*, however, very promptly disposed of that charge, and proved to the world their genuineness and authenticity. Then, another cry was raised on the subject, charging upon the writers of the letters the most malevolent motives, and upon the journal that inserted them the most reprehensible and criminal recklessness in giving them publicity. The rage of the French press knew no bounds against the officers of the Warspite, and the most preposterous menaces were thundered forth against every party suspected of any share in the correspondence. Indeed, it was seriously stated that Lord Cowley, the British Ambassador in Paris, had been applied to by the French Government, with a view of finding out the writers of the caustic correspondence, and the rumour even ran that *The Times* had been formally called upon to give up the names of its correspondents. Had such an application been made at *The Times*-office, we can well fancy the reply it would have drawn forth from that powerful and independent journal. But it appears no such attempt was made in that quarter, the efforts at discovery having been confined to inquiries among the officers and men of the Warspite, which have already resulted in the avowal of the authorship of one of the obnoxious letters, and in the severe reprimanding of the author, we are told, by the admiral in command. There is something amazingly un-English and tyrannical in this exercise of authority on the grounds stated, for we cannot at all comprehend on what principle or in virtue of what right the admiral in command could be justified in severely reprimanding an officer of Her Majesty's navy for the honest expression of his opinion relative to the science, skill, or courage of the Prince de Joinville, or those under his authority. Surely, it will not be contended for, but that the chaplain of the Warspite (for it is he who has been reprimanded) had a perfect right to communicate his thoughts, and the results of his observations, touching the French navy, to whom he liked. Is he and every one else on board a man-of-war to be gagged and denied liberty of speech and thought on matters not connected in any way with the service? If so, we should like to know what has become of our boasted freedom? Suppose the Prince de Joinville, or any of the fierce, mustachioed fire-eaters under him, should take it into their heads to say that the Moors were white, and their country a paradise, must free-born Englishmen, who see and know the contrary to be the case, be precluded from saying so, at the peril of a severe reprimand from the Admiral in command? If that be the rule, it will be the country should be fully aware of it. If it be an unpardonable offence in the eyes of the British Admiralty to express an opinion hurtful to the pride of our over-sensitive neighbours, why, the sooner all people know that, the better,

LOUIS STEYN
IS NOW RECEIVING PER 'PARKFIELD',
LADIES' White and Black Hose,
Children's do. do. do.,
Do. White and Fancy Socks,
Ladies' and Children's Shoes, leather and lasting,
Indian Slippers,
Carpet. Do.
Gros de Naples, black and blue-black,
Satins, do. do. and white,
Ribbons, Black Silk Gloves and Hose,
Fancy Trousering, in Cloths, Cashmere and Buckskin,
Hanging Paper, Clay Pipes, &c. &c.
AND
A variety of other Articles per Late ARRIVALS.

South African Association for the Administration and Settlement of Estates.

£4,000

THE above Sum, or part thereof, may be had on Interest from the above Association, provided Security be given to the satisfaction of the Board.

J. DE WET Sec.

Cape Town, Church-square, No. 5,

20th December 1844.

PUBLIC SALE AT SEAPOINT.

In the Joint Estate of RYNO JOHANNES VAN DER RIET, and deceased Wife ENGEIA MARIA KARNSPEK.

ON THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, The 9th and 10th Jan. 1845.

THE Undersigned in his capacity as Testimentary Executor of the above Estate, will sell by Public Auction the whole of the Property belonging to the above Estate, consisting of:—

A splendid House and Garden situated at Sea Point, called

ZORGVRY,

with extensive Grounds, which will be sold in three Lots. The Dwelling House comprises Parlour, Drawing Rooms, a large Dining Room with Fire Places and Sealings in each, and seven Bed and other Rooms, Kitchen, Store Rooms, Pantry, &c.

The Out-Buildings consist of a Wine Cellar, Coach House, Stable for 10 Horses, Servants' Apartments, &c. &c.

The Dwelling House in a complete state of repair, is fit to be immediately occupied by a respectable family. The situation being only about 3 miles from Cape Town, is in the most healthy part of Sea Point near the Beach, completely sheltered from the South East Wind.

ALSO,

MOVEABLE PROPERTY, Consisting of elegant Mahogany Tables, Chairs, Sofas, Sideboards, Chimney and Looking Glasses, Wardrobes with Silver Mountings, Redstated, Washstand Stands, Lamps, Plated and Brass Candlesticks, Dish Covers, handsome Dinner, Breakfast and Tea Services, splendid cut glass Decanters, Tumblers, Wine, Champagne and Finger Glasses, &c. &c. &c.

