

Handwritten signature or initials in the top right corner.

Vanmiddag... Het is niet... van de versterking van het Britsche leger in de Krim... 20

De telegrafische berichten van Warsau, December 25, 1854... De militaire ingenieurs hebben stellige bevelen van de Keizer...

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer heeft Vice-Admiral... van de Oostzee... De Keizer heeft Vice-Admiral... van de Oostzee...

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

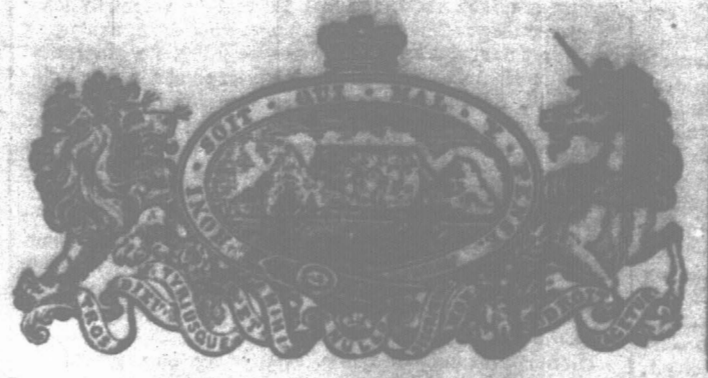
De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

De Keizer van Rusland, op zijn reis... naar de Westelijke kust... De Keizer zal niet uitschieten.

Uitgevoerd te No. 11, Waterloos, Kapsel... de eerste maal... 20



Published at No. 11, Waterloos, Cape Town... de eerste maal... 20

De Zuid-Afrikaan.

AGENTEN VOOR DIT BLAD IN DE BUITEN DISTRIKTEN.

De Hr. W. P. R. Dizon, Bloemfontein, De Hr. J. C. Hofmeyr, Burgersdorp; De Hr. C. Pritchard, Beaufort; De Hr. Th. Oosterh, Caledon; De Hr. P. C. van Elteren, C... 20

DEEL XXV. MAANDAG DEN 10 MAART 1855. No. 2,015.

Nieuwe Goederen,

DE HEEREN GEORGE GREIG & Co., hebben ont... van bovengemeld Vaartuij... 20

GARNIZOEN SCHOUBURG.

Ten behoeve van het Vaderlands... levend Fonds... 20

De Protecteur,

BRAND EN LEVENS ASSURANTIE... MAATSCHAPPY... 20

Henry Rudd & Co.

HEBBEN ontvangen per "Ellen Rawson,"... KELKJES, in kasten van 50 dozya... 20

Stellenbosche Municipaliteit.

DE gewone Kwartaals Markt, zal gehouden worden op... het Adderley's Plein alhier, op ZATURDAG, den 24... 20

Brand Department.

SCHAAL VAN PREMIE PER £100... 20

WOLLENGOEDEREN,

INSLUITENDE: Vale en blauwe Pilots en Beavers... Gevlamde Witney en Kassimir... 20

Paarsche Municipaliteit.

DE gewone Kwartaals Markt, zal gehouden worden op... DONDERDAG den 29ste dezer, op het Marktlein... 20

Paarsche Omnibus Maatschappij.

WORDT bij deze kennis gegeven, dat van MAANDAG... den 2 April 1855, de Bus zal vertrekken van de... 20

Ann Stads en Buites Handelaars.

DE Ondergeteekenden landen nu uit de Ellen Rawson... verdere byvoegingen tot hun wel geassorteerde... 20

Plaatsen te Koop,

TE Koop, drie zeer fraaie Plaatsen in het Distrikt... Helderberg, groot van 5000 tot 6000 morgen elk... 20

POLISSEN GRATIS.

DE Premie van Levens Assurantie... VEEL VOORDEELIGER... 20

WAARONDER ZYN:

- Maleische en Maltrische Doeken; Fancy zwarte en witte Prints; Fancy witte grond gekleurde dito; Groene, roode en witte Baai; Saksisch en Welsh Flannel; Mans Longcloth, fancy Regatta en heeren Katoenen Hemden; Dito Zwitsersche geborduurde Borststukken; Mans Lamswoollen en Merino Onderbroeken en Baatjes; Dito heeren Katoenen dito; Witte en zwarte Katoenen vrouwen Kousen; Witte en groene Mans Sokken; Dito dito Lamswoollen Kousen; Dito dubbele gestreepte, worsted en witte katoenen Mutsen; Dito roode dito; Fancy wollen Cravats; Dito Dames Polkas; Zwarte en gekleurde Naazyde; Koord en Bobbin; Zyden Dames Gordels en Mohair jongens diro; Zyden en Katoenen Veters en Schoen Lint; Railway Wrappers; Gedrukte C'shemere, Orleans en De Laine Kleeder; Stoffe voor Kleeder, Gala Gernit, Oressu Checks, Norwich Lustres; Zwarte en gekleurde Glaze Zyde; Witte en dito, Persisch Satyn en Satinettes; Dames zwart en gekleurde zyden Hualdoekjes; Mans zwarte en dito Glaze zyden Cravats; Mans zwarte Brusausche, Ducape, Satynen en zyden Banden; Gedrukte Corah en geele Banden; Cashmere Muffler; Zure Klontjes en Peppermint; Sperm en Compositie Kaarsen; Atjars en Mostert; EN VERWACHTEN MEDE PER REGINA

PAARL COMMISSIE VERKOOPING.

OP WOENSDAG, den 21ste dezer, zal worden verkocht... alle soorten NEGOTIE GOEDEREN, als Linnen, Baftas, Voerchieten, gesnakte Kleedren, enz. enz. 20

DE Premie van Levens Assurantie.

VEEL VOORDEELIGER dan by enig ander Kantoor binnen de Kolonie... 20

WAARONDER

- KOFFY, Java en Mocha; KAASEN, opregte Sperm en Compositie; THEE, Souchong, geurige, (verscheiden soorten) Hyson, Oranje Pekoe, in groote en kleine kasten en HOWAKA MENGZEL, in pakken; INGEMAAKT VLEESCH; GROENTEN; GEDROOGDE do.; GEPRSEERVEERDE MELK; MAKRIEL; EDWARDS, GEPRSEERVEERDE AARDAPPELEN; SARDYNYEN (in Entrepot en Ongeld betaald); GESPLETEN WRUTEN; INGELEGDE VRUCHTEN, GELEIEN, een groote hoeveelheid; WEGMACHINES; Sterke KOFFY MOLEN met WIEL; Een SYKES' HYDRO 4TER; WINKELRAKKEN, GEREDSCHAP, LESSENAARS, enz., zal worden gehouden op

1300 extra vtte Hamels en Kapater Bokken.

OP DONDERDAG, den 22 dezer, zal de Ondergeteekende, ter plaatse van den heer DE WAAL, Joubert, bovengemeld getal extra vette HAMELS en BOKKEN publiek doen verkoopen... 20

Wellington Omnibus Maatschappij.

BERIGT AAN DEELHEBBERS... 20

McDONALD, BUSK & CO.

LANDEN ex "Ellen Rawson," verdere byvoegingen tot hunnen voorraad... 20

Vier-en-twintig Rivier.

1200 extra vette Kaapsche en Merino Schapen... OP DONDERDAG, den 22sten dezer, zal de Ondergeteekende ter plaatse van den heer R. PARSONS, Vier-en-twintig Rivier, publiek doen verkoopen, bovengemeld getal extra vette Schapen... 20

Aan Familie en Vrienden.

WORDT hiermede kennis gegeven, dat het den Heere... behaagd heeft, myne geliefde Echtgenoot, CORNELIA ELIZABETH MAGDALINA FALK, aan myn en een zielebed van ontfant 48 uren, op den 13 Maart 1855, door den dood te ontnemen, in den ouderdom van 38 jaren, 7 maanden en 2 dagen, my met drie kinderen nalatende, om ons smartelyk verlies te betreuen... 20

Waarschuwing.

DE Ondergeteekende geeft bij deze kennis, dat er vol... strekt geen publieke weg staat over syne plaats Burgersdorp, naar Groenelod, en dat de Opzigter aldaar... 20

SLAGT EN TREKOSSEN.

Op Maandag den 26 Maart 1855, ZAL de Ondergeteekende verkoopen te "Stikland" (de plaats van den heer BEYERS,) 40 EXTRA VETTE SLAGTOSSEN, en 30 TREKOSSEN, mede in goede conditie, Welk Vee thans met groote zorg wordt opgebracht... 20

AN Familie en Vrienden wordt bekend gemaakt,

dat op Dingsdag den 13 Maart II. subit is komen te overlijden, ons teedergheliefde dochterje ELIZABETH MAGDALINA, in den jeugdigen ouderdom van 2 jaren, 4 maanden en 12 dagen... 20

McDONALD, BUSK & CO.

De heer J. G. STEYLER, Gr., Afslag.

Muldersvallei, 14 Maart 1855.

Klapmuts, Distrikt Stellenbosch.

De heer J. G. STEYLER, Gr., Afslag.

Muldersvallei, 14 Maart 1855.

MORGEN.

