









THE ZUID-AFRIKAAN.

Cape Town, June 16, 1853.

THOUGH the formation of our future Parliament is now the engrossing subject, and the local press is with great propriety engaged in directing the movements of the public in the exercise of their political privileges...

The report of the Committee of the Commercial Exchange, published in last Saturday's Commercial Advertiser, is an interesting document. Its facts and figures, however unattractive they may appear to the scholar and the man of taste...

If so much could be achieved while Government and the people were more or less antagonistic, and the mercantile body, from an aristocratic feeling which always accompanies wealth, leaned to the former, though dependent for prosperity on the latter...

If then a new impulse is to be given to trade and industry, it all joins in a sincere effort to raise our commercial prosperity. Let enlarged views be cultivated in business as in politics. Let us get rid of all mean-spirited selfish proceedings, tending to benefit the individual to the prejudice of a whole class.

The Sovereignty.—From a Government Notice, appearing in the Friend of June, it appears that the British Resident has considered it necessary to appoint a special Commission for the purpose of inquiring into a certain complaint made to him by Mollinas, the chief of the Batlunas, in the District of Winburg...

In an article headed "Wine Duties" in the Illustrated London News of the 15th of January last, we read the following remarkable lines, to which we beg to direct the attention of all interested in the Cape wine trade...

"The present duty is 5s. 6d. per gallon on all wines, except Cape wine, which is UNDRINKABLE, and chiefly used to adulterate other wines, and is admitted at a duty of 2s. 9d."

Shall an assertion as false as it is mischievous, which brands as unfit for use, UNDRINKABLE, the produce of our vineyards, only third in importance among our exports, shall such an assertion be allowed to stand unrefuted in a work, that boasts of a circulation of 90,000 copies?

A requisition, has been numerous signed by all classes of the inhabitants of the District of Culesberg, English and Dutch, for the purpose of inducing the Veteran Commandant Joubert to allow himself to be put in nomination as one of the seven Eastern Members for the Council of Upper House.

A friend has forwarded to us from the country, a certain coin, having the size of a sovereign, and which was passed off as such. Although strongly gilt, it is in reality copper and weighs about 54 grains. It has been struck at California in 1849; exhibits on one side a bust with the cap of liberty and the 13 stars of the United States...

PORT NATAL.—By the Sir Robert Peel, which arrived on Sunday, we have received Natal papers to the 2d of June, some extracts from which appear elsewhere. No gold had been found in Natal elsewhere. We regret that the statement in the Natal papers should have induced those of the Cape to announce "gold at Natal;" and says, that whatever may be the symptoms, there is no sufficient ground to pronounce Natal a gold producing country.

VISIT OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR AT PORT ELIZABETH.—The Telegraph contains the particulars of the Governor's visit at Port Elizabeth which occurred on Tuesday, the 7th instant. The shipping in port displayed their colors and flags and a detachment of the Municipal Guard with the reply thereto, will be found elsewhere. His Excellency is said to have manifested great interest in the place. He visited the beach, and again left for the Zwartkops River, where he is encamped.

THE TRANS-VAAL AGENT.—(Communicated.)—We hear that Mr. J. Stuart, agent to the Trans Vaal Rege, sailed from Simon's Bay in the ship Christian, on his voyage to Holland, where he purports to form a company for the promotion of emigration and industry in that region. We appear of his proceeding, but we regret that he should not have offered us here an opportunity to participate in the enterprise, as we feel confident that several persons would have taken shares. We wish him, however, a prosperous voyage and the best success in his efforts in a cause as honorable as it is pregnant with advantages.

SALE OF THE DORIE SHEEP.—The Sheep introduced by Messrs. Le and Benjamin, were sold, according to the Graaff Reinet Herald, on Saturday, the 4th June. An unusually large number of farmers were present, and the bidding amongst them were proportionately spirited. The first ram was knocked down at £23, after which the bidding for some five or six commenced at £75. The average price of the 25 rams amounted to £73 1/2, that of the ewes to £48 4/6. Three rams which had been sick were sold for £60 each. The splendid animal bought by Mr. Rubidge, was shown immediately after the sale, and yielded a fleece weighing 11 lbs, although he was not closely shorn and the wool was dry and light from the animal having been fed so long upon forage.

A number of the same description of rams, selected by the same parties, would be shortly sent for sale to Culesberg.

Original Correspondence. THE PAARL ROAD.

Worcester, June, 1853. Sir.—You will oblige me by giving publicity to the accompanying Petition and reply for the information of the subscribers, and for certain other reasons. I am, &c. J. LINDENBERG.

PETITION. To His Honor C. H. DARLTON, Esquire, Lieut. Governor, &c. &c.

The Memorial of the undersigned Landed Proprietors and Inhabitants of the Town of Worcester and the adjoining fields, humbly sheweth: That your petitioners have understood with much satisfaction a letter dated 8th March last, directed by order of your Honor to the Central Road Board, that "the Government had decided not to proclaim as a main roadway any line leading from Wellington to Cape Town which does not pass through the Town of the Paarl."

Your petitioners beg also to represent that, by constructing a main road which passes through the Paarl, the advantage of the important market of the Paarl is brought in the route of the farmers on their journey to Cape Town; and as the inhabitants of this town and neighborhood intend, so soon as the road is completed, to run a public conveyance from this town to the Paarl, and to form a junction with the present Paarl omnibuses, for pursuing their journey to the Capital, by which the distance and expense of the Worcester conveyance will be considerably diminished, they have little hope of carrying out the project just mentioned should they be compelled to go to the additional expense of routing their said conveyance on to the city by the road contemplated on the northern side of the Paarl mountain.

For the above, and several other reasons set forth in that aforesaid letter to the Central Road Board, and in the various representations on this subject directed to Government and the Central Road Board in favor of the line of Road leading through the Paarl, your petitioners humbly pray that your Honor may be pleased to adhere to the decision taken by Government, not to proclaim as a main roadway any line leading from Wellington to Cape Town, which does not also pass through the town of the Paarl.

The above Petition was transmitted in the following letter:— Worcester, 18th May, 1853.

The Hon'ble W. HORS, Esq. Secretary to Government. Sir.—I take the liberty to transmit the enclosed petition to your Honor the Lieutenant Governor, praying that the proposed Main Road from Wellington to Cape Town may pass through the Paarl. The present petition having been chiefly signed by the inhabitants of this Township, I beg to intimate that a similar petition, now in course of signature in the adjoining field-concerns, will be early transmitted.

I beg also to remark, that a Dutch translation has been always exhibited to the persons who have attached their signatures to the present petition. I have, &c. J. LINDENBERG.

REPLY. Colonial Office, Cape Town, 21st May, 1853.

Sir.—In acknowledging the receipt of your letter of the 18th instant, enclosing a petition from certain inhabitants of

the town of Worcester, praying that the main road from Wellington to Cape Town may pass through the Town of the Paarl, I am by desire of the Lieutenant Governor, to request you will inform the memorialists, that there is no reason to apprehend that the decision of the Government to which they refer, will be altered. I have the honor to be, &c. Wm. HOPE, Acting Secretary to Government.

J. LINDENBERG, Esq., Worcester. Bergdalley, Dist of Clanwilliam, 2nd June, 1853.

WORTHY COUNTRYMEN.—Having some time ago called the attention of the inhabitants of the district of Clanwilliam to the imposition and deception to which they were continually exposed by itinerant bad and lost characters and adventuring spies, and cited some facts, which, as they represent the truth, cannot be gainsaid; and as, not being actuated by motives of self-interest; and as, not being my often deceived countrymen against further imposition, I calculated that my efforts would receive the approbation of all right-minded men; but to my regret I find that this is not the case with all.

In an adjoining district the remark has been made, that "there is no use in my writing; that nobody would care about it, and it would be better if I looked to my own business." Another has said, "that it was all nonsense, and that my letter should be thrown away," and so forth. This intended to impress upon the unsophisticated inhabitants, and to misdirect my good purposes. I am therefore induced once more to take up the pen, and anew to expose to your notice those persons, who are neither travellers nor more dangerous than those formerly described, because they represent themselves as your real friends; and as exposures has proved them to be men with two faces, I look upon them as your secret enemies.

Most of these are, alas! your own countrymen, who, from self-interest, or a desire to gain the favor of those above them, or to be praised by them, have suppressed the men, and frequently asked to promote schemes and measures opposed to the future welfare, advancement and prosperity of their fellow colonists.

To the first class belong those friendly grasping birds. They are apparently the best men in the world, engaging, liberal, most hospitable and exceedingly communicative, so that you can hardly get a chance to say anything for yourself, and are frequently asked to promote schemes and measures which are calculated to get you out of every difficulty and to be hazardous in all cases. If you put a case into their hands, the reply is: "Just leave it to me; I shall take care;" but after the termination of the case, the client finds that his purse has also shared the battle and lost a good deal of its weight. Now if this were all, it would be merely an individual loss to individuals; but as these intriguers are, up to every species of device, art, trick, shift and number, they exercise a very dangerous influence upon many simple-minded inhabitants; and their erroneous ideas of their political and real interests, and incessantly endeavor to oppose and defeat the advice of their real friends. Be therefore on your guard against such, for although they seem honest-looking and to be of good condition, because the sword of justice in this colony is not always wielded with the most impartial justice and with that stern severity which it ought to be, they are not acting upon their advice, hereafter perhaps be played into great difficulty.

The second or other class is less dangerous. These may be considered chiefly as the plant tools of the first. Their object is not pecuniary self-interest, and they would be very good people were they not under the influence of the first class. They are accustomed to say you and amena to whatever the first class submit to them. Among these are self-concocted ignoramuses, who believe themselves very clever, and who, if they are among simple people, pronounce judgment upon all matters, disapprove of whatever others do for the well-being of their fellow men, and consider themselves so very fortunate if they are in the favor of men who fill offices, or who in opinion occupy a higher station in society. They would be harmless to themselves; but as they are the tools of others and force their views and opinions upon you, great circumspection is required.