Earthenware and of the very best Copper, and other Kitchen Utensils, two excellent Guns, a Rifle, Venetian Blinds, &c. &c. About three thousand lodd of Silver, Kings and other patterns.

A Pleasure Wagon, a Buggy, a Scotch Cart, three excellent Horses, Harness, &c. &c. and whatever may be further offered for sale.

The Property may be viewed two days prior to the Sale.
R. J. VAN DER RIET, Executor Testimentary,
Mr. J. G. STEYLER, G.s., Auctioneer.

PUBLIC SALE AT

VOGELGEZANG, About half an hours ride from Malmesbury.

MESSRS. ARCHIBALD & HANNAH,
HAVING dissolved Partnership, have in consequence thereof authorized the Undersigned as their Agent, to dispose of the whole of their Stock, by Public Auction,

ON MONDAY,

THE 6TH OF JANUARY, 1845,

AT 10 o'CLOCK PRECISELY,

consisting of 80 Cows and Calves of Fatherland breed, 40 head of Draught Cattle, 2 pair of Plough Horses, 4 Draught Horses, 2 year old Stallions, 14 Mares, 8 one year old Foals, 1 Wheat Stack and a great quantity of Barley, Oats, Rye, &c. &c. &c.

ONE BEAUTIFUL THRASHING GRINDING MILL, 3 Scotch Carts, Wagons, 3 Scotch Ploughs, 2 Dutch do., 2 pair of Harrows, Harness, Dairy Utensils, Tools, &c. and what further may be offered on the day of Sale.

J. G. STEYLER, G.s., Auctioneer.

PUBLIC SALE OF MOVEABLE AND IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.

In the Insolvent Estate of PAUL FRANCOIS ROOS, of the Paarl, Blacksmith.

ON THURSDAY, The 23d January next,

THE Undersigned will sell publicly to the highest Bidder, on the Spot, a certain

HOUSE AND PREMISES,
at the Paarl, Division Stellenbosch, being part of the Farm Opretshoorn and Olifantsrivier, in extent 1 morgen, 92 square rods, and 49 do. feet, planted with Vines and various Fruit-trees.

This Property is advantageously situated in the North part of the Paarl, and well adapted for any Business.

The Blacksmith's Trade and a Shop has been carried on in the same with good success, and it requires no further recommendation.

MOVEABLE PROPERTY,
Consisting in:—

HOUSSELD FURNITURE, as Stinkwood Chairs, Tables, Bedsteads, Feather Beds, a Wardrobe, a Chest of Drawers, Copper, Glass and Earthenware, a Silver Snuff Box, and a very good Watch, Kitchen Utensils, a Smith's Shop complete, and what further may be offered on the day of Sale.

The Conditions of Sale may be seen at the Master's Office, at the Office of the Resident Magistrate of the Paarl, and at that of the Undersigned.

G. L. STEYLER, G. son, Sole Trustee.

Cape Town, 19th Dec. 1844.

Mr. D. A. DE VILLIERS, Vendue Adm.

EQUITABLE FIRE & LIFE ASSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY

CAPITAL £25,000
IN 1,000 SHARES OF £25 EACH.

Established 1st October 1844.

For Insurance against Loss or Damage by Fire; Insurance upon Lives and Survivorship, &c.; and the Administration of Estates, &c.

REVISED RATES OF PREMIUMS.

ON FLAT ROOFS.

FIRST CLASS—1s. 6d. per £100.

SECOND CLASS—2s. per £100.

N.B. Special Insurances according to the nature of the Risks.

No charge for Policies.

REDUCTION OF FIRE PREMIUMS.

"DE PROTECTEUR" Fire & Life Assurance Company.

Established 29th September, 1839.

CAPITAL £40,000.

In 2000 Shares of £20 each, Of which is paid up and accumulated to the 31st August 1844, and invested in available Securities £18,645 1 5.

President, J. H. HOFMEYR, Esq. LL.D.

Directors: ANDS. BRINK, C. Son, Esq. K. N. VAN BREDA, Esq. Vice President, J. TRAUTER, Esq.

ABRA. BRINK, J. Son, Esq. J. G. BLANCKENBERG, Esq.

J. A. WICHT, Esq. O. J. TAUTER, Esq.

O. M. BERGH, Esq.

Auditors: J. C. GIE, M. Son, P. A. BRAND, Esq. Medical Officer, L. PAPPÉ, Esq. M.D.

Agents in the Country Districts:

Beaufort, F. A. Keuler, Esq. J. J. Tenseleur, Esq. C. M. Lied, Jr., Esq. P. G. van der Byl, Esq. George, J. Swammer, Esq. R. Southby, Esq. S. J. van der Spuy, Esq. J. W. Moorens, Esq. A. J. Becker, Esq. P. Korsten, Esq. H. M. Neff, Esq. H. L. de Lange Vos, Esq. P. G. Elmann, Esq. J. Addy, Esq. J. A. Munro, Esq.