PUBLIEKE VERKOOPING Van opregt geteelde jonge HENGSTEN, Waaronder 12 goede Rypaarden zyn

MORGEN, (Dingsdag) 20 MAART ter plaatse van den heer ANDRIS BERTZ, Leuwandans gelegen Achter de Paarl, naby Paardenberg, waaneer zullen worden verkocht

30 opregt geteelde Bloedhengsten, VAN 2 EN 3 JAREN OUD,

geteeld op syne Eigendommen aan Groot Bergvriar... 20

De aandaacht van Liefhebbers wordt ten sterkste gevestigd op de verbaetering van het Hollandse Paard, uit opregt geteelde Engelse Merrien, welke Dieren niet alleen sterk zyn maar goede actie hebben, en geschikt voor RY en KOETSPAARDEN, die tegenwoordig zoo zeldzaam te vinden zyn.

Deze ryen egale Paren by, geschikt voor Koetspaarden. Deze Paarden zyn gerechtigd te loopen voor de "Breeders Beurs" in de Kaapstad en te Swellendam.

Onlangs heeft de Ondergeteekende een opregte ingevoerde ARABIER, en een do. ENGELSCHE BLOED-PAARD gekocht, door beoordeelaars erkend voor de twee schoonste en sterkste Paarden in de Kolonie, niet aantoont dat de Ondergeteekende gene kosten noch moeite spaart tot verbetering syner "STOETERY," die zoo wel bekend is, en dus gene verdere aanbeveling behoeft.

Groot Bergvriar, 19 Maart 1855.

De heer J. G. STEYLER, Gr., Vendu-Adm.

PUBLIEKE VERKOOPING VAN Kostbaar Vastgoed, IN DE KAAPSTAD.

DE Ondergeteekende heeft laat ontvangen van den Heer G. GANDINI, te verkoopen op

VRIDAG, den 30 MAART, 1855, MET LIBERAAL BONUS,

1. Dat uitgebreid, stevig gebouwd en voordeliek gelegen EIGENDOM, in de Langestraat, bevattende een gerylyk en gemaklyk ingerigt WOONHUIS, voorzien van alle gemakken, behynde 7 fraaie Kamers, Dispens, fraaie Keukens, Waterloets, ruime Acherplaat, groote Stal en andere Buitengebouwen; alsmede 3 fraaie Winkels onder het Huis, hoogst wel gelegen voor Bezigheid, en altoos goede huur opbrengende.

2. Dat wel gelegen EIGENDOM op de Hoek van de Vale en Looptstraten, in Blok 1, No. 74, bevattende een fraai WOONHUIS en WINKEL, groot en stevig, onlangs in de beste orde gebouwt, een gerylyk HUIS enz, altoos goed verhuurd, en een PAKHUIS. Dit EIGENDOM is zeer geschikt voor den handel, en brengt altoos goede huur op, zoodat hetzelve aanbevolen kan worden aan Kapitalisten als een veilige en winstgeveide belegging van Kapitaal.

J. G. STEYLER, Afslag.

DERDE UIT-VERKOOPING, BY PUBLIEKE VEILING, Zonder Reserve.

In den Insolventen Boedel van R. CLARENCE.

AN de Pakhuizen Darlingstraat, (Keizersgracht), door den Heer R. JONKS,

OP WOENSDAG, Den 21 Maart 1855,

Beginnende te 2 uren in den Namiddag, MET HET RESTANT

Glaswerk, Chinasch Porselein, Aardewerk, enz.

Bestaande uit een kostbaar assortment geslepen KAFFEEN, Et. Thee en Desert Servietten, TOILET ZETTEN, Bekers, Bloempotten, Filterreidren, Water-koelers, glazen Melkbekers, enz., alsmede LAMPEN en GLAZEN, Bykoren, enz. enz.

Te 3 uren zal worden verkocht,

Het uitgebreid assortment WYNNEN (in groote verscheidenheid), STEERK DRANKEN, LIKEREN en BIER; a van de beste oogen en merken. Hetzelve bestaat uit BRANDE WYNNEN en BIER in entrepot of impost betaald; waarna GEAPINEERDE SPERM en ZEE-OLIFANT OILIE, in massa, (omtrent 800 gallons) YZEREN BAKKEN, voor dito

DE vierde Uit-Verkoopng, WAARONDER

- KOFFY, Java en Mocha; KAASEN, opregte Sperm en Compositie; THEE, Souchong, geurige, (verscheiden soorten) Hyson, Oranje Pekoe, in groote en kleine kasten en HOWAKA MENGZEL, in pakken; INGEMAAKT VLEESCH; GROENTEN; GEDROOGDE do.; GEPRSEERVEERDE MELK; MAKRIEL; EDWARDS, GEPRSEERVEERDE AARDAPPELEN; SARDYNYEN (in Entrepot en Ongeld betaald); GESPLETEN WRUTEN; INGELEGDE VRUCHTEN, GELEIEN, een groote hoeveelheid; WEGMACHINES; Sterke KOFFY MOLEN met WIEL; Een SYKES' HYDRO 4TER; WINKELRAKKEN, GEREDSCHAP, LESSENAARS, enz., zal worden gehouden op

VRIDAG, 23 MAART 1855

Te beginnen ten 2 uren 's Namiddags, (in plaats van 10 uren in d'n Morgen als eerst geadverteerd)

JOHN ROSS, THOS. HALL, E. J. M. SYFRET, Curatoren.

Kaapstad, 17 Maart 1855.

De kostbare collectie MINERALE en GEOLOGISCHE MONSTERS, bekend als die van wylen Baron Von LUNOW, voornamelyk van de Mynen van de Braillien, zullen in den loop der maand worden verkocht, waaraan behoortlyk kennis zal worden gegeven per advertentie.

Deze Monsters hebben bewondering weggedragen van vele beroemde Geologen en Mineralogisten, en zyn allen zeer geschikt om behulpzaam te zyn in de soelle ontwikkeling thans aan den gans door die belangryke takken van wetenschap in de Kolonie.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVED IN TABLE BAY.

March 11. Investigator, ship, 570 tons, J. Smith, from Juticora Jan. 5, Colombo Jan. 10, to London. Cargo cotton. Passengers, Rev. and Mrs. Tucker. Phillips & King, Agents.

SAILED OUT OF TABLE BAY.

March 12. Bou Accord, bark, to St. Helena.

Opgevat van Koloniale Ophrengst, de Stads Markt gepasseerd, van den 10 tot den 13 Maart.

Table listing market prices for various goods such as Amandelen, Aardappelen, Aloë, etc., with columns for quantity and price.

Statement of Colonial Produce passed the Town Market from the 10 to the 13 March.

Table listing market prices for colonial produce such as Almonds, Aloe, Barley, Beans, etc., with columns for quantity and price.

MARKT PRYZEN

Van den 12 tot den 14 Maart, 1855

Table listing market prices for various goods such as Aardappel, Apples, Bakkelen, etc., with columns for quantity and price.

en vervoer te carry into effect with the Government. They may here state that they thought it advisable to submit a draft of these arrangements to the Revs. A. Faure, Dr. Robertson, and G. W. Stegmann, three gentlemen whom they considered to be peculiarly acquainted with the wants of the colony in the important matter of education.

PROPOSALS FOR THE EXPANSION OF THE SOUTH AFRICAN COLLEGE.

1. There should be provision in the College for instruction in the following subjects, at least:— 1. Latin, 2. Greek, 3. English Literature, 4. German and its Literature, 5. French and its Literature, 6. Dutch and its Literature, 7. Hebrew, Arabic, and Oriental Literature, 8. History, 9. Political Economy, 10. The Principles of Jurisprudence and Political Philosophy, 11. Philosophy of the Mind, and Logic, 12. Mathematics, 13. Natural Philosophy and Astronomy, 14. Civil Engineering, including Surveying and Navigation, 15. Chemistry, 16. Mineralogy and Geology, 17. Vegetable Physiology and Botany, 18. Animal Physiology.

REPORT

Of the Committee of the Council of the South African College, appointed on the 21st January, 1855, to report on the present state of the College, and whether any and what alterations are required in the Ordinances.

The purpose of the appointment of this Committee was, principally, that its members should consider what suggestions could be made by the Council and the shareholders, to the Legislature, under which the Legislature could be justly expected to give this Institution a considerable amount of further assistance from the public revenue, and thus enable it to provide sufficiently for the increasing educational requirements of the colony.

NOTICE.

ABOUT the end of September 1854, a package containing printed papers, addressed to P. G. Leys, Esq., Richmond, was sent from Cape Town, but has not reached its destination up to the present time.

treating with or fighting an enemy like that which borders on our Frontier. The mere fact that such a force was organized within the colony would in any humble opinion do more to preserve than all the comprehensive theories of the committee of Governors the colony has ever blessed with for the last two years.

REMEDIES FOR THE HORSE DISTEMPER.

LAST week, says a correspondent (H. G.) of the Graaff-Reinet Herald, a riding horse of mine was attacked with the distemper, and I did not perceive it until his eyes were much swollen and a discharge of mucus was running from his nostrils and mouth.

Original Correspondence.

MR. WATSON'S LETTER.

CAPE TOWN, 17th Feb. 1855. My DEAR SIR,—By a paragraph in the "Commercial Advertiser and Mail" of this day, I am glad to observe that it is the intention of the inhabitants of your portion of the Cape Division, to meet together for the purpose of exchanging ideas and discussing the propriety of petitioning the parliament during the coming session on the important questions of a "Burgier Law." The Masters and Servants' Road Board" as at present constituted. I should have felt much pleasure in attending the proposed meeting had circumstances permitted me to do so, but the protracted absence of my partners in England and the multiplicity of my business duties in Cape Town, which daily require my personal attention, prevent my proceeding to such a distance from head quarters, at present, without incurring considerable inconvenience.

