





# THE ZUID-AFRIKAAN.

Cape Town, November 21, 1859.

By the latest intelligence from the Netherlands that kingdom is in a thriving condition. In a financial point of view we venture to assert that no other country of Europe is better off. The estimated expenditure for the year 1860 is set down at 73,382,352 guilders, and the present year will close with a surplus of 20 millions and a half. It is also stated that in the last ten years the national debt has been reduced by one hundred and twenty two millions and a half. In accordance with these particulars the speech from the throne contains this encouraging statement: "The finances are in such condition as will warrant undertaking public works on a large scale." Among the works in contemplation, are a northern and a southern line of railway. The same contentions and jealousies about the direction of those lines occur in Holland, that we have witnessed here on a small scale. Government wishes the line to begin at Rotterdam, and at this Amsterdam is very indignant, and its municipal council has made very strong representations on the subject to the second chamber. Another important work resolved upon is cutting a canal through the narrowest part of Holland westward from Amsterdam, thus opening a communication directly with the North Sea and avoiding the long circuit by the Zuiderzee. This work is to be completed in seven years at an expense of 15 millions of guilders. It seems that Government has of late years interfered with municipal taxation in a manner which has given great dissatisfaction. The Thorbecke ministry has established a uniform rule of taxation for municipal purposes, which ties down the council of Amsterdam as well as the local authorities of the most insignificant town in the kingdom. This levelling measure is stoutly resented by the patriots of Amsterdam who can ill brook such interference. Accordingly when the minister of the interior begged to be informed how much of the estimated expenditure of the above mentioned canal Amsterdam was willing to pay, the Council answered they were not in a position to answer that question; but as soon as government saw fit to alter the present system of taxation, so as to give Amsterdam increased facilities for raising money, they would consider how much Amsterdam could afford to contribute for its share. Four screw steamers are on their way to Java to assist in extinguishing the rebellion, which had been partially subdued before. The *Estatete*, Captain Krietveld, with about thirty or forty families of emigrants for Natal and the Free State, had left on the 8th of September last. Two more vessels with emigrants were about to leave. In the obituary of September we notice Professor van Assen, aged seventy-two. Many of our readers must remember him as a man equally distinguished for his abilities as Professor of jurisprudence and for a degree of urbanity not often to be met with in men of studious habits. We shall not apologize to our readers for having devoted a whole leading article, which is but a short one after all, to news from Holland. The ties that bind us to the land of our ancestors acquire a greater degree of tenacity in proportion as they are rudely handled. Such an attachment, far from being incompatible with our loyalty as British subjects, will give it additional value in the estimation of all that have learned to see, that those who think lightly of old connections, seldom enter with much warmth of feeling upon new ones.

**SEQUESTRATION.**—The estate of M. Wahl—First and second meetings at the Master's Office, 23d and 30th Nov.—J. P. de Wet (Ceres), do., at the Magistrate's Office, Tulbagh, 9th and 16th Dec.

**INTESTATE ESTATE.**—A meeting of the next of kin and creditors will be held in the estate of C. F. Erasmus and surviving husband H. J. M. Oelofse. At the Magistrate's Office, Uitenhage 27th Dec.

**THE RAILWAY.**—The works are rapidly progressing upwards of 250 labourers being now employed on the line. It is said that four locomotives are expected to arrive in January next, and will be named respectively: Sir George Grey, *Zuid Afrikaan*, Cape Town and Wellington.

**DR. DALE.**—The office of Superintendent General of Education has been accepted by Dr. Dale. In consequence of this, the Rev. Mr. Cameron succeeds him as professor of Classics at the S. A. College, whilst professor Noble takes the department of English literature.

A handsome silver inkstand was lately presented to Mr. Noble, by his pupils, as a token of regard and esteem. It bears a suitable inscription.

**TESTIMONIAL TO MR. C. BEVERS.**—This testimonial, consisting of a splendid silver candelabrum, weighing 125 ounces, will be presented to Mr. Bevers at the ensuing agricultural dinner at Caledon. It is now on view at the Library.

**CAPE WINES.**—The wine circular received per last mail gives the following as the ruling prices: red, £22, £20 to £23 for best brands; white, £14, £14 10 to £15 for superior descriptions.

**RICHMOND.**—Nov. 12.—Rain continues to be the order of the day; for many years we have not had such continuous rains.

As stated in my last, the day of thanksgiving by the Rev. Mr. Barrange was held on the 6th Nov. Seldom have I witnessed such a large muster of country people; so that trade was particularly brisk.

The election of members for the Divisional Council went off very quietly, and the six gentlemen returned are in particular favor with the public here.

The consistory at this place has at length provided in a long standing want, namely by placing a clock in the Church tower; it is a fine and neat piece of work, alike creditable to maker and consistory.

The old government offices have been disapproved of for an hospital, being in the opinion of many too near the dwelling houses.

At the last meeting of Municipal Commissioners it was resolved to construct another building, abou-

a mile from the town, on the road to Graaff Reinet, which, according to estimate, will cost about £100.

The Lt. Governor has kindly sent us by last post all the acts passed by Parliament in 1858, together with the proceedings and questions of committees, as present to the public library here. Neatly bound they make no small show on our table. This can be really called progress and improvement.—*Correspondent.*

## Original Correspondence.

17 November, 1859.

Sir.—I have read with considerable degree of interest the letter of "No Partisan," which appeared in your last Thursday's impression in English. I have just been favored with a copy of *Het Volkblad* issued this day, in which a communication is inserted in Dutch signed "Anglo-Afrikaan," purporting to be a reply to "No Partisan." Not being able to understand sufficiently the high Dutch, you will confer a gr. at favor on myself, and many of your readers by translating the same into English. If *Het Volkblad* would adopt the course pursued by you to give the letters between the parties in both languages, there would be no necessity for troubling you "Anglo Afrikaan" is evidently advocating our cause (viz English preaching) and why does he not write in a language so that we can comprehend him?