After having stated the above, it is my desire, worthy fellow colonists, to warn you to be on your guard. Henceforth act upon your own conviction, and let those whom I have described, not exercise the least influence upon your thoughts and actions.

The times we live in require that every inhabitant of South Africa should stand forward in doing his duty towards the land in which he lives, and if every one should comply with this sacred duty, we may within a few years gather the fruits of prosperity and happiness. Your's G. E. SMIT, Jun.

Original Correspondence. PORT NATAL. MEMORIAL TO HIS EXCELLENCY GENERAL CATHCART.

At a meeting of the Memorialists, held at D'Urban, on Tuesday the 19th May 1853. X. R. BREEDER, Esq., J. P., in the chair.

The Chairman having read the Memorial to His Excellency General Cathcart, dated 11th January last, and His Excellency's reply thereto, dated 16th March.

It was moved by E. P. Lamport, Esq. and seconded by J. Kinghurst, Esq., and resolved unanimously:— That the Memorial and reply be published for the information of the Memorialists, and the public generally. Resolved: That A. W. Evans, Esq., be considered as Secretary to this meeting, for the purpose of addressing a letter in that capacity to His Excellency General Cathcart, acknowledging on behalf of the Memorialists the receipt of His Excellency's reply, dated 16th March; such acknowledgment to be transmitted through the Local Government.

To His Excellency Lieut.-General the Hon. GEORGE CATHCART, Governor of the Cape of Good Hope and Orange River Territory, &c. &c.

We, the undersigned, inhabitants of the District of Natal, respectfully address your Excellency for the purpose of directing your attention to the present most unsatisfactory and anomalous condition of this part of the British Empire. Surrounded by and living in the midst of numerous Kafir tribes, whose friendly disposition towards the colonists seems at least very equivocal, we feel that the peace and security of the country are not based on such solid grounds as to leave us anywise free from anxiety as to their continuance. That your memorialists feel a want of protection to life and property, an element indispensable to inspire hope or confidence in the future, and promote the advancement of a new colony.

That this, together with the baneful and disheartening nature of the labor question, deter the greatest number of our most respectable settlers from investing their capital in and directing their energies to the cultivation of the soil, and the development of the capabilities of the country; compelling our most useful colonists to desert these shores in despair, and effectually prevent that immigration which we were once legitimately justified in expecting.

That having no voice in the management of our local affairs, and a want of confidence in the Government as at present constituted, our position as landholders, merchants, or tradesmen, is daily becoming more and more precarious. Already we have sustained very grievous losses, and our property is threatened with still more ruinous depreciation, by a continuance of the existing state of our relations with the native tribes, and the want of action on the part of our government in this and other vital departments.

That your memorialists can see no other more immediate remedy for their painful situation than that your Excellency may be induced by their pressing representations to extend your visit to this district, accompanied by an effective military demonstration; while at the same time the presence of your Excellency at the seat of our Government would be productive of freedom to the many causes of complaint by which the position of your Memorialists is now compromised in various ways. And your memorialists beg respectfully to express their anxious and deep conviction that your Excellency will be pleased to take into immediate consideration their present and urgent application, and remedy or avert the numerous and threatening calamities to which they are exposed. And your memorialists, as in duty bound, will ever pray.

Colonial Office, Natal, April 23, 1853. Gentlemen.—I am directed by the Lt. Governor to trans-

mit to you the enclosed reply received from His Excellency General Cathcart to your Memorial dated 11th January last. I have the honor to be, &c. Geullethen, Your most obedient servant, W. STANGER, Acting Secretary to Government.

X. R. BREEDER, Esq., and other Gentlemen who signed the Memorial to His Excellency General Cathcart, 11th January.

REPLY TO THE MEMORIAL. Of the inhabitants of the district of Natal, dated 11th January, 1853, addressed to His Excellency the Governor of the Cape of Good Hope, &c. &c.

Memorialists are informed that His Excellency has received the memorial of certain inhabitants of the colony of Natal, to which very numerous and most respectable signatures are attached. Although dated 11th January 1853, it was only received on the 6th instant, which fact will acquit His Excellency of any unnecessary delay in attending to it. The fact alluded to in the first paragraph, that a large portion of the colonists of Natal are in the midst of Kafir tribes, and which circumstance they describe as unsatisfactory and anomalous, was already well known to His Excellency, but it is one over which he had no control, colonists who place themselves in that position, no doubt calculate the chances of profit and success, as balanced by the risk they incur in seeking larger possessions, than they can adequately occupy and consequently too diffuse and remote for mutual support.

His Excellency considers that under this state of things, the best prospect of security is in living well with their neighbors, and adhering in all their dealings with them, to perfect good faith and conciliation, rather than violence and aggression; but at the same time to be always organized or prepared for mutual support and defence of their lives and property, under the protection of His Majesty's troops.

Any military interference that could possibly be afforded by Her Majesty's troops, even if there were any "casus belli," that could justify it, whatever might be its immediate effects, would only serve, in the end, to stir up animosities, which would render that certain, real and lasting evil, which hitherto has only proved an imaginary one.

As to the paragraph in which is expressed want of confidence in the Government, as at present constituted, it only conveys a complaint in general terms, but not sufficiently defined as to what the memorialists desire, to enable His Excellency to entertain it. His Excellency has reason to know that the affairs of Natal have not fallen into the hands of the careful consideration of Her Majesty's Government; but without special orders from the Home Government, he cannot under existing circumstances leave this portion of Her Majesty's possessions, to visit the colony of Natal.

By command of His Excellency the Governor, W. F. LIDDLE, Secretary. Graham's Town, 16th March, 1853.

For continuation see Supplement.

PROTECTEUR, Fire & Life Assurance Company.

1, MARKET-SQUARE. Established 29th September, 1826.

CAPITAL £53,716 0 1.

Last Dividend awarded to the Assurers 50 per Cent.

Directors: President.—J. TROMP, Esq. Vice-President.—J. A. H. WIGHT, Esq. C. H. BOSKING, Esq. A. B. BRINK, J. SON, Esq. D. G. VAN BREDA, Esq. JOHN BARRY, Esq.

Auditors: V. SCHWENBERG, Esq. P. A. BRAND, Esq. Medical Officer, C. FLECK, Esq., M.D.

Agents in the Country Districts: Breda's Dorp, Wm. Helm, Esq. Beaufort, F. A. Keizer, Esq. Caledon, P. H. Ley, Esq. Clanwilliam, C. M. Lind, Jr., Esq. Cradock, George, Esq. Graaff-Reinet, S. J. van der Spuy, Esq. Keoperg, S. J. van der Spuy, Esq. Kaysers, John Rex, Esq. Malmesbury, J. W. Moores, Esq. Middleburg, Messrs. Meintjes & Nieser. Mossel Bay, Messrs. Barry & Co. Paarl, A. J. Becker, Esq. Port Beaufort, P. G. van der Byl, Esq. Riversdale, John Becker, Esq. Swellendam, W. C. Perry, Esq. Stellenbosch, P. H. Ley, Esq. Swellendam, J. Falck, Esq. Tulbagh, H. L. de Lange Vos, Esq. Uitenhage, P. G. Eleman, Esq. Wellington, J. Adley, Esq. Worcester, J. Lindenberg, Esq.

Fire Department. RATES OF PREMIUM PER £100.

Table with 4 columns: Building type, Hazardous goods, Containing hazardous goods, In which hazardous goods are carried. Rows include 1. Buildings—Bricks or Stone, with Flat Roofs; 2. Buildings—Brick or Stone, covered with Slates, Tiles or Metals; 3. Buildings—Brick or Stone, with Thatched Roofs.

Special Insurances according to the nature of the Risks. POLICIES GRATIS.

The Rate of Life Premiums For assuring the Sum of One Hundred Pounds upon the Life of any healthy person, from the age of 15 to 60 years within the limits of the Colony, will be found on application to this Office to be

Much more Profitable Than any Office in the Colony.

At the Annual Meeting of Shareholders held on Wednesday the 6th October, 1852.

50 PER CENT. has been again, as in the five previous years, and therefore for the SIXTH TIME, awarded to Insurers, on Life as well as Fire Assurances, upon their Premiums paid during the past year, receivable at the next renewal of their Policies.

S. B. DE KOCK, Secretary. October 1852.

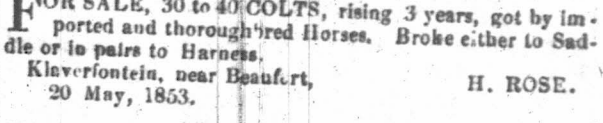
Postponed Sale of Woollens, &c.

THE Sale of Woollens, Door Mats, American Brooms &c. advertised for last Tuesday, and postponed on account of the weather, will take place on SATURDAY MORNING NEXT, at Messrs. BLOOM & BARTMAN, on the Parade. BORRADAILE, THOMPSON, HALL & Co.

BUTTER. JUST landed ex Sir Robert Peel, and for Sale at the Stores of the Undersigned

A few kegs of Good Butter. HOME, BAGAR & Co.

HORSES. FOR SALE, 30 to 40 COLTS, rising 3 years, got by imported and thoroughbred Horses. Broke either to Saddle or to pairs to Harness. Klaverfontein, near Beaufort, 20 May, 1853. H. ROSE.



PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY'S PILLS

AN extraordinary cure of the Gravel and a most dangerous Liver complaint. Copy of a letter addressed to K. HEYDON, Esq., Sydney, New South Wales, dated Feb. 25, 1851.