ACCIDENT.—Two natives in Bloemfontein quarrelled a few weeks ago, and in consequence of a blow inflicted on one, he has died. The other, (the really wronged man) on the merits of the dispute, has fled from the town; no doubt, afraid of the consequences.—Ibid.

LUNG SICKNESS.—The Lung sickness, though it has been very destructive on a few farms in the district of Winburg, has not been generally prevalent in the Free State. It had shown itself at Paarsmuid; but from its very nature, it is not likely to have long since disappeared. The same may be said of Bethany. We do not know of its existence throughout the Graaff-Reinet.

According to the Graaff-Reinet Herald, Mr. Boshoff had left Graaff-Reinet and was on his way to Natal, having declined the honor of becoming President of the Free State.

Minutes of a Public Meeting held at Hammonds, Klu Klu, district of Fort Beaufort, on the 24th February, 1855.

Proposed by Mr. H. Pedlar, seconded by Mr. J. Ogilvie.—That Mr. Booth do take the chair.

Proposed by Mr. W. Andrews, seconded by Mr. H. Viljoen.—That the following gentlemen, three of whom to form a quorum, do form themselves into a Committee with power to add to their number, for the purpose of communicating from time to time to the representatives in Parliament, upon such measures as may conduce to the general welfare of the Eastern Province:—

Messrs. F. W. Pohl, B. Booth, H. Pedlar, J. G. Roux, W. Stanton, Jr., W. Gilbert, H. Ogilvie, G. Ayton, J. C. Botha, S. J. Malang, J. Nicolaas, J. Blakeway and Wm. Ayliff.

Proposed by Mr. Vanderwyver, seconded by Mr. C. Dupree.—That the Committee be requested to take the following subjects into their early consideration, viz:—

1st.—Frontier Defence, comprised in the augmentation of the Mounted Police, and the enactment of a Burgier Law.

2nd.—Abrogation of the Gunpowder Ordinance and the enactment of a Law to confine the trade in Ammunition exclusively to Government.

3rd.—Abrogation of Master and Servant's Ordinance, and the substitution of a better system.

4th.—Our relations with the Free States, and the necessity of doing away with the present half-Franchise Force, feeling impressed that they are not to be trusted.

6th.—The abrogation of the present Educational system and the adoption of a better.

Proposed by Mr. G. Ayton, seconded by Mr. J. G. Roux.—That Mr. John Ogilvie be requested to act as Secretary to the Government.

Minutes of the Committee held at Hammonds, Klu Klu, district of Fort Beaufort, 27th February, 1855.

Members present.—Messrs. H. Ogilvie, Pedlar, Roux, Stanton, Booth, Botha and Niland.

Proposed that Mr. J. C. Botha take the chair.

Proposed by Mr. H. Pedlar, seconded by Mr. Niland.—That past experience, and the late unsettled and alarming state of the Frontier, bring a conviction to our minds that any system which will secure permanent peace and tranquility to our border is of the utmost importance to the Eastern Frontier, and therefore we most urgently impress upon all our Representatives the necessity of bringing this to a completion, before the business in the House of Assembly.—Carried unanimously.

Proposed by Mr. J. G. Roux, seconded by Mr. B. Booth.—That it is our unanimous opinion, owing to the extensive Border which we have to defend, in ensuring a distance of 200 miles, that a sufficient Police Force on its not to consist of less than 1,500 men, half of which should be mounted, and the remainder infantry, aided and assisted in time of war by a Burgier Force.—Carried unanimously.

Proposed by Mr. W. Stanton, Jr., seconded by Mr. H. Ogilvie.—That having had ample opportunities of witnessing the beneficial results arising from the old system of issuing Gunpowder from the Government Magazine, it is our decided opinion that nothing less than a total monopoly of powder in the hands of Government can prevent the Natives becoming possessors of the same, or in any way restraining this nefarious traffic at present carried on throughout the Colony.—Carried unanimously.

Proposed by Mr. B. Booth, seconded by Mr. H. Ogilvie.—Under the impression of a strong opposition having been evinced by the inhabitants of the Western Districts to the enactment of a Burgier Law, we would suggest that a certain number of districts, lying contiguous to the Border, should become liable to serve under a well digested Burgier Ordinance, and the remaining districts throughout the Colony should become amenable to a light annual protection tax, as might be required from time to time, but while we are in the necessity of establishing a Burgier Force, we deplore the impossibility of carrying it into effect under the present existing Servant's Ordinance, inasmuch as during a farmer's absence the present law is not sufficiently binding to ensure the continuance of their services.—Carried unanimously.—Extra to the Graham's Town Journal.

REBEL HOTSPOTS.—The following is an answer to a Memorial, presented to His Excellency from Victoria, to allow the Rebel Hotspots to return to the Colony, with the exception of the principal and deserters of the Cape Corps. It is translated from Saturday's Greenback.

Port Har, 12th Feb. 1855.

Gentlemen,—In answer to your letter of the 10th instant, enclosing the report of Mr. Christian Coetz, I have been directed by His Excellency the Governor to thank you for your information, and to state also that the subject referred to will receive the consideration of the Government, as it is a difficult question to determine upon.

I have, &c., R. BATES, Military Sec.

LUNG SICKNESS.—(Continued.)—This fatal and no doubt contagious disease is still committing fearful destruction amongst the stock owners in this district. Many farmers have lost every horned beast they possessed, numbering as many as 200 on one farm, and in one remarkable instance the disease has by means of a single searcher, been spreading its scourge. Nor is it confined entirely to cattle, the same disease appears to have attacked the canine tribe, and sportsmen have had their kennels completely cleared out, scarcely a game dog left in the town. Even animals that had been cured of what is generally called the distemper, were carried off. It seems to have attacked both young and old, but only sparing dogs. I have not heard of a simple curbing of the disease. On opening some, the lungs appeared inflated just like the cat, and so suddenly were they carried off that Pointers exhibiting no sort of ailment in the evening were found dead in the morning, and the only cure I have yet heard of is a dog belonging to Mr. John Chappell, who, after losing two, discovered a third lying prostrate. A dose of thirty grains of calomel and tea of jalap was immediately administered. This is said to have brought on reaction, the gums which were deadly cold, and slimy running from the mouth, became warm and the animal seemed eased, but still tucked up and convulsed; two days afterwards ten grains of jalap were again administered, and on the fifth day the animal is said to have quite recovered, and was in most remarkable health, the dog being the first in inflammation was so high, that he could not bear the sight or even smell of water, or any other liquid. At Alrova Bay, I am told, the sporting dogs have been similarly carried off. We may expect to hear of the feathered tribe being attacked in due time, and if only tenants there may be thankful.—C. F. Times.

ORANGE FREE STATES.—The Volksraad terminated its sessions on Tuesday, the 20th ult. In the hope of obtaining copies of the Resolutions passed, we shall not attempt a report of the proceedings. A most amiable spirit had succeeded the platitudinous harangues to which we were weary of listening. We hope it will continue. Mr. Ventor is now Chairman of the Commission, appointed by the Volksraad to carry out the duties of the President, till a new election can take place. We presume a permanent President will shortly be elected.—Mr. Ventor has brought his public course in a friendly spirit towards all classes, and we doubt not, his strong sense, aided by accumulating experience in public affairs, will render him most useful to the country.—Friend of the Free State.