A MEMBER IN FAVOR OF ENGLISH PREACHING. [The writer must excuse us for not complying with his request.]

## SEVERE GALES AT FRENCHHOEK.

Frenchhoek, Nov. 18, 1859.

Ma. EDROU.—Severe gales prevailed here on Monday and Tuesday, the 14th and 15th instant, occasioning much damage to orchards, &c. It was accompanied by heavy rains, which continued without intermission for two days. The rivers consequently rose to an unprecedented height, as also the Berg River. Old people do not remember ever to have seen the like. On Monday 22 wine wagons stood on the outspanning at Sir George Grey's Bridge, but could not proceed on their journey in consequence of the severity of the weather. No fear was entertained that the bridge would give way, though by the continuance of the rain and the rising of the river one of the pillars was damaged. Still after the storm had abated no one would venture to cross the bridge with a heavily laden wagon. Matters were soon however mended. The inhabitants of this place put their shoulders to the wheel, and despite the strong weather succeeded in so far repairing the damage, that most of the parties crossed the bridge on Thursday and others the day following. So you see that our bridge braved the extraordinary mass of water, and that the communication was not interrupted. We hope that it will soon be in perfect state of repair.

Our minister left Villiersdorp, where he performed divine service on Sunday, on Monday, in order to be here on Tuesday to marry a couple, but he only arrived on Wednesday. He had to remain two full days in the mountains, where he certainly could not have been very comfortable. Had he gone forward it could not have been without danger to life.

Yours,

SUSCENUS.

## THE TULBAGH PRISON.

Sir.—It is intended, we have heard for certain, to build a prison at Tulbagh at an expense of £2600. The site must already have been selected by a government official, so that there can be no doubt of the fact.

Is a prison of that description necessary at Tulbagh? Is it necessary to build a prison for from 4 to 6 prisoners on an average, for £2600? If we are to house Kaffirs and Hottentots in this highly respectable manner, it will not be long before we shall be eaten up by the convicts.

£2600 to build a prison for 4 to 6 prisoners on an average! Calculate, repairs included, for buildings of that description 8 p.c. and you come to the conviction that 5 prisoners on an average require for housing alone £28; besides food and clothing. Say that a prisoner costs a shilling per day for food, it gives £18 5s per annum; add £2 15s. for clothing, &c., then he costs annually at Tulbagh £62 12s.—a monstrous expenditure for the finances of our colony, and too much for such an individual, pursuant to the mode of living and the requirements of the population of this country.

It is ridiculous—it is wasteful, to build a prison at that rate in every village like Tulbagh. Good strong gaol might be built in certain central parts of this colony and there house all prisoners of a serious description. It is unnecessary to place prisoners for light offences behind towering walls and iron bars. Those people are too well provided, better than any man in the colony, at least at Tulbagh, for according to each year's tender for provisions the prisoners are to have per diem one pound of meat without bones, an article hard to be found in the colony. Whether however the prisoners get meat without bones, we much doubt, but the tender contained that condition.

It is unnecessary as yet to go to that expense for prisons in such a small village. That money could be used more advantageously, and still prevent crime.

Twenty-five to thirty constables,—and perhaps not even that number,—guard in very fragile structures at Newkirk about 200 criminals of the worst description, and at Tulbagh you have two constables for five prisoners who would not desire to run away, and will a gaol be erected at such enormous expense?

It would be better if the government were to build schools and support them, and thus prevent crime; but if they go on neglecting education, they will some time certainly be compelled by their own neglect to erect gaols everywhere.

PHILANTHROPIST.

Winburg, 6 November, 1859.

Six,—I find that during the past month you and your contemporaries say little or nothing with regard to this country. I presume, therefore, you are literally dumb-founded at the many contradictions you find emanating from hence; allow me therefore to sit you gentlemen of the Cape Press right as regards the coming events.

First and foremost, Pretoria will obtain the majority of votes, and union with the South African Republic will assuredly take place, and I give you my reasons for coming to this conclusion. Nearly all the boers of the State are in favor of these measures, not the mere rabble, the rebels, but the best men of the country, men who not long ago spared not their blood and treasure to support the government, but who now have the conviction that the government of the Free State is rotten to the core and must be rooted out, root and branch, and now who are there to oppose this? A handful in comparison, officials, foreign adventurers seeking for office, political priests, and the shopkeepers of the several towns and villages, and what can these do against the long pent up indignation of the real burgers of the country? It is to be hoped that those who are still inclined to give their aid to support the Free State government in its wrong doing, its injustice, and its attempt to establish despotism in a free country, will well consider the odds against them and not give cause for bloodshed.

Jacobus Venter and his Doppers, the seceders from our mother church, it is said will, in the event of his not being elected, seize upon this government; this is but idle talk. Doppers are but mere boasters; the fighting men are only to be found in the districts of Winburg, Harrismith and that part of Bloemfontein stretching from Winburg to Modder River. Bloemfontein district and these latter will take up arms if necessary.

You will see by the papers that requisitions have been sent to Smyman. If his admirers wished to do this creature a real service they ought to have presented him with a "Trap der Jeugd" to enable him to spell his next address to the roads, should he be permitted to make one.

The "Friend" of the 4th inst., contains rather a pathetic appeal of one "Geras Buurman" to the lovers of Law and Order to save him, and the likes of him, from the consequences of the expected visitation. Now this is all very fine in front of the scenes, but behind we know that the lovers of Law and Order understand this appeal to be really: Oh! help me to get an office, oh! assist me to remain clad in my brief authority, oh! oh! protect me continuing my profitable contract, oh! help me from innovation upon our Lawyer's fees—but these appeals are vain, they will not have an echo; the mass of us Afrikaners have been long patient and suffering under

this government, and the insolence and oppression of our rulers, unknown men set up in high places, and the day of retribution is fast approaching. Respectfully first—afterwards more firmly, then in stronger language have we the burgers of a Free State represented our grievances to our government, and the return we have had is the proud official's scorn, and the base official's contumely; at last we have roused ourselves, and we have decreed that the government of this country shall no longer be conducted at the will of foreign adventurers, but according to the voice of the people and the law and constitution established by the people; those we are determined shall be held sacred, and we hold those who have trampled upon our constitution and broken our laws at their pleasure as guilty of high treason against the people, and any resistance now against the wish of the people shall be punished.

