

is thought that about 200 Jews are at present in "No-Man's-Land" in the district of Posen and about the same number in the Zbonszyn district.

The refugees are being hunted like wild animals. Dogs have been let loose by the frontier guards to drive them off, with the result that many of them have been injured and their clothes torn to shreds. One woman and one child are reported to have been killed when driven off by the guards, and others have died of exhaustion. Many small children are wandering about in search of their parents.—J.T.A.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR TEMPORARY EMPLOYMENT OF REFUGEEES ON THE LAND IN ENGLAND.

London.

Sir Samuel Hoare, replying in the House of Commons to Mr. Hannah, who asked whether in view of the present conditions in the countryside he would take steps to facilitate the entry of refugees desiring to work on the land, said he understood that the question of the temporary employment of refugees already in this country to make good the shortage of agricultural labour was being considered in consultation by the Minister of Agriculture and Labour. Arrangements were being made whereby refugees would be admitted temporarily to this country to assist in harvest operations in the summer and autumn, on their being paid not less than the statutory minimum wage for such work, where the Minister of Labour was satisfied that there was a shortage of labour and where the vacancies could not be filled.

Lady Astor asked if it was not true that there was considerable difficulty to undertake work on the land because that race was not particularly keen on agriculture?

Sir Samuel Hoare said: That view was not borne out by experience. He understood that a large number of these young men were anxious to work on the land.—J.T.A.

DEATH OF WELL-KNOWN LONDON PHYSICIAN.

London.

Dr. William Moses Feldman, Senior Physician to St. Mary's Hospital for Women and Children and to the Eastern Dispensary and a prominent member of the Royal Society of Medicine, has died suddenly at the age of 58.

Dr. Feldman was a member of the Council of the Jewish Health Organisation (Ose) of Great Britain. He was the author of a large number of medical works, including one in Yiddish. He was also a member of the British Astronomical Association and among his books is one on "Rabbinical Mathematics and Astronomy."—J.T.A.

DEATH OF Prof. OSCAR FISCHEL.

London.

The death took place here of Prof. Oscar Fischel, the well-known Jewish art authority.

Prof. Fischel was born in Danzig in July, 1870. He was Professor at Berlin University and an authority on Raphael and Titian.—(J.T.A.)

CATHOLIC ANTI-RACE HATRED PAPER IN U.S.A.

New York.

The first of 200,000 copies of "The Voice," published by the Committee of Catholics to Fight Anti-Semitism, was presented to Mayor LaGuardia at the World's Fair City Hall by Mr. Gene Tunney, retired heavyweight boxing champion and member of the Committee. Mr. Tunney termed anti-Semitism "a flame out of hell" whose "unholy and devastating powers apparently were conceived in hell."

The distribution of the paper in the metropolitan area began immediately. It features in its first issue an article under the headline: "Bishops Condemn Anti-Semitism." The paper also contains condemnations of race-hatred by many individual Catholics.—J.T.A.

TER-CENTENARY OF FOUNDATION OF NEWPORT.

New York.

Dressed in the costume and chanting the traditional ritual in the manner of three centuries ago, Dr. David de Sola Pool, President of the Synagogue Council of America, conducted a special commemorative service in the historic Touro Synagogue, Newport (Rhode Island), whose congregation was established in 1658, when Jewish refugees from Portugal first landed on the shores of Rhode Island.

This picturesque ceremony formed part of the tercentenary celebrations of the founding of Newport, where Roger Williams established religious liberty for the first time in America. Protestant and Catholic congregations of Newport have also held special services commemorating the event. In August a memorial tablet will be unveiled on the synagogue grounds with an inscription dedicated to religious liberty.

The ceremony was of special significance for the city, which to-day contains more than 1,000 Jews out of a total population of 30,000, because of the early Jewish settlers' great contributions to the life and development of the city. They helped to make it one of the great 17th century seaports along the Atlantic seaboard by the extensive trade of such merchants as Aaron Lopez. Judah Touro, early 19th century philanthropist born in Newport, dedicated the famous Redwood Library and the famous synagogue which, together with the city's main street, bears his name.—J.T.A.

DEATH OF PIONEER OF YIDDISH THEATRE IN AMERICA.

New York.

The death took place here at the age of 71 of Boris Tomashevsky, the well-known Jewish actor and producer and one of the first pioneers of the Yiddish theatre in America.

Tomashevsky was born in May, 1868, in Zlatopolski, near Kiev. In 1881 his family emigrated to New York, where Tomashevsky organised a Jewish company of actors and he later became the first director of a Jewish theatre in Chicago. In 1892 he returned to New York, where

he became the producer of the People's Jewish Theatre and soon earned the reputation of the best Jewish actor in America. It was he who brought over to America a large number of Jewish actors and playwrights. He himself wrote a large number of plays which were very successful. He produced King Richard III in Yiddish.—J.T.A.

JEW AND POLISH MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

Warsaw.

The preliminary results of the municipal elections in 574 towns in Poland show that the pro-Government Party, the Camp of National Unity, obtained 41.08 per cent. of the total seats. The Jews occupy the second place with 17.4 per cent. of seats. Next in order are the Opposition National Party, the Socialists, the Ukrainians and the Germans.—J.T.A.

DEATH OF WONDER RABBI.

Warsaw.

The death occurred here of the popular wonder rabbi of Kozienice, Jacob Shapiro, at the age of 54. The Kozienice wonder rabbi is a grandson of the famous Rabbi Israel Kozienice known as "the Kozienice Magid," a great Talmudist and Chassidic leader. A street in Kozienice is named after him as Ulica Magida.—J.T.A.

JEW AT POLISH UNIVERSITIES.

Warsaw.

The anti-Jewish campaign at the Polish Universities is driving more and more Jewish students abroad. Last year the number of Jewish students who left Poland to study abroad was about 400; this year it is almost 1,000. The number of Jewish students at the High Schools and Universities is constantly diminishing.—J.T.A.

SHOLEM ALEICHEM TO BE TRANSLATED INTO LITHUANIAN.

Kaunas.

The Government publishing house, "Spaldos Fondas" has decided to translate into Lithuanian several works of the famous Jewish humorist, Sholem Aleichem. Several Lithuanian Jewish writers have been invited to supervise the work of translation.—J.T.A.

JEWISH SINGERS AND ACTORS DISMISSED FROM HUNGARIAN NATIONAL OPERA HOUSE.

Budapest.

The list of prominent Jewish singers and actors dismissed under the Jewish law from the State Opera House and published here, includes Herr Anton Fleischer, the famous conductor who was a member of the Opera House for 24 years, the famous Mozart singer, Gita Halasz, the opera singer Gabriel'e Relle, the opera singer Dora Barsony, the niece of the former Jewish Minister of Justice, Dr. Wilhelm Vazsony, Andor Lendvai, the famous baritone, and the singers David Ney and Edith Diosi.

The Jews dismissed from the National Theatre include Prof. Julius Gal, who has been an actor for 57 years and a member