minutes of a Public Meeting held at Hammonds, Klu Klu, district of Fort Beaufort, on the 24th February, 1855. Proposed by Mr. H. Pedlar, seconded by Mr. J. Ogilvie.—That Mr. Booth do take the chair. Proposed by Mr. W. Andrews, seconded by Mr. H. Viljoen.—That the following gentlemen, three of whom to form a quorum, do form themselves into a Committee with power to add to their number, for the purpose of communicating from time to time to the representatives in Parliament, upon such measures as may conduce to the general welfare of the Eastern Province:— Messrs. F. W. Pohl, B. Booth, H. Pedlar, J. G. Roux, W. Stanton, Jr., W. Gilbert, H. Ogilvie, G. Ayton, J. C. Botha, S. J. Malang, J. Nicolaas, J. Blakeway and Wm. Ayliff. Proposed by Mr. Vanderwyver, seconded by Mr. C. Dupree.—That the Committee be requested to take the following subjects into their early consideration, viz:— 1st.—Frontier Defence, comprised in the augmentation of the Mounted Police, and the enactment of a Burgier Law. 2nd.—Abrogation of the Gunpowder Ordinance and the enactment of a Law to confine the trade in Ammunition exclusively to Government. 3rd.—Abrogation of Master and Servant's Ordinance, and the substitution of a better system. 4th.—Our relations with the Free States, and the necessity of doing away with the present half-Franchise Force, feeling impressed that they are not to be trusted. 6th.—The abrogation of the present Educational system and the adoption of a better. Proposed by Mr. G. Ayton, seconded by Mr. J. G. Roux.—That Mr. John Ogilvie be requested to act as Secretary to the Government. Minutes of the Committee held at Hammonds, Klu Klu, district of Fort Beaufort, 27th February, 1855. Members present.—Messrs. H. Ogilvie, Pedlar, Roux, Stanton, Booth, Botha and Niland. Proposed that Mr. J. C. Botha take the chair. Proposed by Mr. H. Pedlar, seconded by Mr. Niland.—That past experience, and the late unsettled and alarming state of the Frontier, bring a conviction to our minds that any system which will secure permanent peace and tranquility to our border is of the utmost importance to the Eastern Frontier, and therefore we most urgently impress upon all our Representatives the necessity of bringing this to a completion, before the business in the House of Assembly.—Carried unanimously. Proposed by Mr. J. G. Roux, seconded by Mr. B. Booth.—That it is our unanimous opinion, owing to the extensive Border which we have to defend, in ensuring a distance of 200 miles, that a sufficient Police Force on its not to consist of less than 1,500 men, half of which should be mounted, and the remainder infantry, aided and assisted in time of war by a Burgier Force.—Carried unanimously. Proposed by Mr. W. Stanton, Jr., seconded by Mr. H. Ogilvie.—That having had ample opportunities of witnessing the beneficial results arising from the old system of issuing Gunpowder from the Government Magazine, it is our decided opinion that nothing less than a total monopoly of powder in the hands of Government can prevent the Natives becoming possessors of the same, or in any way restraining this nefarious traffic at present carried on throughout the Colony.—Carried unanimously. Proposed by Mr. B. Booth, seconded by Mr. H. Ogilvie.—Under the impression of a strong opposition having been evinced by the inhabitants of the Western Districts to the enactment of a Burgier Law, we would suggest that a certain number of districts, lying contiguous to the Border, should become liable to serve under a well digested Burgier Ordinance, and the remaining districts throughout the Colony should become amenable to a light annual protection tax, as might be required from time to time, but while we are in the necessity of establishing a Burgier Force, we deplore the impossibility of carrying it into effect under the present existing Servant's Ordinance, inasmuch as during a farmer's absence the present law is not sufficiently binding to ensure the continuance of their services.—Carried unanimously.—Extra to the Graham's Town Journal. REBEL HOTSPOTS.—The following is an answer to a Memorial, presented to His Excellency from Victoria, to allow the Rebel Hotspots to return to the Colony, with the exception of the principal and deserters of the Cape Corps. It is translated from Saturday's Greenback. Port Har, 12th Feb. 1855. Gentlemen,—In answer to your letter of the 10th instant, enclosing the report of Mr. Christian Coetz, I have been directed by His Excellency the Governor to thank you for your information, and to state also that the subject referred to will receive the consideration of the Government, as it is a difficult question to determine upon. I have, &c., R. BATES, Military Sec. LUNG SICKNESS.—(Continued.)—This fatal and no doubt contagious disease is still committing fearful destruction amongst the stock owners in this district. Many farmers have lost every horned beast they possessed, numbering as many as 200 on one farm, and in one remarkable instance the disease has by means of a single searcher, been spreading its scourge. Nor is it confined entirely to cattle, the same disease appears to have attacked the canine tribe, and sportsmen have had their kennels completely cleared out, scarcely a game dog left in the town. Even animals that had been cured of what is generally called the distemper, were carried off. It seems to have attacked both young and old, but only sparing dogs. I have not heard of a simple curbing of the disease. On opening some, the lungs appeared inflated just like the cat, and so suddenly were they carried off that Pointers exhibiting no sort of ailment in the evening were found dead in the morning, and the only cure I have yet heard of is a dog belonging to Mr. John Chappell, who, after losing two, discovered a third lying prostrate. A dose of thirty grains of calomel and tea of jalap was immediately administered. This is said to have brought on reaction, the gums which were deadly cold, and slimy running from the mouth, became warm and the animal seemed eased, but still tucked up and convulsed; two days afterwards ten grains of jalap were again administered, and on the fifth day the animal is said to have quite recovered, and was in most remarkable health, the dog being the first in inflammation was so high, that he could not bear the sight or even smell of water, or any other liquid. At Alrova Bay, I am told, the sporting dogs have been similarly carried off. We may expect to hear of the feathered tribe being attacked in due time, and if only tenants there may be thankful.—C. F. Times. ORANGE FREE STATES.—The Volksraad terminated its sessions on Tuesday, the 20th ult. In the hope of obtaining copies of the Resolutions passed, we shall not attempt a report of the proceedings. A most amiable spirit had succeeded the platitudinous harangues to which we were weary of listening. We hope it will continue. Mr. Ventor is now Chairman of the Commission, appointed by the Volksraad to carry out the duties of the President, till a new election can take place. We presume a permanent President will shortly be elected.—Mr. Ventor has brought his public course in a friendly spirit towards all classes, and we doubt not, his strong sense, aided by accumulating experience in public affairs, will render him most useful to the country.—Friend of the Free State.

minutes of a Public Meeting held at Hammonds, Klu Klu, district of Fort Beaufort, on the 24th February, 1855. Proposed by Mr. H. Pedlar, seconded by Mr. J. Ogilvie.—That Mr. Booth do take the chair. Proposed by Mr. W. Andrews, seconded by Mr. H. Viljoen.—That the following gentlemen, three of whom to form a quorum, do form themselves into a Committee with power to add to their number, for the purpose of communicating from time to time to the representatives in Parliament, upon such measures as may conduce to the general welfare of the Eastern Province:— Messrs. F. W. Pohl, B. Booth, H. Pedlar, J. G. Roux, W. Stanton, Jr., W. Gilbert, H. Ogilvie, G. Ayton, J. C. Botha, S. J. Malang, J. Nicolaas, J. Blakeway and Wm. Ayliff. Proposed by Mr. Vanderwyver, seconded by Mr. C. Dupree.—That the Committee be requested to take the following subjects into their early consideration, viz:— 1st.—Frontier Defence, comprised in the augmentation of the Mounted Police, and the enactment of a Burgier Law. 2nd.—Abrogation of the Gunpowder Ordinance and the enactment of a Law to confine the trade in Ammunition exclusively to Government. 3rd.—Abrogation of Master and Servant's Ordinance, and the substitution of a better system. 4th.—Our relations with the Free States, and the necessity of doing away with the present half-Franchise Force, feeling impressed that they are not to be trusted. 6th.—The abrogation of the present Educational system and the adoption of a better. Proposed by Mr. G. Ayton, seconded by Mr. J. G. Roux.—That Mr. John Ogilvie be requested to act as Secretary to the Government. Minutes of the Committee held at Hammonds, Klu Klu, district of Fort Beaufort, 27th February, 1855. Members present.—Messrs. H. Ogilvie, Pedlar, Roux, Stanton, Booth, Botha and Niland. Proposed that Mr. J. C. Botha take the chair. Proposed by Mr. H. Pedlar, seconded by Mr. Niland.—That past experience, and the late unsettled and alarming state of the Frontier, bring a conviction to our minds that any system which will secure permanent peace and tranquility to our border is of the utmost importance to the Eastern Frontier, and therefore we most urgently impress upon all our Representatives the necessity of bringing this to a completion, before the business in the House of Assembly.—Carried unanimously. Proposed by Mr. J. G. Roux, seconded by Mr. B. Booth.—That it is our unanimous opinion, owing to the extensive Border which we have to defend, in ensuring a distance of 200 miles, that a sufficient Police Force on its not to consist of less than 1,500 men, half of which should be mounted, and the remainder infantry, aided and assisted in time of war by a Burgier Force.—Carried unanimously. Proposed by Mr. W. Stanton, Jr., seconded by Mr. H. Ogilvie.—That having had ample opportunities of witnessing the beneficial results arising from the old system of issuing Gunpowder from the Government Magazine, it is our decided opinion that nothing less than a total monopoly of powder in the hands of Government can prevent the Natives becoming possessors of the same, or in any way restraining this nefarious traffic at present carried on throughout the Colony.—Carried unanimously. Proposed by Mr. B. Booth, seconded by Mr. H. Ogilvie.—Under the impression of a strong opposition having been evinced by the inhabitants of the Western Districts to the enactment of a Burgier Law, we would suggest that a certain number of districts, lying contiguous to the Border, should become liable to serve under a well digested Burgier Ordinance, and the remaining districts throughout the Colony should become amenable to a light annual protection tax, as might be required from time to time, but while we are in the necessity of establishing a Burgier Force, we deplore the impossibility of carrying it into effect under the present existing Servant's Ordinance, inasmuch as during a farmer's absence the present law is not sufficiently binding to ensure the continuance of their services.—Carried unanimously.—Extra to the Graham's Town Journal. REBEL HOTSPOTS.—The following is an answer to a Memorial, presented to His Excellency from Victoria, to allow the Rebel Hotspots to return to the Colony, with the exception of the principal and deserters of the Cape Corps. It is translated from Saturday's Greenback. Port Har, 12th Feb. 1855. Gentlemen,—In answer to your letter of the 10th instant, enclosing the report of Mr. Christian Coetz, I have been directed by His Excellency the Governor to thank you for your information, and to state also that the subject referred to will receive the consideration of the Government, as it is a difficult question to determine upon. I have, &c., R. BATES, Military Sec. LUNG SICKNESS.—(Continued.)—This fatal and no doubt contagious disease is still committing fearful destruction amongst the stock owners in this district. Many farmers have lost every horned beast they possessed, numbering as many as 200 on one farm, and in one remarkable instance the disease has by means of a single searcher, been spreading its scourge. Nor is it confined entirely to cattle, the same disease appears to have attacked the canine tribe, and sportsmen have had their kennels completely cleared out, scarcely a game dog left in the town. Even animals that had been cured of what is generally called the distemper, were carried off. It seems to have attacked both young and old, but only sparing dogs. I have not heard of a simple curbing of the disease. On opening some, the lungs appeared inflated just like the cat, and so suddenly were they carried off that Pointers exhibiting no sort of ailment in the evening were found dead in the morning, and the only cure I have yet heard of is a dog belonging to Mr. John Chappell, who, after losing two, discovered a third lying prostrate. A dose of thirty grains of calomel and tea of jalap was immediately administered. This is said to have brought on reaction, the gums which were deadly cold, and slimy running from the mouth, became warm and the animal seemed eased, but still tucked up and convulsed; two days afterwards ten grains of jalap were again administered, and on the fifth day the animal is said to have quite recovered, and was in most remarkable health, the dog being the first in inflammation was so high, that he could not bear the sight or even smell of water, or any other liquid. At Alrova Bay, I am told, the sporting dogs have been similarly carried off. We may expect to hear of the feathered tribe being attacked in due time, and if only tenants there may be thankful.—C. F. Times. ORANGE FREE STATES.—The Volksraad terminated its sessions on Tuesday, the 20th ult. In the hope of obtaining copies of the Resolutions passed, we shall not attempt a report of the proceedings. A most amiable spirit had succeeded the platitudinous harangues to which we were weary of listening. We hope it will continue. Mr. Ventor is now Chairman of the Commission, appointed by the Volksraad to carry out the duties of the President, till a new election can take place. We presume a permanent President will shortly be elected.—Mr. Ventor has brought his public course in a friendly spirit towards all classes, and we doubt not, his strong sense, aided by accumulating experience in public affairs, will render him most useful to the country.—Friend of the Free State.