It is necessary for the colonial press to know all this, for the government organ, the "Friend" wishes to give to the press movement against the government, the colour of rebellion. Let me assure you, the people of the State do not contemplate rebellion or violence, they want their rights and nothing more, and to obtain these they will proceed constitutionally, at the same time they are fully prepared in the event of our rulers continuing to enact their fantastic tricks, to show them that the voice of the people is no longer to be trifled with.

CORRESPONDENT.

Last night the notorious Frederich, the wholesale cattle stealer, escaped from the Winburg prison; this is now the third prisoner escaped who were to stand trial at the next sessions.

The chief constable and a schut horse are also "non est."

## Foreign News.

THE CHINESE ACCOUNTS OF THE REPULSE AT THE PHAO.—The Chinese papers, contain curious accounts of the repulse on the Peihuo. The following memorial to the Emperor of China is from the imperial commissioner, the Mongolian Prince Saang-ko-lin-sin, who is reported to have commanded in person.

Sang-ko-lin-sin, imperial commissioner, Prince of Potolakai, of the Korchin tribe, recently presents a memorial.

He hastens to report in detail how the barbarian ships, disobeying reasonable injunctions, burst into the inner waters and commenced firing upon our soldiers, who being enraged, attacked and destroyed their vessels in a sanguinary engagement which lasted all day from two in the afternoon till ten at night, the barbarian troops having pressed right on to the very foot of the wall, where they obstinately fought without retiring.

Looking upward he says for the sacred glance thereon. He cannot bear to speak minutely of the insolent bearing of the rebellious barbarians during several days; [suffice it to say that] when your slave Hungfu had hastened to Peiping, and written to their envoy upon the subject of proceeding to a personal conference, they paid no attention to him, but reiterated their demands for the complete removal of all obstructions within a specified time.

On the night of the 24th instant they came in one of their small boats within the iron stakes, and burst assunder with shell two of the large iron chains which crossed the river, and one large cacao fibre cable, when they fell in with our guard-boat and retired.

No shot was fired at them from guns or small arms by our men, who at once proceeded to reconnect firmly the iron cables, and stretched them as before athwart the stream so as to bar the passage up.

Early on the morning of the 25th, upwards of ten barbarian steamers having taken up their position outside the iron stakes and just below the fort on the southern bank, three of them

came up to the stakes, the foremost prongs of which were closed by the agency of several swimmers, bound round with ropes, and the ends of these made fast to the stems of the vessels. Another steamer then wheeled round and dragged them up, and after an interval of more than six hours upwards of ten of the stakes were pulled away, while the vessels in position all hoisted red flags, [thus showing] a determination to commence hostilities.

To put up with this proud rebellious bearing was indeed difficult, but the reflection that the measure of pacification, which was now in the second year of process, would be utterly disregarded were the first, once opened, induced [the memorials] to submit to silence, and quietly to abide his time, thus encouraging the barbarians in their pride, and feeding the fury of our soldiers.

Just as the action was about to commence, the barbarians would not permit the letter to be handed in, and their vessels advancing like a swarm of bees, right up to the second fort upon the southern bank, bore straight down upon the iron chain twice, but being all brought up by these, they opened fire upon our batteries.

Our soldiers, however, did not permit the letter to be handed in, and at evening the firing had not ceased. More than 20 boats came alongside the bank of the Southern Fort, and the barbarians landed in a body formed outside the trench; our gingal and matchlock divisions were then brought up to oppose them, and fired several volleys.

The barbarians did not venture to cross the ditch, but threw themselves down amongst the rushes, and fired upon us from their ambush. Such sanguinary ferocity, indeed, calculated to make one's hair stand up (i.e. with rage), and to vindicate the honour of the state, and fulfil at the same time the expectations of the government, our slaves were obliged to bring forward their troops to oppose them with their utmost strength.

Your slave Hungfu, who had been stationed on the New River, as he heard the cannonade, and returned to Taku, bringing up his men as a reserve by a road at the rear. At the same time Wan Ya, the commissioner of finance, arrived afrom Painting.

Your slave has now reverently embodied in this memorial a circumstantial account of this fierce encounter of our intrepid troops with the rebellious barbarians, who disobeyed our reasonable injunctions, forwarding it at the rate of 60 li (per day).

Prostrate he entreats thereon your Majesty's sacred glance and instructions. A respectful memorial forwarded from Taku on the 20th of June, 1859.—*Eng. Times.*

The Chinese Commander-in-Chief has also favoured his master, the Emperor, with the following supplementary memorial, reporting the particulars, as they have been ascertained, of the action:—

"At dawn this morning your slaves reported the various circumstances of a sanguinary and protracted engagement with rebellious barbarians, who, in their unruly spirit, would not listen to the dictates of reason. When their troops advanced up to the southern ditch and provoked us to fight, great numbers of them fell under the volleys of our gingal and matchlock men, but upwards of a thousand concealed themselves amongst the rushes, and endeavoured to push forward along the ground. As we could not tell how far these were off our soldiers kept them back by projecting fire balls through bamboo tubes, and as these blazed up, our guns and cannon began to fire, by firing into them at point blank range, till, their skill and strength alike exhausted, they dared no longer to continue the engagement but slunk back to their ships. It was daylight before our men began to return to their ranks. The barbarian dead lay piled in heaps, there being one hundred and some tens of bodies, exclusive of those carried off on board their ships; also 41 foreign guns and sets of accoutrements, and a great number of other barbarian articles. Three boats too were stranded; hiding himself in one of which was a barbarian soldier, who was captured alive by our troops. Another was brought off a prisoner from the mud. These men stated when examined that one was an Englishman and the other an American, and that during the action they had come in with the reserve in the boats from the bar. They say that the landing party numbered some 1500 or 1600 men, and that a great many of them had been killed; that the English chief, Adrial Hope, was in the foremost steamer, which was disabled by our fire, that he was wounded in the right leg, and lay down upon a couch unable to move; also that hostilities were commenced entirely on the motion of this chief. Your slave Hungfu appointed an officer to guard the prisoners, holding that in the possession of them there might, at some future time, be a means of enabling us to vouchsafe a manifestation of conciliatory intentions. It appears that of the thirteen barbarian steamers which were engaged on the 25th inst., what with those that were sunk when they lay by our fire, and those that were disabled and destroyed, only one got back outside the bar. The rest all suffered so severely that they could not move."