Sir,—A Mr. THOMAS CLARKE, a Settler of Lake George, was for a considerable time seriously afflicted, with a complaint of the Liver together with the Gravel. His medical attendant after trying all their skill, candidly told him that his case was hopeless. In this situation, a friend recommended him to try HOLLOWAY'S PILLS; the first dose gave him considerable relief; he therefore persevered in taking them, according to direction, and is now restored to perfect health, and is willing, if necessary, to make an affidavit to the same effect, should it be required. Signed—Wm. JONES, Proprietor of the Goulburn Herald, New South Wales.

Cure of a Pain and Tightness in the Chest and Stomach after person 84 Years of Age. From Messrs. THEW & SON, Proprietors of the Lynn Advertiser, who can vouch for the following statement.—August 2nd, 1851.

To Professor HOLLOWAY. Sir,—I desire to bear testimony to the good effects of HOLLOWAY'S PILLS. For some years I suffered severely from a pain and tightness in the stomach, which was also accompanied by a shortness of breath, which prevented me from walking about. I am 84 years of age, and notwithstanding my advanced state of life, these Pills have so relieved me, that I am desirous that others should be made acquainted with their virtues. I am now rendered, by their means, comparatively active, and can take exercise without inconvenience or pain, which I could not do before. (Signed) HENRY COE, North Street, Lynn, Norfolk.

WONDERFUL EFFICACY OF HOLLOWAY'S PILLS IN CASES OF DROPSY. Persons suffering from Dropsy, either about the turn of life, or at other times, should immediately have recourse to these Pills, as hundreds of persons are annually cured by their use, of this direful complaint in its different stages, when all other means had failed.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficacious in the following complaints:— Ague, Athms, Bilious Complaints, Blisters on the Skin, Bowel Complaints, Colic, Constipation of Bowels, Consumption, Diarrhoea, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Fits, Gout, Head-aches, Indigestion, Inflammation, Jaundice, Liver Complaints, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Retention of Urine, Sore Throat, Stomach and Gravel, Scrofula, or Kings Evil, Secondary Symptoms, Tis Dolorosa, Tumours, Ulcers, Venereal Affections, Worms of all kinds, Weakness from whatever cause &c. &c.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, and by all respectable Druggists, and Dealers in Medicines throughout the Civilized World, at the following prices.—1s. 1/2, 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Box. There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N.B. Directions for the guidance of Patients in every Disorder are attached to each box. Sold by all Vendors of Medicines throughout the Cape Colony. Wholesale by Mr. H. C. ROBINSON, Agent, Cape Town, AND ALSO BY

Messrs. Barry and Nephews, at Swellendam, Do. do. do. at Port Beaufort, Do. do. do. at Breda's Dorp, Do. do. do. at Swart Berg, Do. do. do. at Riversdale, BERRY & Co., at Mossel Bay, Do. at George Town, Do. Messrs. Bauman Brothers, Bloomfontein, Messrs. Mosenthal Brothers & Co., Burgheersdorp, Do. do. do. at Graaff Reinet, N. Heurtley, Hottentots Holland Kloof, Mr. P. J. Bosman, Stellenbosch. Messrs. Van der Byl & Denysen, Malaga, Sub Agents wanted for the Country Towns.

For Private Sale. A House, situated in the Gardens, replete with every convenience, having a clear and uninterrupted view of the City and Harbour, with one of the most fertile Gardens in the Colony, which is stocked with every description of Fruit Trees, and abundantly supplied with water. Particulars may be ascertained at the office of this paper.

Public Sale at the Paarl. THE Undersigned having let his House and Erf in the Village, will cause to be sold by public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 22d inst., his Movable Effects, consisting of all sorts of Furniture, in Tables, Chairs, Wardrobes, Chests, Bedsteads, Stretches, Feather Beds, Crockery and Glassware, Dinner and Tea Services, Kitchen Utensils, &c. Postage and such other Goods as may be offered on the day of Sale. P. J. BLIGNAUT, Sen.

Paarl, June 6, 1853. Messrs. DE VILLIERS & HAUFF, Adm.

FOUND amongst my Sheep, in coming up through the Bokkerveld, 12 Merino Ewes and Lambs, which the owner can obtain at my residence, on paying the expense of advertising. J. M. ENSLIN, Jr.

Paarl, June 14, 1853.

High Sheriff's Office. Cape Town, June 15, 1853.

IN Execution of the Judgment of the Supreme Court in the undermentioned Case the following Sale will take place, viz.

DIVISION OF THE PAARL. JOHN FREDRIK DREYER, versus CAROLUS FRESLICH.

On Tuesday, the 28th June 1853, at 10 o'clock a.m., at the Defendant's Dwelling Place, situate at Groot Drakenstein, of Cellular Implements of various descriptions, such as Stukvats, Fermenting Tubs, Pressing, Receiving and Saving ditto, Buckets &c., a Brandy Still complete, a covered Horse Wagon, a set of Harns, 6 draught and saddle Horses, 100 Merino Sheep, &c. &c.

DAN, J. CLOETE, High Sheriff.



**B. Daneel**  
HAS ALWAYS ON HAND  
COFFEE, white and brown Rice, brown and white Sugar  
Candy, Caper Tea, Ginger and Chou Chou Preserves,  
Cinnamon, Pepper, Cloves, Nutmegs, Stone and Indigo  
Blue, Lead, Gunpowder and Shot, Blacking, No. 4, Spades,  
Junk, Liverpool, Castles, and London Soap, Cigars, To-  
bacco, Clay Pipes, in small boxes, Cora Shavers, Green Pea,  
Fresh Dates, best white and Loaf Sugar, Sweet and Cocoa  
Nut Oil, Masticum Sugar, all qualities, Boiled and Raw Oil,  
in 1, 2, and 3 gallon jars, White and Red Lead, Blue, Green,  
and Black Paints, &c., &c.

ALSO,  
just received, and For Sale at reduced prices, a splendid  
assortment of  
**Hanging Paper.**  
Stores, No. 45, Church-street.

**B. Daneel**  
HAS received per cent arrivals, a large and  
varied assortment of  
**WINTER GOODS.**  
suitable to TOWN and COUNTRY TRADE, viz:—  
Drab and Blue Pilot Cloth  
White, Green, and Blue Baize  
Flannels and Coatings  
Black Cassimeres, Superior Black and Blue Cloth  
Raney Dressings and Buckskins  
Shepherds' Plaids, Plain and Printed Molekins and  
Velvetines  
Duck, Wagon Canvas, Cotton Tweed and Cantones  
Hunters' Cord, Grey and White Swansdown  
Black, Blue, and Drab Corduroys  
Coloured Counterpanes, Woolen and Cotton Blankets  
Silk and Cotton Waistcoats, and Cotton Shirts  
Waterproof Cloaks and Cloth Jackets  
Grey and White Panjamas, Grey and White Baftas  
Grey and White Domestic  
Shirtings and Sheetings, Checks  
Prints and Printed Dresses  
Brown and White Cotton Shirts  
Regatta and Blue Stripe Shirts  
Blue and Red Chambrays, Bed Tick  
Hbsey, in great variety  
Malay and Coloured Cotton Handkerchiefs  
Rich Linn and Cashmere Shawls and Handkerchiefs  
Coloured Alpaca, Coburg and Orleans  
Imitation Cotton Bands, Verons and Berkeley Hand-  
kerchiefs  
Scales, Jaconet Linings  
Woolen Shawls and Handkerchiefs  
Thread and Colours' Reels, Cashmere Scarfs  
Black and Coloured Cravats, Pies, Hooks and Eyes  
Combs, Needles, Braids, Gimps, Circassian Figure and  
Cashmerettes  
A large assortment of Winter Dresses  
Men's Brown Fustians and Merino Shirts  
Men's Drab Felt Hats and Velvet Pile, and also a large  
assortment of  
**NEW STYLE VOERCHITZ, &c., &c.**  
all of which are for sale at reasonable prices.  
Stores, No. 45, Church Street.  
**Daily expected per "Ipswich," further  
additions.**

**TO TOWN & COUNTRY DEALERS.**  
**Henry Rudd & Co.**  
HAVE ON SALE, EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENTS OF  
COTTON, WOOL, & SILK MANUFACTURES,  
Also,  
SUPERIOR RIO COFFEE, CAPER TEA  
MAURITIUS SUGAR, in various qualities  
SWEETMILK CHEESE, CURRANTS, SUGAR  
CANDY  
CRUSHED SUGAR, LONDON SOAP, SWEET OIL  
TALLOW, COMPOSITE and SPERM CANDLES  
VINEGAR, in Cases and Bottles, PICKLES, BOTTLED  
FRUITS  
CASSIA, NUTMEGS, MACR, CLOVES, ALLSPICE,  
TOBACCO, GINGER PRESERVES, PEPPERMINT  
BISCUITS, in cases and tins  
REAL WORCESTER SAUCE  
BOILED and RAW OILS, in jars and tins  
PAINTERS' DRY COLOURS, PAINTS and PAINT  
LEADS, and VARNISH  
PAPER HANGINGS, GLUE, INKS, PIPECLAY  
PACKING PAPERS, INDIGO, ALUM, BATH  
BRICKS  
LAMP BLACK, BRIMSTONE, BLUE  
BLACKING, WHITING, WINDOW GLASS,  
BAR LEAD, SHOT, SPADES  
GLASS, in DECANTERS, TUMBLERS and WINES  
BRANDY, in cases of 9 and 19 GALLONS  
OFFAL & BARK TANNED SOLE LEATHER  
LONG & SHORT BOOT FRONTS, &c. &c.  
St. George's Street.

**SWEDISH PLOUGHS.**  
THE Undersigned have just imported their annual invest-  
ment of SWEDISH PLOUGHS, which they offer to  
Agriculturists and the Trade at low prices,  
ON SALE ALSO,  
Spare Wrought and Cast Iron Ploughshares, together with  
other Furniture for Ploughs.  
J. LETTERSTEDT & Co.,  
Princes Street, March 9.

