

KOLONIALE
Weeskamer en Trust Maatschappy.

VERKOOPING VAN
EEN HUIS,
IN ZEESTRAAT,
In den Insolventen Boedel van SAMUEL SOLOMON SMITH.

Op Morgen, Dingsdag.

Jen 26 Dezer,

Zal worden verkocht, zonder Reserve,

EEN HUURHUIS,
[GELEGEN IN ZEESTRAAT.]

De Verkooping [begint te] 11 ure
Liberale Bonus zal worden gegeven.

G. W. STEYTLER, Enige Curator.
Kamer Gebouwen, No. 3, Kerkplein,
Kaapstad, 25 Sept., 1865.

J. A. BAM, Afslager.

PUBLIEKE VERKOOPING
VAN VASTGOED,
Gelegen te Plumstead.

In den Boedel van wyle den Wal-Ed. Heer E. A. BURSKA, Sen.

Op Morgen, Dingsdag

Jen 26 Dezer,

Zullen worden verkocht op de Plaats,

EEN verkeershuis in ERF, met alle gemakken, en goed voorzien van Water, genaamd "LE ESPERANCE," gelegen aan Plumstead, Wynberg, langs den grootste weg, omtrent vier minuten gaans van het Wynberg Spoorweg Station.

Dit Eigendom bevat een groot WOONHUIS, met tien Kamers, behalve Dispens, Keuken, ons. een Stal. Vertrek voor Bedienenden, Hoenderhok, kleine COTTAGE en Stuk Tuinland.

ALSMEDA,

De gewone Voor, Een Slapkamer, Meubelen, Keukengedachten, een Kapuk op Veerter, Tafel, enz.

E. A. A. BUYSKES, Voor; en Med. J. J. D. BUYSKES, Ex-euteuren.

Ververschingen en Bonus.

De Verkooping der Meubels begint te 10 ure en van het Vastgoed te 12 ure pr. pie.

VERKOOPING
VAN HET

"Bellevue" Landgoed,
GROENE PUNT,

In den Insolventen Boedel van WILLIAM GLENDINING,

PER PUBLIEKE VEILING, ZONDER RESERVE,

OP HEDEN.

MAANDAG,

Den 25sten dezer,

IN EENIGE GESCHIKTE ONDERDEELEN,
Met Liberale Bonus.

HET bestaat een eerste klasse WOONHUIS (een DEPTIG VERBLIJF), door Koloniale Vergelykingen, behoende een fraue STORP met Gra-eten Tafel, en Voor-dek, een WYNGAARD PRIEEL, VOOR PORTAAL, en prachtig Dubbel VOOR KAMER mit VOUW DEUREN, 40 x 15, groot EKTKAMER, amang-name ONT-YK KAMER, Tien SLAAP- en andere KAMERS, KEUKEN mit een grote Engelse Haard, BEIDENENDEN VERTRAKKEN, DISPENSEN, Zevan WATER CLOSETS, enz. enz.

DE BUITENGEBOUWEN onmiddellyk met het Huis verbonden, zijn een KOESTHUIS en STAL, KOLYEN, AFDAK, BEIDENENDEN KAMERS, enz. enz.

Om beneden het Huis zyn een Keken en Bloem Tuin, PLANTADES, BOOMGARD, WYNGAARD, en PADDOCK, beschut en ingesloten met fraue Heiningen, een VLAGGEN-STOK met WEERLICHT AFLEIDER, en een uitmuntende Stuk ZAILLAND, thans en goede VOEDER OOGST behoeven, enz. enz.

Er is een overvloedige VOORRAAD VAN WATER uit een diep, en ruim BAK, op de Plaats zoal als uit de Kaapstadse Municipialiteit Water Leiding.

Achter "Bellevue Huis," afgewerkt van deelde Buitengebouwen door een breed n. Weg, is nof een fraye Stuk Lands op de heiling van den Hevel, b-vattende een groot PADDOCK, blyvende PLANTADES, en Hevel WEIDEN. Lang den Weg zyn GEBOUWEN, t.w., een van Kijpen, Geboerd KOESTHUIS, en een complete GOEDERY, bestaande uit een uitmuntende COTTAGE en grote SCHUUR. Er is ook een PUT op dit Eigendom.

DIET GEDEELTE ZAL AFZONDERLYKE PERCEELLEN UITMAKEN.

In October, 1858, werd h. "Bellevue" Eigendom per Publieke Veiling verkocht voor den Wal-Ed. Heer JOHN KING, toen hy de Kolonie verliet, en (wat nu aangeboden wordt om hem de Public) haalde 24,159.

Het word toen terget genaamst de TROTS en SIERAAD, en PARÉL van GROENE PUNT, en hadt het £2500 meer gehaald, dan zon het wel ligt h. te hebben opgebragt h. erd dat kwintig daar bestede d. is in hechte Gebouwen en Verfrassing door den Heer KING en den vorsten Eigener. Het is solert in goede orde gehouden door Kapitein GLENDINING.

De GROND is 24 Acres in uitgestrektheid.

Het HUIS is geschikt voor alle einden, waarvoor een groot goed Huis gebruikt kan worden, en het EIGENDOM daancheit waard van allen die zich wensen te voorzien van zulk een verblyf of te speuleren in enkele klasse Eigendom.

Enige verdere bronzenheden, of verlof om te bezoeken, kan men bekomen van den tweeden Ondergetekende.

Er zal vader worden verkocht, een COTAGE, onder Leyen Dak, met een groot Stuk Grond allen ingesloten met Muur, en gelagen tischele. "Bellevue" en Mr. PARTCHARD's (wlanke Mr. KETTLE's) Eigendom.

Ververschingen zullen verschafft worden.