Fire Department.

RATES OF PREMIUM PER £100.

	In which no hazardous Goods are contained.	Containing hazardous Goods.	In which hazardous Trades are carried on
1. Buildings,—Brick or Stone, with Flat Roofs.....	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 6 8
2. Buildings,—Brick or Stone, covered with Slates, Tiles or Metals.....	0 2 6	0 4 6	0 7 6
3. Buildings,—Brick or Stone, with Thatched Roofs.....	0 17 6	1 0 0	1 2 6

Licences made as formerly for substantial Brandzolders.

Special Insurances according to the nature of the risks.

N.B. Attention is requested to the fact, that provision is made in the Deed of Settlement, that after the paid up Capital shall have accumulated to £20,000, a certain fixed proportion of the net profits of this Company is to be set apart and divided among the Insurers, under certain regulations.

Rate of Life Premiums.

For assuring the Sum of One Hundred Pounds upon the Life of any healthy person, from the age of 15 to 50 years, within the limits of the Colony.

Age next Birth Day.	For One Year.	For Seven Years at an Annual Payment of	For the whole Life, at an Annual Payment of
15	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
16	0 16 6	0 18 5	1 15 11
17	0 16 7	0 19 4	1 16 10
18	0 17 2	1 0 5	1 17 8
19	0 18 1	1 1 7	1 18 7
20	0 19 1	1 2 8	1 19 2
21	1 0 0	1 3 9	2 0 7
22	1 2 0	1 4 7	2 1 0
23	1 3 1	1 5 5	2 2 10
24	1 4 2	1 6 3	2 4 1
25	1 4 11	1 6 11	2 5 4
26	1 5 7	1 7 8	2 6 9
27	1 6 4	1 8 4	2 8 8
28	1 7 1	1 8 11	2 10 1
29	1 7 10	1 9 5	2 11 3
30	1 9 5	1 10 4	2 14 1
31	1 9 8	1 10 9	2 15 7
32	1 10 1	1 11 2	2 17 0
33	1 10 5	1 11 9	2 18 8
34	1 10 10	1 12 0	3 0 5
35	1 11 2	1 14 0	3 2 4
36	1 11 6	1 15 5	3 4 3
37	1 11 11	1 16 9	3 6 4
38	1 12 4	1 18 5	3 8 7
39	1 14 4	2 0 4	3 10 10
40	1 16 11	2 2 4	3 13 9
41	1 19 3	2 3 10	3 15 5
42	2 0 1	2 5 1	3 17 10
43	2 1 7	2 6 9	4 0 3
44	2 2 11	2 8 9	4 2 9
45	2 6 0	2 11 1	4 5 5
46	2 8 0	2 13 1	4 8 6
47	2 8 11	2 15 3	4 11 7
48	2 9 10	2 17 9	4 15 2
49	2 12 10	3 0 6	4 19 2
50	2 15 10	3 4 4	5 3 7

S. DE KOCK, Senior, Secretary.

Cape Town, October 9th, 1844.

PUBLIC SALE.

ON TUESDAY, the 7th of January 1845, the

Undersigned as Testimentary Executor of the Estate of the late JACOBUS MARAIS, Paul's Son, will cause to be publicly sold at the Village of Piquetberg, all the Moveable and Immoveable Property belonging to said Estate, viz.:

A HOUSE and PREMISES marked No. 7, situated in the best part of the Village, adapted for all sorts of trade. This House has three spacious Rooms with Passage, Hall, Pantry and Kitchen, &c. also, two Outbuildings adjoining, and consisting in an Outroom, Wagonhouse and Stable.

Certain HOUSE and PREMISES marked No. 11, also very advantageously situated, and commodiously fitted up for a small family, together with an Outbuilding belonging thereto.

Also, a covered and an open Cart, 3 Horses, 9 head of Breeding Cattle, 1 set of hind Harness and Household Furniture, consisting in Wardrobes, Chests, Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads with Feather Beds, Stretchers, Glass and Earthenware, Kitchen Utensils, and several other useful articles, too numerous to particularize.

For particulars as to the Landed Property, apply to

J. J. HANEKOM, Test. Executor.

Mr. J. W. MOORENS, Vendue Administrator.

Cape Town, Sept. 2, 1844.

PUBLIC SALE.

ON FRIDAY, the 17th January next, a Public

Sale will be held at "D'URBAN," of the

MOVEABLE PROPERTY, belonging to this Estate, consisting in OXEN, WAGONS, CARTS, &c. and HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE of every description.