**Guano for Sale**  
OF the best quality, at the Stores of  
No. 3 Heeregracht.  
**DE VILLIERS & DU TOIT,**  
Auctioneers, General Agents, Collectors,  
AND  
**MANAGERS OF ESTATES,**  
PORT ELIZABETH, ALGOA BAY.  
OFFICE IN MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE THE  
STORES OF MESSRS. MAYNARDS, KUHR, & Co.

**Stellenbosch Municipality.**  
THE ORDINARY QUARTERLY FAIR, will be held in  
Adderly square, on FRIDAY, the 24th June, 1853,  
and commence at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.  
By Order of Commissioners,  
P. KORSTEN, Sec.  
Stellenbosch, June 14, 1853.

**Fruit Trees.**  
THE Undersigned offers for Sale his annual  
variety of young GRAFTED FRUIT TREES, of the  
best description. Apply to Mr. P. MARAIS, Long Street  
or to the Undersigned at his residence at Great Drakenstein.  
C. BRINK, Jr.  
**GRAFTED FRUIT TREES.**  
THE Undersigned has on hand a quantity of  
superior young Fruit Trees, of every description and  
size; and as the early and continual application proves that  
purchasers of previous years have found that a good article  
recommends itself, no further commendation is necessary.  
They may be had, as heretofore, from Mr. I. F. VOL-  
LENBOECH,  
Market Square, or from the Undersigned at Stellen-  
bosch.  
J. VAN DER BYL.

**Notes Stolen.**  
THE following BANK NOTES were stolen on  
the 28th ult. from the Shop of Mr. JAMES McDERMID,  
No. 10, Postmaster, of Prince Albert.  
4 Union Bank, Nos. 1472, 3147, 744,  
3042, ea. £5.  
1 South African, No. 8258, £5.  
1 Eastern Province, No. 1159, £1.  
1 Colonial Bank, No. 1591, £5.  
Any information will be THANKFULLY RECEIVED at  
Mr. McDERMID'S, Prince Albert, or by his Agents in Cape  
Town, Messrs. HENRY RUDD & Co.  
June 10th, 1853.

**THE PAARL BANK.**  
250 Additional Shares.  
TENDERS for the aforementioned SHARES  
(being the remainder of the 500 Additional Shares  
which the Directors were authorized to issue) will be received  
by the undersigned at the Bank, till MONDAY, the 20th  
instant, at 10 o'clock, A. M.  
By Order of Directors,  
ISAAC J. DE VILLIERS, J. N. SON, Cashier.

**WESTERN PROVINCE  
BANK.**  
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.  
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Annual  
General Meeting of Shareholders will be held on  
FRIDAY, the 15th July next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon,  
in the Bank Premises, for the purpose of receiving from the  
Directors a general statement of the affairs of the Bank,  
and of electing two Directors in the room of Messrs. D. A.  
DE VILLIERS and J. C. KLEYN, who retire.  
By Order of Directors,  
B. P. DE PLESSIS, Cashier.

**PEREMPTORY PUBLIC SALE OF  
MOVEABLE & IMMOVEABLE  
PROPERTY,**  
AT HOTTENTOTS HOLLAND.  
MR. EGBERT BRINK, J. H. son, being about to Re-  
move to the interior, and wishing to disencumber  
himself of all his property here, has authorized the under-  
signed to sell by Public Auction  
**On Tuesday,**  
THE 21st INSTANT,  
1. His well known DWELLING PLACE called Zeemans  
Hoop, situated at Hottentots Holland, measuring  
morgen and square rods, planted with upwards of  
450,000 Vines, which annually yield a good vintage,  
Orchard and Kitchen Garden, and sufficient fertile ground for 10,000  
Vines more, and extensive and productive arable and pasture  
lands, with abundance of unobstructed water, sufficient to  
drive a large mill in the driest seasons. The Buildings on  
the Farm are good, and comprise Dwelling House, Store,  
Servant's apartments, Stabling, and Sticks Kraals, all in  
good repair.  
2. MOVEABLE EFFECTS, viz:—Furniture, comprising  
Suckrats, Leaguers, Vats, Half-Aboms, Buckets, Funnels,  
a Brandy Still complete, Ploughs, Harrows, Hares, two  
good Carts, eight excellent Draught and Saddle Horses, &c.,  
Also, various articles of Furniture, such as Tables, Chairs,  
Wardrobes, Bedsteads, Mirrors, Glass, Earthenware,  
Kitchen Utensils, &c., &c., all without Reserve.  
**Liberal Strykmony and Bonus will  
be given.**  
and the Conditions of Sale made easy for the purchaser.  
C. P. LINDENBERG, Auctioneer.  
Stellenbosch, June 11, 1853.

**PUBLIC SALE OF  
IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY**  
AND  
**HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,  
IN CAPE TOWN.**  
In the Estate of the late Mr. J. W. MEYER, Sen.  
**ON MONDAY,**  
The 20th June next,  
At 10 o'clock, will be sold, by the rise and fall,  
With liberal Competition Money,  
THE large and substantially built double-storied  
DWELLING HOUSE and PREMISES, situated in  
Serravallo-street, containing ten Rooms, Pantry, Stairs,  
and men's or Boarding House, well suited for a Mercantile Establish-  
ment, or Boarding House. As also several articles of  
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, such as Tables, Chairs, Bedsteads,  
Glass Cases, &c. &c.  
J. W. MEYER, J. W. son,  
Assumed Executor.  
Mr. J. G. STREYLER, Auctioneer.

**PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE  
LANDED PROPERTY,**  
AT GREAT DRACKENSTEIN,  
In the Insolvent Estate of Carel Albrecht Haupt, J. son.  
WILL BE PUBLICLY SOLD, ON THE SPOT, ON  
**THE 30th JUNE, 1853,**  
That well-known Farm, called  
**"BETHLEHEM,"**  
SITUATE at Great Drakenstein, in the Division of Stellen-  
bosch, and adjoining Quitten's Land. This Farm is  
planted with about 100,000 Vines and a variety of Fruit  
Trees; has excellent Garden Ground and Pasture, and is  
certainly one of the most fertile Farms in the District.  
A large and commodious Dwelling House is erected thereon  
and many other Outbuildings all in a very good state of  
repair.  
**Liberal Bonns will be given.**  
The Conditions of Sale and further particulars may be  
ascertained at the Office of the late Undersigned, and at Mr.  
G. L. STREYLER, at the Paarl.  
C. J. C. GIE, Joint  
G. L. STREYLER, J. Treasur.  
Cape Town, 1st June, 1853.

**Notice to Creditors and Debtors.**  
In the Estate of the late Schalk Willem Du Toit, and sur-  
viving Spouse Maria Margaretha Du Toit.  
ALL Persons claiming to be Creditors in this Estate, are  
requested to file their Claims with the Undersigned,  
within three months from this date, and those indebted  
thereto, to pay their Debts within the same period.  
H. L. DE LANGE VOS,  
Assumed Executor.  
Church Street, Tulbagh, June 7, 1853.

**ADVERTISMENT.**  
ON the 2nd July next, will be publicly sold in the village  
of Clanwilliam, for account of the Church, a good  
second hand horse wagon, lately brought into a state of  
thorough repair.  
P. H. S. VAN ZYL, Elder.  
Clanwilliam, June 11, 1853.

**FIRST TROOP.**  
150 extra fat slaughter, draught and  
young Oxen and Cows.  
ON TUESDAY, the 21st instant, the undersigned will  
cause to be publicly sold at the place of Mr. THOMAS  
MORRIS, Fox and Hound's Inn, Erste River, the above  
number of Cattle, all in excellent condition, which are sure  
to be present and will not be privately disposed of.  
D. WEGE.  
June 10, 1853. Mr. J. WEGE, Auctioneer.  
The cattle may be inspected on the previous day at  
"Schildpad Valley," Viaggberg.

**220 extra fat slaughter Oxen,  
slaughter Cows, draught and  
young Oxen.**  
ON THURSDAY, the 23d instant, the undersigned will  
cause to be sold at the place of Mr. JAN DE WAAL,  
Saxenburg, the above number of EXTRA FAT CATTLE.  
Butchers and others may be assured that a similar troop  
of Cattle has not been offered for a considerable time. Pur-  
chasers would therefore do well to attend this sale.  
June 7, 1853. J. P. DEMPERS.  
Mr. J. WEGE, Auctioneer.

**"DE GOEDE HOOP" LODGE**  
Anniversary of St. John Baptist.  
NOTICE is hereby given, that the celebration  
of the Anniversary of St. John Baptist will take place  
on SATURDAY, the 25th INSTANT, when the Br. of the  
Craft are requested to attend.  
Business will commence at one p.m. precisely.  
A Subscription List for the Dinner lies for signature in the  
Society Room of the Lodge.  
Cape Town, June 15, 1853.

**Notice to Creditors and Debtors.**  
In the Estate of the late EDWARD FREDRICK WYLD,  
Esq., and surviving Spouse Mrs. ANNA AMELIA TAUTER.  
THE Directors of the South African Association,  
in their capacity as General Agents to the above-named  
Estate, and as Executors of the will of the said late  
Edward Frederick Wyld, hereby call upon all those having  
any Claims of what nature soever, against the said Estate,  
to file and certify the same within the first ensuing three  
months, at the Office of said Association, No. 5, Church  
Square; whilst those indebted thereon, are likewise called  
upon to settle their Debts before the expiration of said term  
of three months.  
A. FAURE, Jr., Sec.  
Cape Town, Church-square, No. 5,  
June 15, 1853.