minutes of a Public Meeting held at Hammonds, Klu Klu, district of Fort Beaufort, on the 24th February, 1855. Proposed by Mr. H. Pedlar, seconded by Mr. J. Ogilvie.—That Mr. Booth do take the chair. Proposed by Mr. W. Andrews, seconded by Mr. H. Viljoen.—That the following gentlemen, three of whom to form a quorum, do form themselves into a Committee with power to add to their number, for the purpose of communicating from time to time to the representatives in Parliament, upon such measures as may conduce to the general welfare of the Eastern Province:— Messrs. F. W. Pohl, B. Booth, H. Pedlar, J. G. Roux, W. Stanton, Jr., W. Gilbert, H. Ogilvie, G. Ayton, J. C. Botha, S. J. Malang, J. Nicolaas, J. Blakeway and Wm. Ayliff. Proposed by Mr. Vanderwyver, seconded by Mr. C. Dupree.—That the Committee be requested to take the following subjects into their early consideration, viz:— 1st.—Frontier Defence, comprised in the augmentation of the Mounted Police, and the enactment of a Burgier Law. 2nd.—Abrogation of the Gunpowder Ordinance and the enactment of a Law to confine the trade in Ammunition exclusively to Government. 3rd.—Abrogation of Master and Servant's Ordinance, and the substitution of a better system. 4th.—Our relations with the Free States, and the necessity of doing away with the present half-Franchise Force, feeling impressed that they are not to be trusted. 6th.—The abrogation of the present Educational system and the adoption of a better. Proposed by Mr. G. Ayton, seconded by Mr. J. G. Roux.—That Mr. John Ogilvie be requested to act as Secretary to the Government. Minutes of the Committee held at Hammonds, Klu Klu, district of Fort Beaufort, 27th February, 1855. Members present.—Messrs. H. Ogilvie, Pedlar, Roux, Stanton, Booth, Botha and Niland. Proposed that Mr. J. C. Botha take the chair. Proposed by Mr. H. Pedlar, seconded by Mr. Niland.—That past experience, and the late unsettled and alarming state of the Frontier, bring a conviction to our minds that any system which will secure permanent peace and tranquility to our border is of the utmost importance to the Eastern Frontier, and therefore we most urgently impress upon all our Representatives the necessity of bringing this to a completion, before the business in the House of Assembly.—Carried unanimously. Proposed by Mr. J. G. Roux, seconded by Mr. B. Booth.—That it is our unanimous opinion, owing to the extensive Border which we have to defend, in ensuring a distance of 200 miles, that a sufficient Police Force on its not to consist of less than 1,500 men, half of which should be mounted, and the remainder infantry, aided and assisted in time of war by a Burgier Force.—Carried unanimously. Proposed by Mr. W. Stanton, Jr., seconded by Mr. H. Ogilvie.—That having had ample opportunities of witnessing the beneficial results arising from the old system of issuing Gunpowder from the Government Magazine, it is our decided opinion that nothing less than a total monopoly of powder in the hands of Government can prevent the Natives becoming possessors of the same, or in any way restraining this nefarious traffic at present carried on throughout the Colony.—Carried unanimously. Proposed by Mr. B. Booth, seconded by Mr. H. Ogilvie.—Under the impression of a strong opposition having been evinced by the inhabitants of the Western Districts to the enactment of a Burgier Law, we would suggest that a certain number of districts, lying contiguous to the Border, should become liable to serve under a well digested Burgier Ordinance, and the remaining districts throughout the Colony should become amenable to a light annual protection tax, as might be required from time to time, but while we are in the necessity of establishing a Burgier Force, we deplore the impossibility of carrying it into effect under the present existing Servant's Ordinance, inasmuch as during a farmer's absence the present law is not sufficiently binding to ensure the continuance of their services.—Carried unanimously.—Extra to the Graham's Town Journal. REBEL HOTSPOTS.—The following is an answer to a Memorial, presented to His Excellency from Victoria, to allow the Rebel Hotspots to return to the Colony, with the exception of the principal and deserters of the Cape Corps. It is translated from Saturday's Greenback. Port Har, 12th Feb. 1855. Gentlemen,—In answer to your letter of the 10th instant, enclosing the report of Mr. Christian Coetz, I have been directed by His Excellency the Governor to thank you for your information, and to state also that the subject referred to will receive the consideration of the Government, as it is a difficult question to determine upon. I have, &c., R. BATES, Military Sec. LUNG SICKNESS.—(Continued.)—This fatal and no doubt contagious disease is still committing fearful destruction amongst the stock owners in this district. Many farmers have lost every horned beast they possessed, numbering as many as 200 on one farm, and in one remarkable instance the disease has by means of a single searcher, been spreading its scourge. Nor is it confined entirely to cattle, the same disease appears to have attacked the canine tribe, and sportsmen have had their kennels completely cleared out, scarcely a game dog left in the town. Even animals that had been cured of what is generally called the distemper, were carried off. It seems to have attacked both young and old, but only sparing dogs. I have not heard of a simple curbing of the disease. On opening some, the lungs appeared inflated just like the cat, and so suddenly were they carried off that Pointers exhibiting no sort of ailment in the evening were found dead in the morning, and the only cure I have yet heard of is a dog belonging to Mr. John Chappell, who, after losing two, discovered a third lying prostrate. A dose of thirty grains of calomel and tea of jalap was immediately administered. This is said to have brought on reaction, the gums which were deadly cold, and slimy running from the mouth, became warm and the animal seemed eased, but still tucked up and convulsed; two days afterwards ten grains of jalap were again administered, and on the fifth day the animal is said to have quite recovered, and was in most remarkable health, the dog being the first in inflammation was so high, that he could not bear the sight or even smell of water, or any other liquid. At Alrova Bay, I am told, the sporting dogs have been similarly carried off. We may expect to hear of the feathered tribe being attacked in due time, and if only tenants there may be thankful.—C. F. Times. ORANGE FREE STATES.—The Volksraad terminated its sessions on Tuesday, the 20th ult. In the hope of obtaining copies of the Resolutions passed, we shall not attempt a report of the proceedings. A most amiable spirit had succeeded the platitudinous harangues to which we were weary of listening. We hope it will continue. Mr. Ventor is now Chairman of the Commission, appointed by the Volksraad to carry out the duties of the President, till a new election can take place. We presume a permanent President will shortly be elected.—Mr. Ventor has brought his public course in a friendly spirit towards all classes, and we doubt not, his strong sense, aided by accumulating experience in public affairs, will render him most useful to the country.—Friend of the Free State.