P. P. HARTOGH.

Pieterberg, Nov. 10, 1859.

For Sale.—Kinko.

THE Undersigned offer for private Sale his divided Share in the Farm "KINKO," situated in the Division of Swellendam. The whole purchase amount can be kept at interest. If not disposed of by private contract before the 29th, the undersigned will cause it to be put up to Public Auction, further notice of which will be given in the "Ooyberg Courant" of the 30th.

J. A. W. MUNNIK.

a rude lithograph (not purely Chinese work) of the fight making the cannon ball nearly the size of the ships, has been recently purchased here and at Canton. The following is an accurate translation of the account it gives in Chinese, of the fight:—

"News from Tsin-tsun.—The barbarians started from Shanghai on the 45th day of the fifth moon, and on arrival communicated with Sen Wang (Prince Sen), and allowed him three days to take away the wooden and iron obstacles in the river, and he answered that they must stay in the outer ocean until the commissioners, Kwai Liang and Huashan, arrived at Pekin, where they would be invited to these terms. The says dame they tried to pull away the stakes by means of their gourboats and men-of-war. The forts fired upon them. The battle lasted from the 23rd to the morning of the 24th. Five or six hundred of the sons of dev

# PORTR, VAN DER BYL, & Co.

HAVE RECEIVED

## PER "HERO" AND OTHER LATE ARRIVALS,

Fancy and Summer Doeskins  
Black and Colored Cassinets  
Gentlemen's Summer Clothing  
Tweed, Doe, and Holland Jackets  
Cotton Drill and other Vests  
Do. Trousers  
Elastic and Cotton Braces  
Plain and Swiss Shirts  
Regatta Shirts (washed)  
Cricketing and D. W. Flannel  
White and Colored Electoral do.  
Black and Colored Silk Handkerchiefs  
Printed Cotton and Malay do.  
Cambric and Lawn do.  
Gloves, in variety  
Book Muslin and Tarlatan  
Ladies' Stays, &c.  
Plain and Spotted Net  
Silk Cambric Tulle  
Men's and Boys' Felt Hats  
Horsehair and Crinoline Bonnets  
Trimmed Silks do.  
Ladies' Collars and Sleeves,  
Spotted and Plain Falls, &c.  
A variety of Hair Nets  
Widows and Dress Caps  
Bonnet and Cab Ribbons  
Flowers and Bonnet Fronds  
Whisker Blonds and Lace  
Trimmings and Fringes, &c.

Brown and White Punjums  
Do. Twilled Sheetings  
Do. Book-fold Balta  
Horrock's Longcloth  
Roll and Furniture Lining  
Furniture Checks and Prints  
White Shirtings, different qualities  
Hoyle's Plate and other Prints  
Black and Colored Voechitz  
Cotton and Linen Drill  
Do. do. Damask  
Jean, Holland, and Silecia  
45 to 80-inch Window Holland  
Plain and Ribbed Muleskins  
Californian and other Corduroy  
Check Durries and Chambrays  
Rugs, Quilts, and Counterpanes  
Cotton and Linen Tapes and Cord  
Plain and Colored Alpacas and Coburgs  
Balzarina and Barege Dresses  
Lana and Delaine do.  
Lawn and Silk Mantles  
Light Shawls and Scarfs  
Silk and Cotton Parasols  
Black and Colored Sewing Silk  
Hosiery, in variety  
Brown and Blue Gossamer  
Cotton Wadding  
Black Crape, 18 inch, 4-4, 5-4 and 6-4  
Stay Laces, &c.

## ALSO ON HAND:

Salad and Castor Oils, in cases  
Salmon and Sardines  
Red Herrings, in 1 and 2 dozen tins  
York Hams  
Currants, in 14-lb. jars  
Biscuits, in 2-lb. tins  
Crushed and Loaf Sugar  
Sugar Candy  
Fine and Coarse Oatmeal  
Rio Half Hides  
Sheet Zinc, No. 10

Further Supplies daily expected per "Buchanan" and "Springbok."

**VAN DER BYL & Co.,  
ST. GEORGE'S-STREET,  
Have now landed ex 'P. Clotilde,' 'A. Pardew,'  
and 'Hero,'  
186 TONS OF  
STAPLE & SEASONABLE FINE GOODS.**

## General Estate & Orphan Chamber.

### PUBLIC SALE

OF

## The Well-known Valuable Farm, "HEMEL AND AARDE."

THE DIRECTORS of the GENERAL ESTATE & ORPHAN CHAMBER, being thereto duly empowered, by the Proprietor, M. J. Louw, Esquire, Member of the Hon'ble the House of Assembly, will cause to be sold, by PUBLIC SALE, at

## CALEDON, On Wednesday, the 30th November,

The Second day of the Great Fair and Show,

In front of the Stores of the Auctioneers, at 9 o'clock in the Morning, the celebrated Farm "HEMEL AND AARDE," in extent about 4,180 Acres.

