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STELLENBOSCH MUNICIPALITY

SPECIAL MEETING OF SDF DEVELOPMENT WORKING COMMITTEE (DWC): 1994-01-19

Notice is hereby given of the above meeting to be held in the Council Chambers, Town Hall Complex, Plein Street, Stellenbosch on WEDNESDAY, 1994-01-19 at 19:30 to consider the matters on the agenda below.

SECRETARY

1994-01-03

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

2. MINUTES OF THE SPECIAL DWC MEETING HELD ON 1993-12-15

The above minutes are attached as PAGES 2 - 9.

A copy of the circular sent to the various organisations concerned is attached as PAGES 10 - 11.

FOR CONSIDERATION.

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dwc19a94/cr

MINUTES OF A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE SDF DEVELOPMENT WORKING COMMITTEE HELD IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBERS, TOWN HALL, PLEIN STREET, STELLENBOSCH ON WEDNES-DAY, 1993-12-15 AT 19:30

PRESENT:

Facilitators

: V Honey (Chairperson)

Members:

Stellenbosch Municipality

: (Me) H Neethling (Adviser) DJ Hattingh (Adviser)

CTB Davy (Secretary)

Stellenbosch Ratepayers Association

BJP Pienaar FH Stephens

SHAC

: P Louw HC de Klerk

•

Observer Members:

Stellenbosch Chamber of Business
Stellenbosch Relations Committee

L Silberbauer

: (Me) M Gabriels

Other observers:

Medical Research Council

: AJS Benadé

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

RESOLVED

that leave of absence be granted to N Flaaten (National Party), MC Carinus and WJ Bekker (Stellenbosch Sakekamer) and J Cawood, EPS Taljaard and SW Oliphant (Stellenbosch Municipality).

2. MEDICAL RESEARCH COUNCIL: COMMUNITY HEALTH SERVICES

A copy of a letter dated 1993-12-07 received from Dr JA Kriek is attached as PAGES 4 - 9.

FOR CONSIDERATION.

The meeting was informed of a house-to-house assessment that was made of the nutritional status of children younger than six years in Cloetesville and Kaya Mandi by the Medical Research Council. This assessment has shown an increasing prevalence of undernutrition with age during the first two years in both townships.

Statistics have also shown that the low birth weight rate is nearly three times higher in Cloetesville (18 %) than in Kaya Mandi (7 %), which indicates that an integrated nutrition intervention and supplementation programme is of high priority.

MINUTES OF SPECIAL MEETING

SDF DEVELOPMENT WORKING COMMITTEE

: 1993-12-15

The proposed urban nutrition workshop scheduled for 1994-01-31 to 1994-02-11 can unfortunately not be scheduled to a later date due to the fact that two overseas experts on the matter will be in South Africa at that time.

AGREED

- a) that a follow-up Special DWC meeting be held on 1994-01-19; and
- (b) that representatives from the schools, medical profession, clinics and other community organisations concerned, also be invited to the meeting.

The meeting was adjourned at 21:15.

CONFIRMED.

CHAIRPERSON

dwc15l93/cr



MEDIESE NAVORSINGSRAAD

Francie van Zijirylaan, Parowvallei, Kaap ☑ 19070 Tygerberg 7505, Suid-Afrika ☎ (021) 938-0911 • Faks (021) 938-0321

7 Desember 1993

Mar Victor Honey P/a Kunsdepartement STELLENBOSCH 7600

Faks: 021-8084336

Geagte mmr Honey

Baie dankie vir die geleentheid om die voorgenome werkswinkel vanaf 31 Januarie tot 11 Februarie 1994 aan die Ontwikkelingskomitee bekend te stel.

Soos aan u verduidelik, sal die eerste week van die werkswinkel hier by die MNR die opleiding van fassiliteerders behels, terwyl die tweede week 'n werkswinkel in Steilenbosch, self sal wees.

Aangesien die werkswinkel van 'n multidissiplinêre vlak van verteenwoordiging afhanklik is, en die aangewese persone vir 'n volle week die werkswinkel sal moet bywoon, is dit ons wens om so spoedig moontlik die inligting aan u te verskaf sodat die nodige aanwysing van persone en die nodige reëlings betwel getref sal kan word.