minutes of a Public Meeting held at Hammonds, Klu Klu, district of Fort Beaufort, on the 24th February, 1855. Proposed by Mr. H. Pedlar, seconded by Mr. J. Ogilvie.—That Mr. Booth do take the chair. Proposed by Mr. W. Andrews, seconded by Mr. H. Viljoen.—That the following gentlemen, three of whom to form a quorum, do form themselves into a Committee with power to add to their number, for the purpose of communicating from time to time to the representatives in Parliament, upon such measures as may conduce to the general welfare of the Eastern Province:— Messrs. F. W. Pohl, B. Booth, H. Pedlar, J. G. Roux, W. Stanton, Jr., W. Gilbert, H. Ogilvie, G. Ayton, J. C. Botha, S. J. Malang, J. Nicolaas, J. Blakeway and Wm. Ayliff. Proposed by Mr. Vanderwyver, seconded by Mr. C. Dupree.—That the Committee be requested to take the following subjects into their early consideration, viz:— 1st.—Frontier Defence, comprised in the augmentation of the Mounted Police, and the enactment of a Burgier Law. 2nd.—Abrogation of the Gunpowder Ordinance and the enactment of a Law to confine the trade in Ammunition exclusively to Government. 3rd.—Abrogation of Master and Servant's Ordinance, and the substitution of a better system. 4th.—Our relations with the Free States, and the necessity of doing away with the present half-Franchise Force, feeling impressed that they are not to be trusted. 6th.—The abrogation of the present Educational system and the adoption of a better. Proposed by Mr. G. Ayton, seconded by Mr. J. G. Roux.—That Mr. John Ogilvie be requested to act as Secretary to the Government. Minutes of the Committee held at Hammonds, Klu Klu, district of Fort Beaufort, 27th February, 1855. Members present.—Messrs. H. Ogilvie, Pedlar, Roux, Stanton, Booth, Botha and Niland. Proposed that Mr. J. C. Botha take the chair. Proposed by Mr. H. Pedlar, seconded by Mr. Niland.—That past experience, and the late unsettled and alarming state of the Frontier, bring a conviction to our minds that any system which will secure permanent peace and tranquility to our border is of the utmost importance to the Eastern Frontier, and therefore we most urgently impress upon all our Representatives the necessity of bringing this to a completion, before the business in the House of Assembly.—Carried unanimously. Proposed by Mr. J. G. Roux, seconded by Mr. B. Booth.—That it is our unanimous opinion, owing to the extensive Border which we have to defend, in ensuring a distance of 200 miles, that a sufficient Police Force on its not to consist of less than 1,500 men, half of which should be mounted, and the remainder infantry, aided and assisted in time of war by a Burgier Force.—Carried unanimously. Proposed by Mr. W. Stanton, Jr., seconded by Mr. H. Ogilvie.—That having had ample opportunities of witnessing the beneficial results arising from the old system of issuing Gunpowder from the Government Magazine, it is our decided opinion that nothing less than a total monopoly of powder in the hands of Government can prevent the Natives becoming possessors of the same, or in any way restraining this nefarious traffic at present carried on throughout the Colony.—Carried unanimously. Proposed by Mr. B. Booth, seconded by Mr. H. Ogilvie.—Under the impression of a strong opposition having been evinced by the inhabitants of the Western Districts to the enactment of a Burgier Law, we would suggest that a certain number of districts, lying contiguous to the Border, should become liable to serve under a well digested Burgier Ordinance, and the remaining districts throughout the Colony should become amenable to a light annual protection tax, as might be required from time to time, but while we are in the necessity of establishing a Burgier Force, we deplore the impossibility of carrying it into effect under the present existing Servant's Ordinance, inasmuch as during a farmer's absence the present law is not sufficiently binding to ensure the continuance of their services.—Carried unanimously.—Extra to the Graham's Town Journal. REBEL HOTSPOTS.—The following is an answer to a Memorial, presented to His Excellency from Victoria, to allow the Rebel Hotspots to return to the Colony, with the exception of the principal and deserters of the Cape Corps. It is translated from Saturday's Greenback. Port Har, 12th Feb. 1855. Gentlemen,—In answer to your letter of the 10th instant, enclosing the report of Mr. Christian Coetz, I have been directed by His Excellency the Governor to thank you for your information, and to state also that the subject referred to will receive the consideration of the Government, as it is a difficult question to determine upon. I have, &c., R. BATES, Military Sec. LUNG SICKNESS.—(Continued.)—This fatal and no doubt contagious disease is still committing fearful destruction amongst the stock owners in this district. Many farmers have lost every horned beast they possessed, numbering as many as 200 on one farm, and in one remarkable instance the disease has by means of a single searcher, been spreading its scourge. Nor is it confined entirely to cattle, the same disease appears to have attacked the canine tribe, and sportsmen have had their kennels completely cleared out, scarcely a game dog left in the town. Even animals that had been cured of what is generally called the distemper, were carried off. It seems to have attacked both young and old, but only sparing dogs. I have not heard of a simple curbing of the disease. On opening some, the lungs appeared inflated just like the cat, and so suddenly were they carried off that Pointers exhibiting no sort of ailment in the evening were found dead in the morning, and the only cure I have yet heard of is a dog belonging to Mr. John Chappell, who, after losing two, discovered a third lying prostrate. A dose of thirty grains of calomel and tea of jalap was immediately administered. This is said to have brought on reaction, the gums which were deadly cold, and slimy running from the mouth, became warm and the animal seemed eased, but still tucked up and convulsed; two days afterwards ten grains of jalap were again administered, and on the fifth day the animal is said to have quite recovered, and was in most remarkable health, the dog being the first in inflammation was so high, that he could not bear the sight or even smell of water, or any other liquid. At Alrova Bay, I am told, the sporting dogs have been similarly carried off. We may expect to hear of the feathered tribe being attacked in due time, and if only tenants there may be thankful.—C. F. Times. ORANGE FREE STATES.—The Volksraad terminated its sessions on Tuesday, the 20th ult. In the hope of obtaining copies of the Resolutions passed, we shall not attempt a report of the proceedings. A most amiable spirit had succeeded the platitudinous harangues to which we were weary of listening. We hope it will continue. Mr. Ventor is now Chairman of the Commission, appointed by the Volksraad to carry out the duties of the President, till a new election can take place. We presume a permanent President will shortly be elected.—Mr. Ventor has brought his public course in a friendly spirit towards all classes, and we doubt not, his strong sense, aided by accumulating experience in public affairs, will render him most useful to the country.—Friend of the Free State.

minutes of a Public Meeting held at Hammonds, Klu Klu, district of Fort Beaufort, on the 24th February, 1855. Proposed by Mr. H. Pedlar, seconded by Mr. J. Ogilvie.—That Mr. Booth do take the chair. Proposed by Mr. W. Andrews, seconded by Mr. H. Viljoen.—That the following gentlemen, three of whom to form a quorum, do form themselves into a Committee with power to add to their number, for the purpose of communicating from time to time to the representatives in Parliament, upon such measures as may conduce to the general welfare of the Eastern Province:— Messrs. F. W. Pohl, B. Booth, H. Pedlar, J. G. Roux, W. Stanton, Jr., W. Gilbert, H. Ogilvie, G. Ayton, J. C. Botha, S. J. Malang, J. Nicolaas, J. Blakeway and Wm. Ayliff. Proposed by Mr. Vanderwyver, seconded by Mr. C. Dupree.—That the Committee be requested to take the following subjects into their early consideration, viz:— 1st.—Frontier Defence, comprised in the augmentation of the Mounted Police, and the enactment of a Burgier Law. 2nd.—Abrogation of the Gunpowder Ordinance and the enactment of a Law to confine the trade in Ammunition exclusively to Government. 3rd.—Abrogation of Master and Servant's Ordinance, and the substitution of a better system. 4th.—Our relations with the Free States, and the necessity of doing away with the present half-Franchise Force, feeling impressed that they are not to be trusted. 6th.—The abrogation of the present Educational system and the adoption of a better. Proposed by Mr. G. Ayton, seconded by Mr. J. G. Roux.—That Mr. John Ogilvie be requested to act as Secretary to the Government. Minutes of the Committee held at Hammonds, Klu Klu, district of Fort Beaufort, 27th February, 1855. Members present.—Messrs. H. Ogilvie, Pedlar, Roux, Stanton, Booth, Botha and Niland. Proposed that Mr. J. C. Botha take the chair. Proposed by Mr. H. Pedlar, seconded by Mr. Niland.—That past experience, and the late unsettled and alarming state of the Frontier, bring a conviction to our minds that any system which will secure permanent peace and tranquility to our border is of the utmost importance to the Eastern Frontier, and therefore we most urgently impress upon all our Representatives

MORGEN

VOORTZETTING VAN VERKOOPING BY PUBLIEKE VEILING.

In den Insolventen Boedel van R. CLARENCE. AAN de Pakhuizen Darlingstraat, (Keizersgracht), op Morgen, Vrijdag, 10 Maart 1855.

Kruideniers en Vettewarerswaren. THEE van verscheidene soorten, insluitende het beroemde HOWQUA MENGSEL.

Al het Glaswerk, GERAFINEERDE SPERM en ZEE OLIPHANT OLIE.

PUBLIEKE VERKOOPING TE SIMONSTAD.

OP aanstaande MAANDAG, van Handels Voorraad Bouwmaterialen, Karren, Paarden, Tuigen, Winkelrakken, Meubelen, enz.

Maandag aanst., 19 Maart 1855. Aan de Ingezetenen van de Simonstad zelve, van Kalkbaai en Wynberg is het nauwelijks nodig een woord te zeggen over de voordelen van by deze gelegenheid.

PUBLIEKE VERKOOPING VAN KOSTBARE Plaats en Have,

OP MAANDAG, 19 DEZER, TE BEGINNEN TEN 10 URE. DE HEEREN W. & J. EATON.

HEBEN last gegeven aan de Heer D. A. DE VILLIERS, aan den hoogsten Biedere verkoop, huane welbekende vruchtbaarste Plaats.

PUBLIEKE VERKOOPING Van Losse Goederen,

Achter Picketberg. Ter Plaatsse genaamd Pampoenkraal. In den Boedel van wien den heer GYS VAN DER WESTERHUIS, Sen.

PUBLIEKE VERKOOPING VAN GRAAN,

Op een Crediet van 9 maanden. OP DINGSdag, een 3de der aanstaande maand April, zal de heer M. M. BASSON, C., op zyne woonplaats naoy dit Drip, publiek doen verkoopen, 40 mud Koraal, 100 mud Garst, 200 mud Haver.