This splendid Farm, having an EXTENSIVE PASTURAGE, and being PREVILEGED with a most HEALTHY SITUATION, is one of the best Places that can be found in the neighborhood, for breeding CHEVIOT-AND-MERINO SHEEP, HORSES, CATTLE, &c. There are 24 FOUNTAINS, situated on the most elevated parts, supplying an abundant quantity of WATER during the year, sufficient to irrigate about 1,500 ACRES of the very best AGRICULTURAL LAND, which might, with profitable results, be cultivated for production of WINE and CORN.

It is of importance to know that Mr. CARRUTHERS' farm is adjoining this property and that the 4 years successful breeding of the Cheviot and Merino Sheep is chiefly attributed to the healthy situation of the farm.

F. J. G. PIETERSEN, Secretary.

Cape Town, 18th November, 1859.

Messrs. BARRY & NEPHEWS, Auctioneers, Caledon.

**PUBLIC SALE OF  
49 BUILDING ALLOTMENTS,  
IN THE RISING, RAPIDLY PROGRESSING AND HEALTHY  
VILLAGE OF MALMESBURY,  
On Wednesday, 14 Dec., 1859.**

THE Undersigned, duly authorized thereto by the Consistory of the Dutch Reformed Church here, will cause to be publicly sold on the above day and date, viz.:—

1. THREE ERVEN, situated on the Main Road from Zwartland, Riebeek's Kasteel, Piketberg, Clanwilliam, Calvina and Namaqualand to Cape Town, particularly adapted for the erection of some Mercantile Establishment, as being the first on entering the village.

2. AN ERV, situated at the lower part of the Parsonage Garden, to the right thereof. This Erv is the finest and most fertile in the whole village.

3. AN ERV, with the DWELLING HOUSE, OUTBUILDINGS, and substantial FOUNDATIONS for a very convenient Dwelling House, situated about 20 yards from the Main Road from Tulbagh the Paarl, Wellington, &c., and near the Brick Kilns.

4. FORTY-FOUR ERVEN, situated to the right of the Parsonage, on entering the village from Cape Town and Darling.

These ERVEN or PLOTS OF GROUND require no further description, and the village itself has of late years made such progress and become so well known, that Capitalists, Speculators and Traders would do well to avail themselves of this opportunity; and those having a taste for building cannot better employ their money, as they may be assured of clearing at least 12 p.c., in consequence of the daily increase of population and the want of Dwellings.

The Plan of the advertised Erven may be inspected at the office of Mr. H. H. LOEDOLFF, Malmesbury, where the Conditions of Sale can also be ascertained.

The Sale will commence precisely at 10 o'clock a.m.

Malmesbury, Nov. 19, 1859.

J. H. L. SMUTS, Deacon and Cashier.

# DENMARK HILL

OPPOSITE "ROODEBLOEM."

## Sale of 165 Large and valuable Building Lots,

THIRTY OF WHICH WITH FRONTAGE ON THE RONDEBOSCH ROAD,

FOR ACCOUNT OF MR. C. H. MARTING,

## By Public Auction without Reserve,

WITH LIBERAL BONUS.

ON

THURSDAY next, the 24th instant,

COMMENCING AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK.

MR. MARTING, Proprietor of that Valuable Tract of Land opposite "Roodebloem," which has a Frontage on the Rondebosch Road of about 1,400 Feet, as also Frontage on the Branch Road from "Roodebloem" to Montagu Bridge, HAS REJECTED ADVANTAGEOUS OFFERS made to him for its purchase by Private Contract, and has instructed the Undersigned to effect the Sale of it as above,

## IN LOTS SUITED TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE DAY.

Mr. Surveyor PRINCE has, therefore, divided the Ground into most convenient Lots, formed into Blocks by the intersection of judiciously-placed Roads. The Property, thus divided, forms in itself a complete SUBURB TO CAPE TOWN, enjoying the great advantages of easy access, healthfulness of situation, and command of a magnificent view of Table Bay, Cape Town, and the surrounding Mountain Scenery. This Neighborhood is daily becoming of greater importance, owing to its proximity to what will be the junction point of the WELLINGTON AND WYNBERG RAILWAYS, to the Railway Contractor's Residence at "Roodebloem" &c.; and Lots of smaller dimensions than those now offered have been sold at high rates. The FINEST CLAY for Brickmaking is found below the surface, and there can be no doubt that a course of judicious and systematic PLANTING will soon render the SUBURB OF DENMARK HILL a most desirable place of abode for the Citizens of Cape Town.

ON THE DAY OF SALE a TENT will be pitched on the Ground, REFRESHMENTS furnished, and there will be FREE CONVEYANCE to and from the Sale by Omnibuses, starting from Adderley-street at HALF-PAST TEN O'CLOCK.

A PLAN of the PROPERTY as now divided, will be exhibited at the Auctioneers, on WEDNESDAY NEXT.

E. J. M. SYFRET, Agent for the Sale.

Mr. R. D. JONES, Auctioneer.

## PUBLIC SALE.

ON FRIDAY, the 25th November next, will be sold on the farm BLUEBERG, for account of Mr. GRAY J.

30 Mares, the majority with Mule Foals, (and 2 years old)

40 good Milch Cows, some with calves and others on the eve of calving.

1 thoroughbred Stallion, and 2 fine Cart Horses (Geldings) drawing well together.

1 open Ox Wagon

1 Horse Wagon with Buck

1 covered Wagon, quite new, 1 light open Cart

1 Scotti Cart and 1 Water Cart, all very good

1 Winnowing Machine, quite new, and by the best maker

2 Howard Ploughs and a double furrow Swedish Plough, and whatever else may be offered.

Also 200 Merino Ewes, with the wool, very fat

Mr. VISSER'S Establishment being well known, public attention need not be called to the neatness and substance of the Goods that may be offered.

A. H. MOORREES, Auctioneer.

Malmesbury, Oct. 19, 1859.