**PUBLIC SALE**  
In the Estate of the late Edward Frederick Wyld, Esq., and  
surviving Widow Anna Amelia Tauter.  
THE Directors of the S. A. Association for the Adminis-  
tration and Settlement of Estates, as General Agents  
of Mrs. the Widow of the late Edward Frederick Wyld,  
Esq., who is the Executrix Dative to the above Estate, will  
cause to be publicly sold,  
**On TUESDAY, the 25th instant,**  
At 10 o'clock, a.m.,  
**IN THE VILLAGE OF WORCESTER,**  
All the effects belonging to the joint Estate, consisting of  
Household Furniture, a Cottage Piano, Books, Bedding,  
Kitchen Utensils, Plated and Earthenware, three Horses, &c., &c.  
A. FAURE, Jr., Sec.  
Cape Town, Church Square, No. 5,  
15th June, 1853.  
Messrs. DE VILLIERS & HAUPT, Auctioneers.

**SCHOOL AT BREA'DA'S DORP.**  
THE Undersigned begs to intimate to the in-  
habitants of Breda's Dorp and its environs, that she  
has opened a School for Girls at Breda's Dorp on MONDAY,  
the 13th instant. In the course of two or three months she  
will also be prepared to receive Boarders, which will afford  
a favorable opportunity to Parents in the country who may  
wish to give their daughters a good education.  
Breda's Dorp, June 15, 1853. B. HECKROODT.

**FOR SALE OR TO LET.**  
A HOUSE, with suitable Out Offices, Stabling,  
Garden, &c., situated in the best part of Green Point—  
Esquire of the proprietor.  
ABR. DE SMIDT,  
Great Schuur, Rondebosch 15th, June 1853.

**Gun for Sale.**  
THE Undersigned offers for Private Sale, an EXCELLENT  
SINGLE BARREL GUN. SILVER MOUNTED,  
GROOVED AND TWISDED.—Apply at the Office of this  
Paper, or to the owner.  
Cape Town, June 14, 1853. J. P. LOUW.

**MEETING OF THE  
STELLENBOSCH TURF CLUB.**  
A MEETING of the Members of this Club  
will be held in the Reading Room here on MON-  
DAY the 20th INSTANT, at 10 o'clock A.M., for the  
purpose of electing Stewards, and to fix the days for the next  
Spring Meeting.  
Those Gentlemen who wish to become Members of this  
Club, are also requested to attend the above Meeting.  
By Order,  
JOHN MADER, Secretary.  
Stellenbosch, June 4, 1853.

**Notice to Creditors and Debtors.**  
In the Estate of the late Schalk Willem Du Toit, and sur-  
viving Spouse Maria Margaretha Du Toit.  
ALL Persons claiming to be Creditors in this Estate, are  
requested to file their Claims with the Undersigned,  
within three months from this date, and those indebted  
thereto, to pay their Debts within the same period.  
H. L. DE LANGE VOS,  
Assumed Executor.  
Church Street, Tulbagh, June 7, 1853.

**ADVERTISMENT.**  
ON the 2nd July next, will be publicly sold in the village  
of Clanwilliam, for account of the Church, a good  
second hand horse wagon, lately brought into a state of  
thorough repair.  
P. H. S. VAN ZYL, Elder.  
Clanwilliam, June 11, 1853.

**FIRST TROOP.**  
150 extra fat slaughter, draught and  
young Oxen and Cows.  
ON TUESDAY, the 21st instant, the undersigned will  
cause to be publicly sold at the place of Mr. THOMAS  
MORRIS, Fox and Hound's Inn, Erste River, the above  
number of Cattle, all in excellent condition, which are sure  
to be present and will not be privately disposed of.  
D. WEGE.  
June 10, 1853. Mr. J. WEGE, Auctioneer.  
The cattle may be inspected on the previous day at  
"Schildpad Valley," Viaggberg.

**220 extra fat slaughter Oxen,  
slaughter Cows, draught and  
young Oxen.**  
ON THURSDAY, the 23d instant, the undersigned will  
cause to be sold at the place of Mr. JAN DE WAAL,  
Saxenburg, the above number of EXTRA FAT CATTLE.  
Butchers and others may be assured that a similar troop  
of Cattle has not been offered for a considerable time. Pur-  
chasers would therefore do well to attend this sale.  
June 7, 1853. J. P. DEMPERS.  
Mr. J. WEGE, Auctioneer.

**100 extra fat Slaughter, Draught and young  
Oxen.**  
THE Undersigned will cause to be publicly sold on SA-  
TURDAY, the 18th instant, at Groenbergh, at the place  
of Mr. G. M. DE VILLIERS, called "Driefontein," the  
above number of Slaughter, Draught and young Oxen  
and Cows, which are sure to be present, and will not be disposed  
of by private bargain.  
J. J. DE VILLIERS, Pa  
June 1, 1853.  
Messrs. DE VILLIERS & HAUPT, Adms.

**150 extra fat heavy Slaughter Oxen.**  
ON MONDAY, the 20th instant, the Undersigned will  
cause to be publicly sold at Jonsteburg, at the place  
of Mr. J. C. DE WAAL, the above number of very fat  
Slaughter Oxen, which are sure to be present.  
J. J. DE VILLIERS, Pa.  
June 1, 1853.  
Messrs. DE VILLIERS & HAUPT, Adms.

**45 Extra fat heavy Slaughter Oxen,  
92 do do Draught Oxen,  
92 do do young Oxen, and  
32 do Cows.**  
WILL be sold on TUESDAY, the 21st inst.  
at the place of Mr. G. M. DE VILLIERS, called  
Driefontein, situated at Groenbergh.  
Messrs. DE VILLIERS & HAUPT, Adms.

**220 Slaughter, Draught and Young Oxen &  
Cows.**  
THE Undersigned will cause to be publicly sold  
on WEDNESDAY, the 22d instant, at Dal Joseph-t.  
at the place of the widow P. J. H. DE WAAL, the above number of  
Slaughter, Draught and Young Oxen and Cows, which are  
sure to be present.  
D. J. A. VAN DER SPUY.  
June 14, 1853.  
Messrs. DE VILLIERS & HAUPT, Adms.

**220 fat slaughter Oxen and  
40 do do Cows.**  
ON FRIDAY, the 24th instant, the Undersigned will  
cause to be publicly sold at the place of Mr. J. C. DE  
WAAL, Jonsteburg, the above number of extra fat slaughter  
Oxen and Cows, which are sure to be present, and will not  
be previously disposed of.  
D. J. A. VAN DER SPUY.  
June 14, 1853.  
Messrs. DE VILLIERS & HAUPT, Adms.

**30 Extra fat heavy draught Oxen, and  
98 draught and young Oxen and Cows,**  
WILL be sold on THURSDAY, the 25d inst.  
at the place of Mr. JACOBUS LOUW, formerly of  
Mr. W. J. ESTERHOFFS, near Mr. C. J. K. BRESLER, at  
Zwartland.  
Messrs. DE VILLIERS & HAUPT, Adms.

**Third Troop of Cattle.**  
Consisting of 130 heavy Slaughter Oxen and  
20 ditto Cows.  
THE Undersigned will cause to be sold, on the  
1st of July next, on the place of Mr. ARNOLD DE  
WAAL, Jonsteburg, the above number of cattle. They are  
assured to be in better condition than the second troop, will  
certainly be present on the day of Sale and will not be privately  
disposed of.  
J. M. ENSLIN, Jun.  
Messrs. DE VILLIERS & HAUPT, Vendue Adm.

**Second Troop.**  
80 very fat Slaughter Oxen, 20 do, Cows, 50  
Trained and Young Oxen.  
ON FRIDAY, the 17th June, will be sold at  
the Farm of Mr. JAN DE WAAL, Saxenburg, the above-  
mentioned number of FAT CATTLE, for account of Mr. JAN  
G. DELPORT.  
D. A. DE VILLIERS, Auctioneer.  
Paarl, 30th May, 1853.

**153 extra fat Slaughter Oxen.**  
ON SATURDAY, the 18th June, the Undersigned  
will cause to be publicly sold at the place of Mr.  
JAC. DE WAAL, Jonsteburg, the above number of extra  
fat slaughter Oxen, well worth the attention of Butchers,  
being in prime condition.  
M. A. GOETZ.  
May 30, 1853.  
Mr. D. A. DE VILLIERS, Auctioneer.

**Third Troop.**  
80 extra fat slaughter Oxen,  
30 do do Cows,  
50 trained and untrained young Oxen.  
ON MONDAY, the 20th June next, the Un-  
dersigned will cause to be publicly sold on the farm of  
Mr. JAN DE WAAL, Saxenburg, the above number of extra  
fat slaughter and draught Oxen and Cows, which are  
sure to be present and will not be disposed of, or are sure to be present  
on the day of Sale.  
J. G. DELPORT.  
May 30, 1853.  
D. A. DE VILLIERS, Auctioneer.

**70 superior slaughter Oxen,  
50 do do Cows,  
80 trained draught and young Oxen,  
among which several colored Teams.**  
ON TUESDAY, the 21st June, the Undersigned will  
cause to be sold the above number of Cattle, on the  
place of Mr. JAC. MYRHOFF, "Eenzaamheid."  
Paarl, June 7, 1853. A. A. VAN NIEROP.  
Mr. D. A. DE VILLIERS, Auctioneer.

**160 superior slaughter Oxen and  
Cows.**  
WILL be sold on THURSDAY the 23d June,  
on the Place of Mr. J. MYRHOFF, Eenzaamheid,  
purchased by the Undersigned for cash.  
Paarl, June 7, 1853. D. D. KRYNDAUW.  
Mr. D. A. DE VILLIERS, Auctioneer.

**120 extra fat slaughter, draught and young  
Oxen and Cows.**  
THE Undersigned will sell by public auction  
on SATURDAY, the 25th instant, at the place of  
Mr. A. J. LOUW, Paarl Distillery, the above number of fat  
Cattle.  
Paarl, June 15, 1853. D. A. DE VILLIERS, Adm.