Die werkswinkel is nie bloot 'n gesels nie, maar 'n aktiewe proses van deelname aan dié konstruksie van 'n protokol vir die gemeenskap. Hierdie protokol kan dan ook vir dié aansoek om fondse op internasionale vlak aangewend word.

Ons hoor graag van u oor die reëlings betreffende die Ontwikkelingskomitee se volgende vereadering.

Groete

DR J A KRIEK PROJEK KOÖRDINEERDER

JAK/kb

MASIONALE HAVORSINGSPROGRAM VIR VOEDINGSINTERVEHSIE VAN DIE MEDIESE HAVORSINGSRAAD

Foreword

Much attention has been pold in the post to rural poverty and molnutrillan. Many successful interventions in different parts of the world have led to a worldwide reduction in the child mortality and mainutrillan rates, although mainutrillan is still previously in rural parts of the world. However, a new challenge has appeared: the alleviation of whom poverty and motinutrition.

The dramatic demographic explosion in oilles of many countries has increased the number of marginalized population groups which live under unacceptable conditions not only in the developing part of the walld but also in the so called developed countries. The consequence of the contradiction of poverty and mainutrition side by side with abundance and overnutrition is more and more social traison in these socialies.

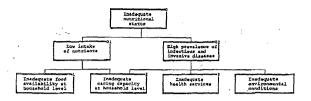
Prompt action is needed if the rising tide of problems is to be stemmed. However, the development of solutions is even more difficult in urban great than in rural great due to the

- greater heterogeneity of problems,
- higher physical density of the different problems.
- tapid change of environment and culture
- Inexpetience with successful solutions and management of problems.

Whereas in the rural environment a "magic intervention", such as the GOBI FFF, can be used to alleviate nutritional and poverty problems, based on current knowledge, it appears that the urban siluration is too complex for developing comparable urban intervention. Therefore, we propose a "magic methodology" that will fallor interventions to alleviate poverty and nutritional problems in a specific city.

As shown in figure 1, the nutritional situation of individuals or communities is determined by several factors such as food availability, and/or capacity of the family to care for its nutritional and health needs, and/or access to health services and/or accessing to a case to resources which are necessary to salisfy basic needs and maintain an adequate nutritional status manifests the phenotype of poverfy. Sustainable improvement in the nutritional situation and allevialton of poverfy can only be expected if the main problems are identified and appropriate interventions are implemented. However, since the nature, magnitude, and causes of nutritional problems and the fist groups in the urban read differ from those in the rural, successful interventions in rural creace cannot be transferred simpstically to the urban setting. Rather, unban Intervention needs to address specific urban characteristics which call for an interdisciplinary approach for solving the problems of maturitifican and poverty. Solutions can only be expected.

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6.

The following guidelines describe a learning experience in which different representatives of scelety come together to share their experies, ask several urgent questions and develop shme answers. This learning experience should be only the beginning of a longer process in which those and more people are involved and included with more and more experiences.

UNAW is the acronym of the words

Urban Nutrition Action Warkshop

- UNAW is a process of learning. It is a set of procedures and instruments.
- UNAW consists of the following synergistic elements:
 - Participation as a framework for studying interdisciplinary nutritional problems in urban areas by all involved groups;

7.

- Visualization which means that all written and oral contributions are documented during and after the workshop in order to guarantee a transparent process.
- facilitation of the communication process during the whole workshop so that the expected objectives can be reached



UNAW has a few, simple underlying principles which have to be respected by all participants and which are necessary preconditions for the success of the workshop. These include

- The complexity of the urban area calls for an interdisciplinary approach of assessment analysis, planning intervention and monitoring.
- → Research and Intervention need to be permanently interrelated.
- The nature of the nutriflonal stuation and its underlying causes do not exist in isolation, but are intimately linked with individuals, groups and organizations. Therefore a comprehensive picture of and risight into the opinion of individuals, groups and institutions is part of the reality.
- The quality of the production of an interdisciplinary team is higher than the sum
 of individual contributions.
- All opinions presented in the workshop are equally valuable and important.
- All participants accept the methodology of UNAW so that the <u>outcome</u> of the workshop can be
 - documented and disseminated to other interested individuals, groups and organizations which were not able to attend the workshop,
 - disseminated to other towns and cities.

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Example of a leaflet announcing an UNAW

Urban Nutrition Workshop

organized by

Institution(s) or organization(s)

under the auspices of

institution(s) or organization(s)

Place:

Date:

Objective: The objective of the workshop is to initiate new, appropriate nutritional projects

and programs through research and intervention of our city.