## 3 TEAMS 14 EACH, CAPITAL

## DRAUGHT OXEN.

## To Traders and Others.

THE Undersigned offers for private Sale, at his residence

in the Village of Pikitberg, the above number of

DRAUGHT OXEN, accustomed to hard work and tried by the undersigned, as an old Trader. They are guaranteed to be frithful, surefooted and in excellent condition.

Traders, therefore, who propose going on a long journey to the Free State or elsewhere, would do well to avail themselves of this opportunity, as the old oxen is still applicable to our day: "First come first served."

P. P. HARTOGH

Pikitberg, Nov. 10, 1859.

N.B. A long credit will be given if required.

## PUBLIC SALE

## AT D'URBAN,

1500 Superior Merino Wethers, intended for Cash by the Undersigned.

MONDAY THE 21 INSTANT

THE Undersigned will cause to be sold at D'Urban, the

above number of excellent Fat Sheep.

J. J. STEYN.

Mr. B. A. DE VILLIERS, Vendue Agt.

## PUBLIC SALE

## AT D'URBAN,

75 superior heavy Slaughter Oxen.

ON MONDAY, 21st instant, the Undersigned will cause to be sold the above number of excellent fat heavy Slaughter Oxen.

PAUL H. B. DE VILLIERS.

16 Nov. 1859.

Mr. B. A. DE VILLIERS, Vendue Agt.

## PUBLIC SALE

## AT D'URBAN,

1000 very fat Hantam Sheep, and

20 large heavy Slaughter Oxen.

THE Undersigned will cause to be publicly sold on

MONDAY, the 25th instant, on the farm of Mrs. A. De WAAL, Joubertberg, the above number of

very superior Sheep and Oxen, brought forward under personal care.

According to the judgement of many impartial persons by whose farms most Hantam cattle have to pass, these are the fattest and heaviest Sheep brought up from Hantam during the present year, consisting chiefly of heavy fat 3 and 4 years old Barren Ewes. Not a yearling Wether will be found amongst them, like those purchased this year in Hantam, by more than one price-spoiler, to the loss and detriment of many poor consumers of meat here. May they be marked with the public! I shall assist in marking them if necessary, for I know them by the hair and by their scorpion noses.

P. P. HARTOGH

Pikitberg, Nov. 10, 1859.

Mr. B. A. DE VILLIERS, Auctioneer.

## 1000 extra fat Sheep and Goats.

ON TUESDAY, 22d instant, the Undersigned will cause to be publicly sold on the Farm of Mrs. A. De WAAL, Joubertberg the above number of excellent fat sheep and goats, brought up by Mr. J. J. DE VILLIERS, well worthy the attention of Butchers and others.

STEYLER, SMUTS & CO.

Pauls, 7th Nov., 1859

## FIFTH TROOP.

100 heavy fat Slaughter Oxen

150 draught Oxen

100 fat Cows

ON FRIDAY, the 25th November, the Undersigned will cause to be sold at Mr. J. De WAAL, Saxonburg, the

above number of fat cattle. Amongst this troop are ten (10) colored Rams of draught Oxen.

At the same time will be sold, eight serviceable Draught Horses.

D. BRINK, Dr.

E. & E. LANGSMITH.

Mr. J. De WAAL, Auctioneer.

Somerset West, 16th Nov., 1859.

## 100 MULES,

FROM 3 to 6 YEARS OLD.

IMPORTED per Hamburg bg. "Reihervies," from Montevideo, expressly and with great care selected for this Market, will be sold on

Tuesday, the 13th Dec.

On the Place of Mr. J. BAYER, Stikland.

WM. BERG.

Mr. J. G. STEYLER, Auctioneer.

Refreshments will be provided.

DIED on the 14th November, 1859, at Port Beaufort, in the 25th year of her age, SARAH GEGORINA, wife of Capt WHITTA, and eldest daughter of G. R. MIDGLEY, Esq. Sub-collector of Customs, Port Beaufort. Port Beaufort, 14 November.

(For Advertisements, see Supplement.)

## Shipping Intelligence,

## Algemeene Boedel en Weeskamer.

Publieke Verkooping van  
Vaste Goederen.

DE Directeuren van de Algemeene Boedel en Weeskamer, zyn door den Wel-Ed. heer M. J. LOUW L. W. V., geauthoriseerd, per publieke Vendutie te laten verkoopen,

## In het Dorp Wynberg,

OP

HEDEN, (MAANDAG) 21 DEZER,

TEN 11 URE A. M.

Perceel No. 1. Een PAKHUIS onder dubbele verdieping, omtrent 70 voeten lang, gelegen in D'Urbanstraat, thans geoccupeerd door den heer J. W. MEYER, als een Graan en Voeder Pakhuis.

Perceel No. 2. HUIS annex No. 1, met drie Kamers, Voorhuis, Keuken, enz. Er is een Stal voor zeven Paarden, Voerzolder en een Stuk Grond tot dit Perceel behoorende.

Perceel No. 3. TWEE GROOTE STALLEN, in D'Urbanstraat, vijftig Paarden kunnen gedekt worden. Het heeft ook een Stuk Grond daaraan. Dit Perceel en Perceel No. 1, in het centraal gedeelte van het dorp gelegen zynde, worden aan eigenaren van Omnibussen en aan Huurstaalhouders, aanbevolen, als plaatsen waar dergelyke bezigheden gedurende een aantal jaren met groot succes zyn gedreven gewordien.

Perceel No. 4. HUIS in Durbanstraat, met drie Kamers, Voorhuis, Keuken, enz. en een Stuk Tuin grond.

Perceel No. 5. HUIS in Durbanstraat, met drie Kamers, Voorhuis, Keuken, enz.

Perceel No. 6. HUIS in Durbanstraat, met twee Kamers in front, en twee achteruit, met Keuken, Dispens, enz. By dit Perceel is ook een Stal voor zeven paarden en Koepienhok.

De bovengemelde eigendommen hebben toegang tot een standhoudende Fontein, het zuiverste en gezondste water opleverende, dat in de nalyheid bekomen kan worden.