DE gewone KWARTAALS MARKT alhier zal plaats hebben op WOENSDAG den 22 dezer, en begijnen ten half 7 ure's morgens.

HOWARDS DUBBELE PLOEGEN.

DE Ondergeteekenden landen nu uit de Minerva van goedkeurde Landbouw-gereedschappen, welke zy den ondernemende Landbouwer gerust kunnen aanbevelen als derzelver werk goed verrichtende en meer economisch dan eenige ander Ploeg tot nogtoe ingevoerd. Zy hebben mede eene verscheidenheid van overige extra's uitgevonden.

TENDERS VOOR HET OPBOUWEN VAN DE MALAGAS KERK.

DE Ondergeteekenden, daartoe bevoegd gekwalificeerd, noodigen hen die zouden willen Tenders voor den opbouw van de Kerk alhier uit, om op DONDERDAG den 12de April aanstaande, eene Byeenkomst van het Comitéte alhier bytewonen, ten einde de gelegenheid zelve te zien, en mede met de byzondereheden bekend te worden, daar het Comitéte voornemens is, na dien dag, Tenders daarvoor te vragen.

PUBLIEKE VERKOOPING VAN Kostbaar Vastgoed,

In den Insolventen Boedel van JAN FREDRIK BREDENKAMP. OP MAANDAG den 9 April 1855, ten 11 ure precies, zal stellig aan den hoogsten Bieder worden verkocht, behorende tot opgemelden Boedel. Het Huis bevat elk geryf, en is door deszelfs ligging zeer geschikt voor een respectabele familie.

Wellington Omnibus Maatschappij. BERIGT AAN DEELHEBBERS.

EENE Spectale Vergadering (op eene requisiite daartoe) op ZATURDAG den 24ste Maart 1855, 's namiddags 2 uren precies, in het Gouvernementsschoolgebouw alhier ten einde te besluiten of men de maatschappij zal ontbinden, of verder laten voortgaan.

Aan Wynborren en anderen. DEELEN EN STUKVATEN.

DE On lergeeteekende biedt te koop aan eene boste Memel Deelen, verschillende lengten, van 15 tot 25 voet by 3 x 9 en 3 x 11, tegen zeer verminderde prijzen.

Plaatsen te Koop, Liberal Credit.

TE Koop, drie zeer fraaie Plaatsen in het Distrikt Harrysmith, groot van 5,000 tot 6,000 morgen elk.

DE Ondergeteekende, Gezwoore Taxateur voor de Afdeling Coleberg en Agent voor de gemelde Afdeling van de Equitable Brand en Levens Assurantie Maatschappij, Oostelyke Provincie Brand en Levens Assurantie Maatschappij en de Port Elizabeth Brand en Levens Assurantie Maatschappij, geeft by deze kennis aan het publiek, dat, het Winkeliers-gheel opgegeven hebbende, hy voornemens is zyn vroeger beroep van Algemeen Agentschap te hervatten, bestaande in het ontvangen van Goederen ter verkoop of in commissie, publiek of uit de hand, het collecteren of verhalen van uitstaande Schulden, het bereiden van uitgestorven Boedels, het ontvonen van Erfenissen en Renten op dezelve van den Meester van het Hooge Gerechtshof, het waarderden van Bordels, roerende en onroerende, het van de hand zetten van Leevende Have, by verkoop of huur, enz., en vertruwt door strikte oplettendheid, nauwkeurigheid en stiptheid de wordering tot moyn go ieten van de publieke ondersteuning.

LOGIES.

AAN het Logieshuis van Mevrouw de Weduwe P. VAN BREDA, J. A. 200n.

VERLOREN.

EEN DOP VAN EEN ARM KANDELAAR. Die deszelve gevonden heeft geef het by den Ondergeteekende te bezorgen, en zal beloond worden.

TE WORDEN VERKOCHT.

OP aanstaande ZATURDAG, op de Parade, door den heer J. G. STYLLER, twee extra Trek en Rypaarden, gewaarborgd rry van gebreken; alsmede een Trek en Rypaard, eenzigzins mager, het eigendom van eenen heer die de kolonie verlaat.

KENNISGEVING.

ONTRENT het einde van de maand September 1854, in een Pakje gedrukte Papieren, gerigt aan den heer P. G. LEEB, Riechmond, van de Kaapstad verzonden, maar heeft deze's bestemming tot nog toe niet bereikt.

Verkoopng.

DE Heer J. VAN REENEN zal verkoopen op de Plaats van de Heer D. VAN REENEN, Zeyerplaas, aan de andere zyde van Zoutrivier.

Melkkoeijen.

OP ZATURDAG, 17 Maart 1855, zullen op de Commisarie Verkoopng van den heer J. G. STYLLER, op de Parade worden verkocht, zes fraaie Melkkoeijen van Hollandsch ras, 2 hebben pas gekalfd en de andere zullen binnen weinige dagen kalven.

OP Morgen, den 16 dezer, zal de Ondergeteekende ter plaats van den heer A. DE WAAL, Joostenberg, publiek doen verkoopen, bovengemeld getal extra vette Schapen, in eene uitmuntende conditie, byzonder waard de aandacht van Slagters.

BOVENSTAANDE Slagstossen, zullen worden verkocht in de maand Maart, (dag en plaats nader te worden bepaald). Ook zullen mede worden verkocht, drie span gedresseerde Trekkossen, te weten:—Een span witpens, een dito roode, een dito zwarte.

OP MAANDAG den 19 Maart 1855, zal de Ondergeteekende ter plaats van den heer A. DE WAAL, Joostenberg, publiek doen verkoopen, bovengemeld getal extra vette Hamels en BOKKEN publiek doen verkoopen.

OP DONDERDAG, den 22 dezer, zal de Ondergeteekende, ter plaats van den heer DE WAAL, Joostenberg, bovengemeld getal extra vette HAMELS en BOKKEN publiek doen verkoopen.

OP WOENSDAG den 22 dezer, zal de Ondergeteekende publiek doen verkoopen, ter plaats van den heer JAN DE WAAL, Saksenburg, bovengemeld getal extra vette Schapen en Bokken, in eene uitmuntende conditie, meestal allen voor kontant geld ingekocht, en wordt met zeer veel zorg opgebracht.

DE Ondergeteekende zal op VRYDAG, den 30 Maart, publiek doen verkoopen, ter plaats van den heer JAN DE WAAL, Saksenburg, bovengemeld getal extra vette Schapen en Bokken, over de Omgevingsrivier ingekocht, en worden door heuzelven met groote zorg opgebracht.

DE Ondergeteekende zal op den 10 April uit de hand te koop hebben, een fraaie blauwe WILDE BEEST, op zyn Woonplaats aan Hottentots Holland.

Vier-entwintig Rivier.

OP DONDERDAG, den 22sten dezer, zal de Ondergeteekende ter plaats van den heer R. PRALD, Vier-entwintig Rivier, publiek doen verkoopen, bovengemeld getal extra vette Schapen.

EXTRA VET SLAGTVEE.

IN de maand Mei aanstaande, zal de Ondergeteekende eene publieke verkoopng houden in de nabijheid van Geogestad van

UIT DE HAND TE KOOP OP EEN JAAR CREDIT.

Van 4 jaren oul, die kunnen worden gewaarborgd goed te zyn.—Voor byzondereheden verwoege men zich by

BEVALLEN te Botrivier, distrikt Caledon, op den 9 Maart 1855, Mejufv. J. J. MAREE, van eene dochter.

AAN Familie en Vrienden wordt bekend gemaakt dat op den 9 dezer is overleden, onze geliefde schoonzuster ANNA CLARINA CORNELIJSSEN, in den ouderdom van 67 jaren.

VERLEDEN in de Kaapstad, op heden, den 14den dezer, ABRAHAM JOHANNES, in den ouderdom van 15 maanden en 3 dagen, eenigst en geliefd kind van P. J. C. MARAIS, en J. J. MARAIS, geb. LEIBBRANDT.

UITGESTELDE VERKOOPING.

In den Insolventen Boedel van CRISTIAAN FREDRIK MULLER. OP ZATURDAG, Den 14 April 1855

DE GEBOUWEN

Bestaan in een NIEUW GROOT WOONHUIS, EN BUITENGEBOUWEN. Zeer geschikt gelegen zoo voor den KOOPHANDEL als ook voor een LOGEMENTSHUIS of eeuige andere voordelige heering en handteering.

LEES HIER!

OP ZATURDAG, Den 21sten April 1855, Op de Stoep der Koopmans Heurs. IN DE KAAPSTAD. DE PLAATS.

Extra Zaal en Veeplanten te Koop.

DE Ondergeteekende van woning willoende verandering, bied, zyne welbekende en vruchtbare Zaalplanten genaamd "Klipvallei" en "Modderfontein", te koop aan, het is slechts 4 uren van de Stad, is overvloedig voorzien van goed verscht Water het geheele jaar door, en ruime vee weide, en heeft het voorrecht dat men zoowel met Paarden als met Runderen kan werken. Maar er sedert de Ondergeteekende het in bezit heeft geen enkel Ruud aan eenige ziekte is gestorven—en is ook byzonder geschikt voor Merino Schapen. Te bezorgen by den heer J. G. STYLLER, Gz., in de Kaapstad, Graafstraat, No. 19.

Bureau van de n Blin v.