**STRAYED OR STOLEN,** in the month of February  
from the farm "Aryskop," Zwartland, 4 Horses,  
being a brown Stallion, rising 2 years, with a small star  
in his forehead; a black Mare, with a white star in her  
eye; out of the same age, and a dark brown Mare, with  
small star, white spots to the hind foot, and rising 3 years  
— they are all well bred. Any one giving information will be  
rewarded. Foundmasters and others are requested to give  
notice on the farm "Aryskop," or to the undersigned,  
Stellenbosch, "Over the Sieg," where all expenses will be paid.  
Stellenbosch, June 8, 1853. P. A. M. BRINK, Da.

**SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.**  
ARRIVED IN TABLE BAY.  
June 12. Zee, brig, 191 tons, W. James, from Capetown  
April 10, to this port. Cargo coals.  
12. Sir Robert Peel, Royal Mail Steamer, 234 tons, J.  
Baker, from Port Natal June 5, East London June 7, Algoa  
Bay June 9, to this port. Cargo sundries. Passengers, Genl.  
Major Frisdon, Capt. D. P. Ass. Com. Genl. Smith,  
Capt. G. Graham, and Mr. J. E. Howes. Mr. and Mrs. N.  
North, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Howes, Mr. and Mrs. W.  
Norrish, Dickson, Eastwood, Morewood, Oppenheim,  
Whittingall, Thomson, Klink, Eldon, and P. R. Reed,  
24 in the steerage, 7 servants.  
13. Wm. Frederick, bark, J. Stephenson, from this port  
May 31, to Malmmain. Fat back with bowsprit spruce,  
muscovad, main top-gallant sail split.  
14. Indimola, 3 masted American schooner, 520 tons, J.  
Cathcart, from New York April 5, to Port Phillip. Cargo  
sundries. Passengers, Messrs. McDonald, Holberg, L. Van  
Buden, and Russell. Put in with bowsprit spruce.  
14. Adelf, brig, 333 tons, H. Bell, from London Feb 20,  
to Sydney. Cargo sundries. Passengers, Mrs. Bell, Messrs.  
Lamb, F. re, Johnson, and Cobb, 12 intermediate, and 14  
in the steerage. Put in for supplies.  
SAILED OUT OF TABLE BAY.  
June 11. Louisa, schooner, Y. Colles, to Swan River.  
12. Columbia, bark, J. Ramsay, to Noumea.  
13. Natal, bark, A. B. B. to Saldanha Bay.  
14. Rachel, schooner, J. Davis, to Houdekup Bay.

**ARRIVED IN SIMON'S BAY.**  
June 14. H.M. Ship Hercules, Commander Barnten, from  
Cork April 14, to Sydney. Passengers, 327 men, women  
and children. Put in for water.  
SAILED OUT OF SIMON'S BAY.  
June 10. Christian, Danish, C. Paterson, to Copenhagen.

**Opgeaf van Koloniale Opbrengst, de Stads Markt  
geopend, van den 11 tot den 14 Juny, 1853.**  
Amanduis, lbs. 93 Potatoes, do. 26  
Aardappelen, mudden, 126 Okkermouten, lbs. 365  
Azen, legger, 14 Paistes, mudden 349  
Bonnen, mudden, 48 Rog, do. 349  
Boter, lbs. 259 Rozynen lbs. 249  
Brandewyn, legger, 9 Schapevellen, stukken, 461  
Bokkevellen, stukken, 396 Stroo, zakken  
Drooge Ousebuisen, do. 11 Tabak, lb.  
Erwten, mudden, 22 Garst, mudden  
Garst, mudden, 22 Ujen, mudden, 221  
Hoorns, stukken 61 Ujeren, Bedde, lb.  
Honis, lbs. 61 Wyn, ordinaire, legger, 7  
Haver, mudden, 527 Wol, steen, lb. 70  
Hooi, vrachten, 4 Wyn, steen, lb. 70  
Kaf, zakken, 77 Zerp, lbs.  
Knoors, mudden, 194 Zout, mudden,  
Linzen, do. 221 Zuurlem, stap, 1 aan.

**Statement of Colonial Produce passed the Town  
Market from the 11 to the 14 June 1853.**  
Almonds, lbs. 93 Potatoes, do. 26  
Barley, Maids, 53 Sweets, maids 543  
Beans, do. 43 Raisins, lbs. 349  
Brandy, Leguers, 9 Rie, Maids, 74  
Butter, lbs. 259 Salt, do. 349  
Cheff, Soeks, 277 Skins, Goat, Pieces, 396  
Feathers, Bed, lb. 61 Sleep, do. 401  
Hay, Load, 4 Soap, lbs.  
Hies Ox, Pieces, 11 Straw, sacks,  
Horns, do. 61 Tobacco, mudden  
Honey, lbs. 271 Tallow, lb.  
Lemon Juice, 1-aum, Vinegar, Leguers, 11  
Lentils, mudden 51 Wine, com.  
Maize, Maids, 51 Wheat, Maids, 494  
Oats, do. 527 Walnuts, lbs. 151  
Onions, Maids, 221 Wool, lbs.  
Peas, Maids, 221 Wine Stone, 70

**MARKT PIRZEN**  
Van den 13 tot den 15 Juny 1853.

	13 Juny	14 Juny	15 Juny
Aloe per lb.	0 00	0 00	0 00
Amanduis per lb.	0 05	0 05	0 05
Appelen per lb.	0 00	0 00	0 00
Abrikozen, per ditto Apricot ditto	0 10	0 10	0 10
Aardappelen, per mud Potatoes p mud	4 20	4 20	4 20
Azen, per legger	51 00	51 00	51 00
Bonen per mud	31 20	31 40	31 40
Boter per pond	1 02	1 25	1 25
Brandewyn per legger Brandy per leg	275 00	327 00	327 00
Drooge Ousebuisen, Dry Ox Hies do	0 64	1 61	1 61
Eenden en Makouwen Duck & Musc	1 10	1 61	1 61
Erwten per mud	16 00	16 40	16 40
Garst ditto	7 40	9 00	9 00
Genzen per stuk	2 05	2 43	2 43
Haver per mud	7 00	9 13	9 13
Havergeper per 100 Ousebuisen per	2 73	2 73	2 73
Honders per stuk	0 53	1 12	1 12
Houtskolen per zak	0 00	0 00	0 00
Honig per pond	0 00	0 00	0 00
Kaesen, Knappich pr lb. Cheese, Cape	0 00	0 00	0 00
Kalkoenen per stuk	0 00	0 00	0 00
Kaf per 16 zakken	56 00	58 00	58 00
Koorn per 1 mud	12 70	17 00	17 00
Leuzen per mud	0 00	0 00	0 00
Meel, dito	8 00	9 10	9 10
Meel, fyn, per 100 lb. Flour, fine 100 lb	0 00	0 00	0 00
Okkernooten pr lb.	0 00	0 00	0 00
Olkampanden pr lb. Eleph. Teeth lb	0 00	0 00	0 00
Peren per pond	0 00	0 00	0 00
Persiken ditto	0 03	0 22	0 22
Rog per mud	8 70	9 73	9 73
Rozynen per lb.	1 13	1 15	1 15
Schapevellen pr stuk Sheep Skins ea	0 00	0 00	0 00
Schapevellen pr stuk Sheep Skins ea	0 32	0 44	0 44
Mertionellen pr stuk Sheep Skins ea	0 50	1 05	1 05
Tyger, Leeuw & Struis Lion, Tiger & Oo-	35 00	35 00	35 00
vellen per stuk	0 00	0 00	0 00
Ujeren per mud	7 20	7 70	7 70
Varkens, gemeste	35 40	35 40	35 40
ongemeste	0 00	0 00	0 00
speek	3 40	3 40	3 40
Vederes, Strids pr lb. Feathers, Ost. lb.	0 00	0 00	0 00
bedde pr lb.	0 00	0 00	0 00
Vet of Talk per pond. Suet or Tallow lb	0 00	0 00	0 00
Vy			







voor een dekel en veldstiel te verspreiden... tucht wordt verspreid... en uitnemendheden in eenen degen...

Maar om struikrooien en "woelen" tegen te gaan, kan wellicht geen stelsel dadelijk zoo goedkoop en zoo krachtig worden uitgedrukt. Er was verder dit voorbeeld...

Het is echter even blykbaar, dat de wyze waarop dit geschiedt moet, geheel moet overgelaten worden aan de beslissing van de koloniale wetgeving, en wy kunnen niet...

ORANJERIVIER SOUVEREINTEIT.

Mynheer!—Veroorloft my dat ik by uw artikel van heden over Kaapse aangelegenheden... de nieuwste toevoegingen tot het Zuid-Afrikaansche...

Deze zaak is van een groot belang, en de kolonisten moeten overgemaakt worden, onder uitdrukkelijk beding, dat Britsche hulp niet vereischt zal worden tot behoud...

Er mogt eenige zyn, die er niet te betrouwen in vinden dat Lord Grey den kwaden... door een mededingende republiek een hoorende, afstaand...

aan de Oranje Rivier, en aan Natal, dat de Trans-Vaal Emigranten, die Downing Street, naar niet de verheven...

In allen gevalle, mynheer, verzoek ik u te bedenken, dat het eerste teken van het verval van Rome bestond in het...

106, Eaton-Square, 19 Maart.

PORT NATAL.

LOCAL POLITICS.—The official Despatches by the present mail, contain, we believe, intelligence to the following effect.

The Secretary of State has also taken into consideration the recommendation of the Lt. Governor in regard to the propriety of introducing a more popular element into the Local Government.

With the view we believe of advancing this object in some measure, the Local Government have resolved on giving a title to some of the Kafirs. For example, as we understand it, the Surveyor General is authorized to proceed immediately to the Unvoti Location for the purpose of surveying 30 allotments of 13 acres each...

Although the commencement is to be made in those locations which have been favoured with the labours of missionaries, it is not intended to confine the abovementioned grants to Christian Kafirs. Such a restriction would be likely to foster a spirit of hypocrisy and falsehood...