Workshop structure: The workshop consists of three parts:

- First, an interdisciplinary state-of-the-art diagnosis and analysis of the nutritional situation in the city is carried out by the participants.
- Second, several protocols of research and intervention projects are elaborated in working groups.
- Finally, the participants agree to future joint initiatives.

Participants: The workshop is directed to all interested individuals, representatives of groups and organizations at the municipal level which are involved with the nutritional situation of the city. The workshop is directed to scientists and professionals not only those in the fields of nutrition or public health but also experts in other fields such as urban planners, economists, ecologists, sociologists, social workers, etc. In addition, the workshop includes representatives of as many different urdan communities as possible.

The workshop is carried out with a mixture of plenary sessions, working groups, and individual exchange of opinions.

In general, the state-or-the-art plenary lectures are presented by selected keynote speakers who give an overview of the city situation related to specific topics and by posters which are presented by the participants. However, any other innovative form which helps to inform participants and catalyzes discussion about the city situation shall be utilized. For example, posters brought by the participants will be exhibited. Video films and slide presentations could be shown in the evening or during break times. In case that you want to present a paster, show a film, exhibited reading materials, please note it on the slip of registration.

14:15

Please send the slip to:

Address of the organizers Tel of the organizers Ref: 3/2/4/2/3/4

1993-12-20

CIRCULAR TO: MEMBERS OF THE STELLENBOSCH DISCUSSION FORUM (SDF)

SCHOOLS
UNIVERSITY OF STELLENBOSCH
TECHNICAL COLLEGE
CHILD AND FAMILY WELFARE
STELLENBOSCH HOSPITAL
CLINICS
MEDICAL PROFESSION
EIKESTADNOUS

MEDICAL RESEARCH COUNCIL (MRC): NUTRITION INTERVENTION PROGRAMME

The Medical Research Council (MRC) has a number of projects through which they use their expertise, especially that of research, to address issues relating to community health.

One of these projects relate to the nutrition needs of communities and in particular those of disadvantaged communities.

They wish to implement such a programme -

A NUTRITION INTERVENTION PROGRAMME FOR PREGNANT WOMEN AND PRE-SCHOOL CHILDREN RESIDING IN CLOETESVILLE AND KAYA MANDI -

here in Stellenbosch.

The success of any such project depends on the most comprehensive and representative community involvement possible. Because of this Dr Kriek, who is the project co-ordinator, made contact with the Stellenbosch Discussion Forum (SDF). The SDF is seen as probably the most representative forum at present in Stellenbosch comprising of statutory bodies and community based organisations.

Because of the need to have maximum benefit from two visiting researchers from overseas who will be in South Africa in January and February 1994, there was no time to put the issue on the agenda of the SDF in the correct way and, as Chairperson, I took the liberty of calling a special meeting of the Development Working Committee so as to suggest a way forward.

Those present felt that this was an issue that the SDF would wish to support and have suggested calling a meeting of all groups involved with the SDF, as well as schools, clinics, the organised Stellenbosch medical practitioners, church groups and local companies who are running clinics for their staff.

There is a need for those who are directly involved with health services to be informed and become involved; as well as a need for developing a broad community support system.

Because of the circumstances which have given rise to a socio-economical environment which has had such a devastating effect on our community, we would like to call for the co-operation of all those interested in making some sort of meaningful contribution to a healthy Stellenbosch community.

It would be incorrect to believe that this is a Kaya Mandi, Idas Valley of Cloetesville problem. It is a Stellenbosch problem that equally affects those in the central business district, the homes in Brandwacht and Paradyskloof and the surrounding industries.

We appeal to you to send at least one representative to the meeting on 1994-01-19 at 19:30 in the Council Chambers, Town Hall Complex, Plein Street, Stellenbosch when the MRC will be able to put their proposals to the community.

SUPPORT FOR THE PROJECT MAY INVOLVE NO MORE THAN TAKING NOTE OF IT; OR GIVING IT YOUR MORAL SUPPORT; OR COMMUNICATING A MESSAGE; OR ENCOURAGING AND ALLOWING STAFF TO ATTEND A MEETING OR A COURSE.

What is important is that it is not seen as an intervention solely from outside but as a community supported healing from within.

Victor Honey CHAIRPERSON: SDF

circ/cr