IN Executie van het Gensyde van het Hooge Gerechtshof in de onder, en mede inken, zullen de volgende Verkoopngten worden gehouden in—

PETER PINKREIJH v. JOHN CALVERT.

Op Vrijdag den 16 Maart 1855, ten 10 ure a.m. aan 's gedangens woning Graafstraat, van Rose, mahonyhouten, andere Meubelen van alle soorten, Glas, Porcelain, Zilver en Pluutykwerk, Keukengereedschap, een aantal Boeken, Mazyk en Schetsen, enz.

AFDEELING PORT ELIZABETH.

Op Woensdag den 21 Maart 1855, a.m. aan 's gedangens woning 1 de Stad Port Elizabeth, van mahonyhouten, andere Meubelen, van alle soorten, twee Paarden, een zilveren Horloze, enz.

PAARDEN ZIEKTE.—Als een besys van de uitgestrekteheid van het verlies door sommige ouder en deskundigen geleden, halen wy het geval aan van den heer Wehneyer, van Langekloof. "Myn verlies aan paarden tot heden, 10 Maart," zegt die heer, is als volgt:—

MIDDELEN VOOR DE PAARDENZIEKTE.—Voorleden week, zegt een Correspondent H. G. in eene mededeeling aan de "Graaf-teinet Herald"—weerd een rypaard van myn door de ziekte angstget en ik bemerkte het niet tot dat deszelfs oogden dik geworden waren en eene ontlasting van snot uit deszelfs neusgaten en mond liep. Ik gaf hetzelve dadelijk een kwart bottel pijs met twee eetlepels grof zout.

EEN MIDDEL VOOR DE PAARDENZIEKTE.—Bykans op den laatste trap der ziekte, zal het volgende middel krachtig worden bevonden:—

GETROUWD.

In de Nederduitsche Hervormde Kerk, op Maandag, den 12 Maart, door den Wel-Eerw. Heer S. P. HRYNS, D.D. Johannes Fredrik Dubber, met Rachel Christina Hendrica de Greef, Weduwe wylen Alexander Macpherson.

GEDOOPT.

In de Evangelische Lutherse Kerk, Kaapstad, op Zondag den 11 Maart 1855, door den Wel-Eerw. Heer J. L. PAARIS, v.d.m. Een zoon van den heer Zacharias Andrus de Beer, met name Jacobus Openus Stouff. Een zoon en eene dochter van Alexander Jacobus Meyer, met name Jacobus Gerhardus en Eliza Amelia.

Een zoon van den heer Hendrik Leonard Stadler, met name Fredrik Louis Heer.

18 Nieuwe Maan..... du. 59u. 's Morgens.

"EEN VRIEND VAN WAARHEID EN RECHT," in ons aanstaande. DE ZUID-AFRIKAAN.

Wij leggen hieronder aan onze lezers een verslag voor van het Comitéte van den Raad van het Z. A. Atheneum, hetwelk wy vreesen niet berekend te zyn om die Instelling veel goed te doen.

Het zal niet noodig zyn over dat voorbrengsel in het breede uit-wyden, omdat deszelfs beitsensprigheden van dien aard zyn, dat deszelve elken onpartydigen lezer dan lyk blyken moet.

Het gezond verstand van den Senaat der Instelling, als doorstralende in hunne zienzwyse aan den Raad gesubmitteerd, welke verschenen is in de S. A. Comm. Advertiser van den 6 dezer, stelt een zeer eervol kontrast daar met de romantische plannen van uitbreiding door het Comitéte aanbevolen.

Het verslag neemt voor goed aan dat het Atheneum veiliger zyn zal onder eenen Raad door het Gouvernement aangesteld dan onder eenen door de Deelhebers benoemd. Wy beschouwen dit als eene twyfelachtige zaak over welke wy het nauwelijks onderneemen willen een gevoelen te uiten. Wy wilden de Deelhebers daarom raden, die, hoe vermindert ook in getal, echter een achtenswaardig ligchaam zyn, niet al te schielijk de magt optegeven aan hen door de Ordonnantie opgedragen.

Indien zekere personen, die zich onlangs beyverd hebben ter grootmaking van het Atheneum, toegelaten worden hun streekthil zouden hebben, indien de voorgestelde verandering gemaakt werd, is het niet onwaarschynlyk dat het Atheneum het lot zou ondergaan van de schipdad die door een arend in de lucht werd gevoerd en toen naar beneden geworpen by wyse van deszelve te leeren vliegen. Wy vertrouwen dat de Deelhebers de zaak wel overwegen zullen voordat zy de hand leenen tot zulk eene verkeerde besteding van het publiek geld, als bovengemeld verslag beoogt. De jaarlyksche toelag van het Gouvernement wordt liberaal genoeg om de eerste bladzide van dat verslag, en dat is het; noch kunnen wy een gebronde reden vinden waarom, met de hulp zoo liberaal verleend, het Atheneum niet zelf-onderhoudend zou zyn.

Het getal kweeklingen zegt men omtrent 70 te zyn. Het ongeld (fees) behoelt op omtrent meer dan £10 per jaar voor iken student. Dus behoort er uit die twee bronnen een inkomen te zyn van £1100. Verderstellende dat Professoren tevreden zyn met hezelve inkomen waarvan een Leenaar fatsoenlyk leeft, dan zyn hier de middelen om hun salaris te betalen, zonder de £175 van het Latynsche School-fonds in-sluiten.

Wanneer wy in aanmerking nemen dat er private scholen in de Kaapstad zyn waar alles onderwezen wordt waarvoor het Atheneum voorziening maakt, zonder d-n minsten onderaand uit de publieke schatkist te ontvangen, weten wy waarlyk niet wat te denken van zulke pretenties. Kan er eene of andere private speculatie, op d'n bodem van dat alles zyn? Wie zal de Rector zyn? Welk heer van verloopn fortuin zal ten koste van de publieke schatkist voortgelopen worden?

Met groot genoegen publiceren wy den brief van den heer WATSON, welke den schryver by het publiek regtvaardigen zal, hyddien onze aanprijding op eene opzaf, onnaauwkeurig geransporderd en verkeerd uitgelegd, omdat zy niet beschouwd werd in verband met het geheel, een nadeeligen indruk mogt hebben gelaten op de gemoederen van sommige van onze lezers. Dit is een ander bewys van onze be-unstigde stellin', dat een ander bewys mannen, die waarlyk eerlyk zyn, de grootste publieke de grootste veiligheid is. Het meest dat tegen den heer WATSON kan worden aangevoerd, is de publicatie van zynen brief, i, dat hy ter goeder trouw, een verkeerd denkbeeld schynlyk te hebben omtrent de magt van een Gouverneur. Wy kunnen ons niet zyn gevoelen niet vereenigen "dat de Gouverneur door een bloote streep met zyn pen de krygs-wet kan proclameren" Het doet niets af te zeggen dat het in 1846 gedaan is. Wanneer het toen gedaan is en het publiek zich er aan onderworpen heeft, was het omdat h t publiek geen steun had. Dank zy onze nu-wie Constitutione, h t is er thans anders mede gesteld. De omvang en geest van deze Constitutie is om den toestand van Harer Majesteits onderdanen alhier gelykvoornig te maken aan hetgeen deszelve is in het Verenigde Koninkryk van Groot Brittanje en Ierland.

Het is wel bekend dat de Koning, volgens h t Magna Charta, geen regt heeft de krygs-wet te proclameren, en dat overeenkomstig eene Statute, expresslyk tot dat doel vastgesteld, de krygs-wet te huis wordt uitgevonden met advies en toestemming van het Parlement.—De "Imperial Dictionary" beschryft de krygs-wet aldus:—"eene wet op gezag van het Parlement uitgevaardigd, in eenen nood van opstand, inval of munity." Het zou ongerymd zyn dat een Gouverneur alhier de magt zou hebben te doen wat de Koningin in Engeland niet doen kan.—Maar zelf veronderstellende, dat een Gouverneur van eene kolonie de magt heeft welke de Heer WATSON hem toekent, zou het nog te bewyzen staan: dat de krygs-wet de Souverein (wy zullen niet zeggen den Vertegenwoordiger der Souverein) in staat stelt, om den onderdaan voor militaire dienst in-schryven tegen zynen wil.

HET PARLEMENT.—Heelen zal de tweede Zitting van ons Parlement door Zyne Excellentie in persoon geopend worden, te 12 ure precies.

Een kwartier voor het bepaalde uur zal de Staatse Kamer aan het Gouvernements Huis, ter ontvans van de Leden van beide Huizen geopend worden, die met hunne President en Spreker aan het hoofd plaats nemen naarsyn binnens treden, en den troon beklimmerende, de Leden die inmiddels opgestaan zyn, verzoeken plaats te neemen waarna hy de aanspraak leen zal.

Het verhoeg ons opmerken, dat de hatylike onderscheiding by de eerste opening tusschen de twee Huizen gemaakt door deze schikking uit den weg geruimd is. Dit is zoo als het behoort te zyn.

DE ZUID-AFRIKAANSCHE REPUBLIC.—Onze berichten van daar loopen tot den 8 February. De communio welk half January jl. van daar zou vertrukken zyn, is opgeschort door diens weder eene specie van longziekte onder het vee was uitgebroken. Sommige heiden het echter voor geen longziekte en de sterfte was maar zeer gering. Men was druk bezig geweest met insecten. Overigens was er alles rustig en stil.

Zie Byvoegeel.