## Omtrent 25 Kostbare Bouwerven,

op twee waarvan COTTAGES staan, vier waarvan naar Wolfsstraat front maken, en de andere zyn gelegen in de nieuwe aangelegde straten.

De landmeter, den heer J. CAMERON, is thans bezig met de sub-afdeling van het bovengemelde eigendom, het algemeen plan waarvan, binnen enige dagen in gereedheid zyn, en ten kantore van de Kamer inzage liggen zal.

Een vrye Omnibus zal de stad te 10 ure a. m. verlaten.

## In de Kaapstad,

OP WOENSDAG DEN 23 DEZER,

TEN 10 URE A. M.,

1. Dat welbekend, ruim en uitmuntend gebouwd HUIS, voorheen het eigendom van den heer SUTHERLAND, gelegen op den hoek van Oranje en Prinzenstraten, hebbende omtrent veertien Kamers, van onderscheidene grootten, en geschikt tot onderscheidene einden, met Dispens, Keuken, Badkamers, Closets, een Waterbak, enz. Ook is er een frij Balcon in front, over de Stad en Haven een gezigt hebbende. Dit eigendom is de enige geschikte en behoorlyke plaats welke in waarheid in dien omtrek gevonden kan, worden voor een LOGEMENT, een kan ook aan heeren worden aanbevolen als een de beste en gezondste Woningen. Het is voor twee jaren verhuurd. Hetzelve is gedurende het geheele jaar van water voorzien.

2. Een PAKHUIS onder dubbele verdieping, gelegen in Prinzenstraat, 104 by 24 voeten, met nieuwe jachthouten Blat, nieuwe Vloeren, enz., en kan 1000 mudden Koorn bergen.

3. Een HUIS, gelegen in Roelandstraat, door den Wel-Ed. heer T. RUDD bewoond, met Zit-, Eet-, en drie Slapkamers, Keuken, Knechtskamer, Badkamer, Patente Water Closet, enz., met een Private Waterleiding. Dit net en sterk goudt Huis is door den Bouwmeester den heer KÖHLER gebouwd. Het is voorzeker een sieraad tot de gebouwen van de Kaapstad, en een geschikt verblyf voor een respectabele familie.

4. Een HUIS, in Buitenkant, door Dr. INNES bewoond, met omtrent 16 Kamers, bestaande in Zit-, Pet-, Ontbijt-, Slap- en Knechtskamers, Dispens, Keuken, Wynkelder, Badkamer, Patente Water Closet, enz. Ode is er een Private Waterleiding en Gas ingebragt. Het Huis is zeer geschikt tot een Logieshuis, en zal bevonden worden eenen aler geryflykste Woning te zyn.

5. Een HUIS en PAKHUIS, in Roelandstraat, nabij den hoek van Buitenkant, annex bovengemelde Eigendom. Hetzelve is ook voorzien van Private Waterleiding, en is gedurende het jaar verhuurd voor een huur, de aandacht wel waardig van hen, die hunne kapitalen met grote winsten wenschen te beleggen.

## Liberale Bonus zal worden gegeven,

EN

VERVERSCHINGEN ZULLEN WORDEN VERSCHAFT.

J. F. G. PIETERSEN, Sec.

De heer R. D. JONES, Afslager.

## PUBLIEK VERKOOPING

VAN ZEE

## KOSTBAAR VASTGOED,

In de Stad Stellenbosch.

DE Ondergeteekende heeft last ontvangen van den Eerwaarden Kerkraad alhier, om publiek te verkopen,

## OP WOENSDAG,

Den 23 November aanstaande,

De WELBEKENDE PASTORY, gelegen in het aangenaamste gedeelte van de Stad, op de Plein, en hoek van de Plein en Kardstraten, in VIER PERCELEN, als:

I. Het Woonhuis, bevattende 9 Slapkamers, Eetkamer, Dispens, Keuken, Buitengebouwen, grote Binnenplaats, enz., met een groot stuk Tuin grond, beplant met alle soorten van Vruchtbomen.

II. Zeker gedeelte van de Buitengebouwen, benevens Binnenplaats en een aanzienlyk stuk Tuin grond.

III. Zeker stuk Grond front makende in de Pleinstraat, annex den heer PIETER FICK.

IV. Zeker stuk Grond annex bovengemelde gelegen.

Bovengem. Eigendom algemeen bekend zynde, als het best gelegen, tot het dryven van enige bezigheid of private Woning, zal eerst afzonderlyk en daarna in een perceel worden verkocht.

De Veilkonditien en andere byzonderheden zyn te vernemen by den Ondergeteekende.

Stellenbosch, 22 October 1859.

J. WEGE, Afslager.

Op bovengemelde Verkooping zullen mede worden verkocht twee wel gedresseerde PAARDEN, geschikt voor Rytuig, en de attentië van Liefhebbers waardig.

## Montagu Brug.

## Uitgesteld uithoofde van het Weder.

DE Verkooping van het Eigendom van den Ondergeteekende aan MONTAGU BRUG, ZOUTRIEVER, welke op ll. DINSDAG is uitgesteld, zal plaats vinden op

Donderdag den 24 dezer,  
TE 11 URE.

Voor byzonderheden zie men Mercantile Advertiser van 14 en Argus van 15 dezer.

A. F. SCHICKERLING.

De heer J. G. STEYLER, Gz., Afslager.

Liberale Bonus en Ververschingen.

Een vrye Omnibus zal van Adderleystraat vertrekken te half elf, op den morgen der Verkooping.

## Te Koop.—“Kinko.”

DE Ondergeteekende biedt uit de hand te koop aan syn verdeeld Aandeel in de plaats “Kinko;” gelegen in de afdeling Swellendam. De geheele koopschat kan op renta gehoulen worden. Indien niet voor den 29sten uit de hand verkocht, zal de Ondergeteekende deseive publiek later opevallen, waarran in de Overbergse Courant van den 30sten nader kennis zal worden gegeven.