The present Mail brings intelligence of the failure of the firm of Berthell & Jung of London, in a large amount. report says £30 to £50,000. We are happy to learn, on an undoubted authority, that this event in no way affects the standing or credit of any mercantile house in Natal.

Mr. Berthell having married into a very wealthy Jewish family, (the head of which died lately) it has been matter of surprise that his friends did not come forward to avert this catastrophe. We understand, however, that private reasons prevented their doing so...

THE WOOL TRADE.—It is with no small degree of pleasure that we are able to hold out hopes of the rapid increase in the production of wool. The Mooi River Farmers report that no impediment exists to the indefinite export of wool from our country...

THE WEATHER.—Friday, May 6th.—This is the beginning of winter, at least, according to boreal calculations, the cold weather sets fairly in. In the evening, the town witnessed, it is commended about six, and continued about three quarters of an hour, and rain, and a heavy shower of hail.

RUMOUR OF WAR.—A short time ago, a deserter from the Cape Mounted Rifle Corps, who had escaped across the border, and resided some time with Pandas, returned to Pietermaritzburg, and reported to Government that an attack upon this District was meditated by that Chief...

PORT ELIZABETH ADDRESS.

To His Excellency Lieutenant Gen. the Hon. GEORGE CATHCART. ADDRESS OF THE MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS AND PUBLIC OF PORT ELIZABETH.

four languages enough to perceive that the maintenance of friendly relations with the British Government, is the surest method of curing his own safety, and promoting the interests of his people.—Natal Mercury, May 19.

PANDA.—Rumours have been afloat that this chief was removing his residence near the Tagela. We believe these rumours are at present without foundation; but the rapid filling up of a portion of this country to the north of Natal, by a large number of Boers and their families, from the further regions of the Trans Vaal, is not unlikely to induce Zulu Chief to fix his head quarters near the British border...

THE ZULU TRADER'S TAX.—Information connected with our relations with Panda, more immediately interesting to the commerce of this colony, has just been brought in by a gentleman who has just returned from the Zulu country. It is to the effect that Panda, acting on the Zulu chief's principle, has imposed a tax on all persons crossing the border for the purpose of trade, of the same amount (£10) as the British license. His emissaries declare that he has adopted this course in pursuance of advice tendered to him by a British subject now residing in his country, but not really holding an official situation in Natal.

The Hon. Mr. Field has returned from his mission of inquiry on the border, and reports the entire absence of any ground for uneasiness. The informant to whom we referred last week was not, it seems, a deserter from the Cape Corps, as we were led to understand, but an escaped prisoner from our gaoel. Ibid.

KAFIR WEDDING.—In its proper place, we have announced the marriage of two Christian Kafirs, in the ordinary way. We know no reason why such an event amongst that part of the coloured population, our fellow subjects, who have renounced the rites and customs of heathenism, and by the agency of Christian teaching, have been elevated to the enjoyment of the dearest privileges of civilization, should not be made known in the same manner amongst the white inhabitants. On this occasion, the principal parties and their friends were dressed in a style at least equal to the class of labourers in their Sunday attire, and the whole ceremony was conducted with the utmost solemnity and order.

GOLD.—A Specimen of quartz from Mr. Cato's farm, slightly gilded, as it were, by electrolysis, was submitted to Mr. Raw for examination. Now as gold is sometimes associated with oxide of iron, and as this specimen contained the oxide, and was deemed advisable to digest in pure nitric acid, and free it from every trace of iron, the quartz, with the presumed tracing of gold, was then placed in nitro-hydro-chloric acid, which completely dissolved the tracing; the active agent being liberated chlorine leaving in solution perchloride of gold, aur. 2. ch. 3. which was precipitated by the usual brown colour, by a salt of the protoxide of iron, and in question.

We publish the above analysis for what it is worth, merely mentioning that Mr. Raw is an educated practical chemist, and entitled to full credit. We regret that statements in Natal papers should have misled the Cape journals into the premature announcement of "gold in Natal" as an accomplished fact. In quoting from a contemporary, the reports of any positive information we did not anticipate that publication of any statement on the exciting subject of gold discoveries, which is not most assuredly warranted by any. Whatever the indications may be, there is as yet no sufficient ground for pronouncing Natal a gold colony.—Natal Mercury, June 2.

Three wagons have arrived from the Trans Vaal for the purpose of conveying the Rev. Mr. Van der Hoff and family to the spring of his labour. The reverend gentleman left Pietermaritzburg on Monday. The Rev. Dr. Faure and Rev. Mr. Van Velden left Pietermaritzburg on Monday for the Klip River, for the objects mentioned in our last issue.

A large quantity of wool, consisting of several wagon loads, came into Pietermaritzburg on Tuesday last, and was sold to different merchants of the town for goods. The wool is said by the judges to be of good quality. It was brought from the Trans Vaal.—Ibid.

NEW ROAD TO THE SOVEREIGNTY.—The expedition left yesterday with instruction to find as northerly an opening as practicable through the mountain. It is expected the expedition will be away about a month or five weeks.—Natal Independent, May 26.

THE KLIP RIVER.—On Saturday last a gentleman of considerable penetration and talent, who has been making for the last month a tour through the division of the Klip River, returned to Pietermaritzburg. The accounts he brings of the state of the country generally and of the people is highly cheering. The policy of encouraging the settlement of the Dutch Farmers in this division has, he observes, an important bearing upon the future prospects of the Colony. The Farmers are cultivating their lands largely and building good substantial houses, and every thing wears the aspect of a most busy husbandry.—Ibid.

THE REV. DR. FAURE returned from his pastoral tour to the Klip River division yesterday. The great interest excited by the opening of the church and the general permanent aspect of affairs represented to be assumed are likely to lead to the whole of that extensive frontier being densely populated, and to as large an independent body immediately beyond.—Ibid.

NEW SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT.—W. C. Sergeant, Esq. has been appointed Secretary to the Government of Natal, and has arrived to enter upon his duties.—Natal Independent, June 2.

It was matter of regret to us on a former occasion when your Excellency visited the waters of Algoa Bay that it was not then in your power to land on our shores to receive the heartfelt congratulations which a loyal people are ever eager to tender to the honourable Representative of our beloved Sovereign on his safe arrival among them; but the pressing business which then called your Excellency away has afforded opportunity to us to witness the able and successful manner in which you have executed the first part of the high commission entrusted to your Excellency in the restoration of peace to our borders; and the congratulations of the people, which before might have been paid as a matter of ceremony and form, are now the grateful homage of grateful hearts to one who has rendered good and important service to this our native or adopted country.

We acknowledge the magnitude of the work already accomplished by your Excellency, and would not forget that the measure by which it is to be estimated is found in the remembrance of the extraordinary and complicated difficulties of the position to which your Excellency on the assumption of the government of South Africa succeeded. But in acknowledging what has been done, and in expressing the confidence of this community in the measures hitherto adopted by your Excellency for Frontier security, it would be idle in us to conceal that we do not regard the work begun otherwise than as only still in progress.

The structure of Frontier defence has been raised, so far as the "material" at hand and at the disposal of your Excellency would go, but that material, we apprehend, it will be admitted, is entirely insufficient, and we shall rejoice to be informed of the truth of that which is currently reported, that a great European immigration measure is contemplated by your Excellency which alone will impart strengthened solidity and completeness to any substantial Frontier defence. Such an immigration measure will require the continued presence of your Excellency and other Executive officers near the Frontier to direct and superintend the work, and it will inspire new confidence in the inhabitants here if they can learn that the bold but providential measure is to be taken by your Excellency of the removal of the seat of government from its present remote situation to the Western Province to a more commanding position in the interior of the colony, a measure contemplated by many of your predecessors but hitherto, for the security and welfare of this country, most unhappily deferred. With such removal of the seat of the supreme government as we hint at to a position where the administration may be rendered not only effective but prompt, and with the concession of self-government to this country in a form worthy of the Sovereign who bestows and constant to the spirit of the people on whom it is conferred, there will then be nothing wanting to open up a new career of honour and greatness to this fine country but boldness of conception in those at the helm of its affairs.

We have heard that timid and feeble policy is in favor, and that it is contemplated by the Imperial Government to commemorate the dawn of the new era of our Colonial History in the manner hinted at in the noble dispatch of the Duke of Newcastle, where the carrying forward by means of free institutions of the blessings and privileges as well as the wealth and power of the British nation into Southern Africa is spoken of, but by an inglorious retreat from ground already occupied in the rash and inconsiderate surrender of the Transvaal Sovereignty. If such a policy is in contemplation, a policy against which the whole Colony, concerned about its own safety, raises its protest, and against which too the whole history of British colonization pleads in language of condemnation, which speaks to the honor as well as to the self-interest of the British nation, we have to interpose on behalf of the inhabitants of this Colony, that your Excellency will interpose and signalize the period of your administration here by the initiation of a far different—to wit the onward policy.

It is to be regretted that the people constrain us to ask an assurance from your Excellency on this subject, and anticipating what its assurance will be, we beg to close this address with congratulations to your Excellency that your day of rule in South Africa has fallen amidst auspicious times, when the occasion may be found by your Excellency to impress upon the Country new and higher direction, and to lay the foundations within it of a noble Anglo-Saxon empire here, which shall be the likeness of the parent state, and stand forth here after as a proud and lasting monument of the magnanimity and foresight of him, under whose administration it was founded in South Africa.

We have the honor to be, &c. &c. John Paterson, Joseph Williams, Alex. Warren, T. Proutoff, J. Anderson, Edw. Slater, W. Pattinson.

Town Office, Port Elizabeth, June 7, 1853.

GOVERNOR'S REPLY.

I have to thank you for the very obliging things you have said to me on this occasion of my first visit to Port Elizabeth. I am glad to find you now are disposed to give credit for my honest and zealous endeavors to restore order in the affairs of the Eastern Frontier of the Colony, which I found disturbed by a wide-spread rebellion and warfare, and a better position than when the care of Government was confided to me by our most Gracious Queen.