J. A. W. MUNNIK.

## Publieke Verkooping.

OP VRYDAG,  
DEN 25sten NOVEMBER AANSTAANDE

ZULLEN OP DE PLAATS

## BLAAUWBERG,

VOOR REKENING VAN DEN HEER

GERT VISSER,

## PUBLIEK WORDEN VERKOCHT,

30 Marries, het grootste gedeelte met Ezel Veulens van 1 en 2 jaren

40 goede melkgewende Aantselbeertsen met en zonder Kalven, en waarvan verschieden op kalven gaan

1 opegtgeteckte Hengst, en 2 fraaie Karpaaarden (ruins), byzonder gekly en goed gedresseerd

1 open Ossenwagen met beschoten leeren

1 dito Paardewagen met bok

1 Kapwagen, geheel nieuw, 1 lige open Kar

1 Schotsche Kar en 1 Waterkar, allen zeer goed

1 Wan Machine, geheel nieuw, en door den besten maker vervaardigd

1 fraaie staande Klok met speelwerk

2 Howard. Ploegen en 1 dubbelde voor Zweedsche,

met al hetgeen verder zal worden aangeboden.

Almede, 200 ongeschorpen Merino Ooijen, extra vet.

Beerdeur van den heer VISSER is te wel bekend dan dat het publiek opmerksam behoeft gemaakt te worden, op de goedheid en netheid van hetgeen zal worden

aangeboden.

A. H. MOORREES, Vendu Adm.

Malmesbury, October 19, 1859.

Ververschingen zullen worden gegeven.

## Van der Byl &amp; Co.

HEBBEN

NU GELAND EX “ROVER,”

200 ZAKKEN

## RIO KOFFY,

EN VERWACHTEN PER “STINTFANG,”

300 ZAKKEN RIO KOFFY.

## Van der Byl, &amp; Co.

HEBBEN TE KOOP

## VERSCHIEDE DADELS.

BENARES, Cassipore en Gebroken Suiker,

Knopjes, Pekoe en Hyson Thee,

Congo en geurige Pekoe dito,

Gekookte en rauwe Lyoliye, in blikken en kannen,

Pearl Gort, KandySuiker,

Wit en Rood Lood, en rangemaakte Verw, enz.

St. Georgestraat.

## ONTVANGEN PER “STINTFANG”

200 Zakken Blaauwe Boon Koffy,

100 Geloode Rio Half-Huizen.

PORTER, VAN DER BYL, &amp; CO.,

## Maai Machines.

DE Ondergeteekende heeft eenige EAGLE MAIJERS, ingevoerd. Dit Patent, het welk al de goede eigenschappen van HUSSEY, McCORMICK, en MANNY's Maijers (onder derzelver ingewikkeld za nengestel heeft), wordt gerustlyk aangeboden aan Landbouwkundige Maatscha py als sterk en duurzaam.

De beginnelen naer welke de Snyders gemaakte zyn, en het dryvers tuig gewerkt wordt, zyn geheel verschillend van eneze tot hier toe naar de kolonie gezonden, en de eenvoudigheid van derzelver zamenstel beemt de wryving waarover men tot hier toe zeer geklaagd heeft.

Te bekomen in kisten, gereed voor vervoer.

G. S. HOLMES, St. George's-straat.

Eenige informatie betrekkelijk de geschiktheid van bovengemelde Machines zal vriendelik gegeven worden door den Wel-Ed. Heer P. L. CLOETE, van Zandvliet, die een aan het werk heeft.

PAARDENKRACHT

## DUBBLE DORSCH MACHINES.

2 van Bovengemelde te koop.

G. S. HOLMES, St. George's-straat.

## Aan het Publiek.

DE Ondergeteekende maken het Publiek hiermede bekend, dat zy van den 1sten Januari aanstaande, een Kar voor drie tot vijf personen werkelijk drie maal zullen laten gaan van de Kaapstad naar Swellendam, en van Swellendam naar de Kaapstad.

De Ondergeteekende zullen gene moeite sparen om de Kar veel moegelyk voor gerief en gemak van Reizigers interigen, en geene kosten zullen gespaard worden om by differente en korte Statien voor versche Paarden te zorgen, ten einde de reis zoa gemaklyk, spoedig en veilig als moegelyk te maken. De prys voor passagie zal soolyk moeglyk zyn, soowol als de vervoering van alle soorten van Pakjes.

J. C. LINDE.

L. WEYMAR.

CALEDON

## Vertoon en Markt.

DE Ondergeteekende zal te koop aanbieden te Caledon, op den dag voor de Markt bepaald.

Een Honderd halve en drie kwart opegtgeteckte FRANSCH THIBET MERINO RAMMEN, door ingevoerde Fransche Merino Rammen, en uit Ooijen van het beste bloed in deze kolonie. Hunne vaders zullen op de Markt vertoont worden.

D. G. VAN BREDA, Sen.

Rateklivier, 13 October 1859.

THE well known PARSONAGE, situated in the most agreeable part of the Town, in Adderley Square, and corner of Plein and Bird Streets, in FOUR LOTS, viz:

I. The DWELLING HOUSE, containing 9 Bed Rooms, Dining Room, Pantry, Kitchen, Outbuildings, large Yard,

&amp;c, with a large plot of Garden Ground, planted with all sorts of Fruit Trees.

II. Certain portion of the Outbuildings, besides Yard, and a large plot of Garden Ground.

III. Certain piece of Ground, fronting Plein Street, adjoining Mr. Pieter Fick.

The above Property being generally known as the best situated for carrying on any kind of business, or for a private residence, will first be put up separately and afterwards in one lot.

The conditions of sale and other particulars may be ascertained at the undersigned.

J. WEGE, Auctioneer.

Stellenbosch, Oct. 22, 1859.

At the above Sale will likewise be sold two well-trained HORSES, suitable

for any vehicle, and well worthy the attention of buyers.