I am conscientiously of that opinion myself, and I am sanguine in the hope that the peace which has been restored will prove lasting. It does not rest on promises of treaties, but has been obtained by coercion. I quite agree with you, however, that we must not stand idly looking on at this state of things, and that there is still much to be done to keep and improve the advantages which have been gained. We must endeavor to fill up the voids which have been emptied by the late war, and stand by each other for mutual support, and thus nobly venture to form the advanced guard of progressive civilization.

But those who with noble daring and enterprize place themselves as a barrier in front of the interior Districts, must not be left to their own devices, but must be supported by the means of military support and Rural Police, and provided for in case of need, or otherwise if these things be neglected, I cannot promise and cannot expect that Peace now established or any other can be lasting. I hope that in due time you will find that we have not been idle, but that every endeavor is now being made to improve and secure advantages that have not been gained. I congratulate you on the announcement which has been made of the boon which Her Majesty and Her Government have granted to this Colony of a Representative form of Government. This measure will become the law of the land on the 1st of next month, and no time will be lost in my part in forwarding the preliminary measures through their several stages, so that as soon as possible the Parliament of the Cape may take into its consideration all the matters which have reference to the affairs of the Colony.

AMERICA—THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

(From the Evening Packet.) The State paper style of royal messages to the co-ordinate branches of the legislature of these countries, has long been remarkable for its brevity, and its indelible character, the object being apparently to notice, and its indelible character, the most prominent topics likely to demand attention, but in such a strain as to leave no room for much difference of opinion on the views expressed thereon. Often, at the expense, perhaps, of the graces of composition, the Speech from the Throne, while it seldom exceeds a few sentences, contains allusions to the work of years, either in a few words, or through the other side of the Atlantic, how few documents are commonly so remarkable for their length, as the messages of the American Republic, delivered on the 4th instant, in the capitol of Washington; but, notwithstanding its poetic brevity, it contains a few statements and sentiments which affect the feelings of nations outside the Union. We allude to the declaration of the President, in the name of the American Republic, and the open recognition of slavery, or, as the President gracefully expresses it, involuntary servitude.

Some short time ago we directed the attention of our readers to the agitation by the Cass party upon the subject of the Baker and Clayton Treaty; and we then expressed a hope that the sentiments of those who are in favor of the treaty, and who are in favor of the Cass party, were confined to an inconsiderable party in the States; but we regret to find those sentiments in great part adopted by the Administration of which General Pierce is the leader. The President refers to that period when, sixty-three years ago, Washington congratulated himself and his country upon the then recent acquisition of North Carolina; and he adverts to the question which has been raised on both sides of the Atlantic, whether "the elements of inherent progress in territory, population, and wealth." It cannot be denied that the history of the world furnishes no instance of the rise of any State at once so rapid and so powerful as that

of the United States; but to that very rapidly is due some of the greatest faults in the American character. If they are intelligent they are also vainglorious. If they are energetic, persevering, and brave, they are also confident and overbearing. If they possess the fire and vigor of youth, so do they possess the inexperience, and, in a great measure, its arrogant impetuosity.

General Pierce asserts that the United States have long ago declared themselves the friends of suffering humanity, and by their acts have pronounced their sympathy with the oppressed. Of Liberty, in its most extended sense, wherever it has been closed down, he claims for his nation the championship. The dangers resulting from the extension of territory, and the accumulation of wealth, which proved fatal to the Empire of the Old World have been incurred without disaster. The extension of the States are limited only by the two Great Oceans; and "yet this vast increase of territory has shown itself not only compatible with the harmonious action of the States and the Federal Government, in their respective spheres, but has afforded an additional guarantee of the strength and integrity of both."

No doubt the Americans have won for themselves a position in some respects the most honorable amongst the nations of the earth. Their free institutions—the expansion of their population—the individual liberty they enjoy—the extent and importance of their political and commercial interests—all these the growth of less than a century, constitute subjects for admiration and marvel; but it must not be forgotten that the indomitable energy which lies at the root of their greatness and power, is the peculiar feature in the Anglo-Saxon character; and that the early colonists from these Islands found a territory fresh from the hand of Providence, possessing material which only required that energy to ensure its magnificent development. Thus it is that Great Britain may contemplate the rising greatness of the American Republic with feelings of national pride, as the application of the principle of freedom, by her own children, to a young community in a new country—an expression and further manifestation of those sublime energies which have raised her to the mighty position she now occupies.

It is to be regretted that the great general Pierce must be regarded as the leader of that great Democratic party whose motions it is necessary to watch with caution, and whose arguments are, in many respects, plausible, are frequently more than questionable. When he employs the term "expansion," it does not refer strictly to the growth of such institutions as we have referred to, but to the annexation of territory; and it is remarkable that he adopts the very language employed by the Cass party in reference to the European colonization of Central America; and alludes, after mature consideration, to the annexation of Texas, and the Mexican conquests, as the means of increasing the territory which ought to guide the United States. Those "bold hearts and reaching intellects" for saw dangers which have not been realized, and advocated a policy which has been violated with advantage. But it should be remembered that the President is an interested evidence; he, as well as three of his colleagues, are soldiers whose reputation has been made in that way at 19. He and his administration are the advocates of a principle which has led to their present elevation. At all events it is an experiment opposed to the views of the founders of the Republic, and whatever its effects may be upon the future destinies of the Union, it cannot fail to be watched with anxiety, if not with alarm, by the European Continent.

But upon the common grounds of humanity, we condemn as degrading to any people—as an insult to mankind—the patronage extended to slavery by the new American Government. We care not what difficulties may lie in the way of the emancipation of the colored population, if the arguments in favor of such a measure are supported, it ought to be done once and for ever. Then, no matter how vast her possessions or extended her sway, the title of America to true political greatness is blurred by one "damned spot" which stains and defiles it. The institution of slavery is even now creating a struggle, which, if not averted, will end the Union as a nation.

The interest which Ireland possesses in the social progress and national honour of America need not be pointed out. Millions of her sons have already found an asylum in the cities and regions of the Western Empire; nor must it be forgotten how our sufferings of late years were mitigated by supplies from the Valley of the Mississippi; and even now the efforts opportunities to the industry and honorable ambition of our fellow countrymen. Therefore we are concerned that she should not overstep the limits of her territory, and that she should stand by the states that dims the lustre of the stripes and stars.—Evening Packet.

FIRE AT WINDSOR CASTLE.

The fire that placed the greatest space of our Sovereign and all his costly contents in peril was discovered above the Gothic Dining-room in the North Tower, which is situated at the North corner of the East Terrace. Above this room were apartments used by domestics; and while some of the household articles, burnings wood and saw smoke blow, the same appearances were discovered above nearly at the same time. The alarm was instantly given: Prince Albert, the gentlemen of the household, and the numerous corps of the household, were soon on the spot. As the smoke filled the passages and staircases, the exact locality of the fire was not at first perceived. In a short time, however, the room was penetrated and the furniture of the Gothic Dining-room removed. About seven hundred men of the Fusilier Guards marched up at double quick time; then the Second Life Guards with their fire-engine, and the engines from Windsor. It was found that the fire had originated behind the woodwork, and was therefore extremely difficult of access. Fortunately there was a very full supply of water on every landing, and it was directed on to the burning wood by intelligent men. Meanwhile, a telegraphic message was sent to London for the Fire Brigade; and the soldiers and Castle servants moved the furniture from the rooms placed in immediate peril, the Red and Green Drawing-rooms, the Queen's room in the White Drawing-room on the same floor. The contents of the priceless jeweled armoury were removed from one room to another; but the contents of the plate room were left untouched, as the room was fire-proof. The fire continued to burn in the ceiling of the Gothic Dining-room and in the bedrooms above; but effective measures were taken to prevent it from extending laterally along the other apartments on either side. In consequence of many interruptions to his progress from London, Mr. Baidwood, with two engines, did not arrive until nearly two o'clock, when the fire, which had been burning for four hours, was greatly subdued. Mr. Baidwood soon conquered it, but it was quite extinguished till four o'clock on Sunday morning. Prince Albert took an active part in directing operations, and remained till the close.

The richly-decorated ceiling of the Gothic Dining-room has been ruined, half of it having been burnt and the rest greatly damaged; but the room itself has not suffered materially, while the furniture, pictures, and articles of vertu, were all saved. Above this room most of the bedrooms were more or less destroyed, with their contents. Such immense volumes of water were poured through the burning apartments, that had not due precaution been taken, it would have done more damage than the fire itself; but it was turned into the area of the Castle, and what remained was pumped out next morning by the engines. In the course of last year, in consequence of its having been considered that the Castle was not in a state of sufficient security against fire, Mr. Simpson, one of the Government engineers, was consulted, and an immense basin of tank, covering more than an acre of ground, was constructed at Cranbourne Lodge, one of the highest spots on the Royal property, about four miles from Windsor. A powerful engine was erected on the banks of the Thames immediately under the Castle, by means of which water was pumped into the reservoir at Cranbourne through pipes. A second set of pipes was laid down from Cranbourne to the Castle; and as the reservoir at the former place is on a level with the summit of the Round Tower at Windsor, an admirable supply of water is at all times on full service at every part of the Castle. The extent of the supply may be guessed from the fact, that after six hours' service from a great many pipes on various parts of the Castle, the depth of water in the Cranbourne reservoir was lowered two feet.

Strict inquiries have been instituted, by order of Prince Albert under direction of the Marquis of Breadalbane; and although there has been no official report on the subject, the firemen are all of opinion that the fire originated in the fires used to heat the apartments.

The Queen has, through Lord Hardinge, recognized and graciously approved of the conduct of the soldiers. The inhabitants of Windsor have passed addresses to her Majesty and Prince Albert, "under the alarming circumstances."—Spectator, March 25.

J. J. H. SMYTH, Editor, No. 18, Breestraat.

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