JOHN STEIN, } Ges.
E. J. M. SYFRET, } Curatore.

De Heer JONES, Afslager.

DE gewone KWARTAALS MARKT alhielal plaat hebben op WOENSDAG den 27 dezer, en beginnen te half een ure a morgens.

Op last van d-h Committee,

A. W. LOUW, Markmeester.

Wellington, 6 September 1865.

Uitgaven No. 92. Waterstraat Kaapstad, elken Maandag en Donderdag Ochtend, en met de eerstkomende post naar de Buiten-Districten verstuurd. Termijn:—In de Stadt, per jaar, Rds. 22, per kwartaal Rds. 6. In de Buiten-Districten voor de twee Kamers in derzelver geheld, Rds. 28 per jaar, per kwartaal tot Rds. 7, doch waar al de stoffe van de Maandact Supplement tot de Donderdag Courant wordt begeerd, Rds. 22 per jaar of Rds. 6, per kwartaal. Prys 6d. per enkel Nommer.

Publicat. No. 92, Waterstraat, Cape Town, every Monday and Thursday Mornings, and dispatched to the Country Districts by the first ensuing post.

Termijn:—In Town, for the Country, for the two Papers, Rds. 28 per annum, per Quarter, Rds. 6. —In the Country, for the two Papers, Rds. 28 per annum, per Quarter, Rds. 7; but where the whole of the latter of Monday's Paper (in one language) by way of Supplement to the Thursday's Paper, is preferred, Rds. 22 per annum or Rds. 6 1/2 per Quarter.

* Single Paper, 6 pence.

De Zuid-Afrikaan.

AGENTEN VOOR DIT BLAD IN DE SUITEN DISTRICTEN

De He. H. A. Bier, Nieuwpoort; De Heer F. Frans & Kyn, Barberton; De He. P. J. Davids, Beaufort West; De He. Z. J. Miller, Prince Albert; De He. W. D. Simpson, Calitzdorp; De He. Hend. Klaas, Calitzdorp; De He. S. van Elsloo, Cradock; De He. F. V. Veld, Franklin; De He. J. M. Johnson, George; De He. M. M. Nossel, Jr., Graaf-Reinet; De He. N. M. van Es, Hartenbosch; De He. M. W. Thackeray, Port Elizabeth; De He. D. P. van Houten, H. K. Kyn, Kookfontein; De He. G. W. B. Wicksen, Langenberg; De He. H. P. Wiegman, Paarl; De He. C. Steenberg, Stellenbosch; De He. P. Kotzen, Stellenbosch; De He. H. A. Zinn, Tulbagh; De He. A. van Dijk, Riebeek; De He. M. W. Theronius, Riviervale; De He. G. Breyten, Wellington; De He. C. Beck, Worcester; De He. G. de Koch, Wynberg; De He. J. S. Marais, Paarl; De He. H. J. Timmer, Hope Town; De He. C. A. Neeth, Midelburg; De He. P. W. G. Aarst, Robertson; De He. Thomas Matthei de Tuit, Port Elizabeth; De He. K. J. de Kok, Winburg; De He. K. J. Cornelius, Somerset West; De He. A. F. Schubert, Potchefstroom; De He. W. A. Cooper, Villiersburg.

DEEL XXXVI.

MAANDAG DEN 25 SEPTEMBER 1865.

No. 3,104.

S. A. ASSOCIATIE.
VERKOOPING VAN
VASTGOED TE YZERPLAAT,
IN HET KAAPSCH DISTRIKT.

In den Insolventen Boedel van JAN FREDRIK VAN BREKEN, J. F.

De Curatoren van denen Boedel zullen op de plaats selve doen verkopen op

Op Heiligen, 25 dezer,

TEN 11 URE, V.M.

Zeker stuk nieuwsgewijde Erfplaats, met de daardoppe dae G-boewen, gelegen in het Kaapsch Distrik, ten Oosten van de Zoutrivier, aan de zooge naamde YZERPLAAT.

Die Gebouwen bestaan uit een WOONHUIS met tien Kamers, behalve Dispens, Keuken, ons. een Stal. Vertrek voor Bedienenden, Hoenderhok, kleine COTTAGE en Stuk Tuinland.

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Wellington, 6 September 1865.

Z. A. ASSOCIATIE.
PUBLIEKE VERKOOPING
VAN
TWE E HUIZEN,
IN KAZERNESTRAAT.

De Directoren behoorlyk daartoe gemachtigd door den Eigendaaer, zullen doen verkopen op die Plek, op

Woensdag, 27 dezer,

TEN 11 URE VOERMIDDAGS.

HET HUIS, gelegen in de Kazernestraat, bekend als "THE TUMBLE DOWN DICK INN," bevattende Zeven Kamers, Groot Voorhuis, 3 Buiten-Bouwen, Komuis, en Pat. Water Closet, almalme de grote Winkel, nu geopend door den Heer FLYNN, met Plate Glas Front; Private Waterleiding.

A. DENYSSEN, Secretaris.

Kaapstad, Kerkplein, 20 Sept. 1865.

R. D. JONES, Afslager.

Executeurs Kamer.

VERKOOPING VAN
KOSTBAAR VASTGOED,
Te Palmietrivier.

De EXECUTEURS KAMER, daartoe gema-

tochtig door den Heer J. A. W. MUNNICK, zal by publike Veiling laten verkopen, op de Plaats, op

Vrydag, den 6 October,

THURSDAY, Sept. 21.—Petitions were presented by Mr. Wood, from certain inhabitants and also from the Town Council of Port Elizabeth, praying that the rail way from that place to Commando Kraal may be at once commenced.

The Foreign Proclamation bill was read a second time, considered in committee, reported without amendment, read a third time and passed.

The Land Beacons bill was read a second time, considered in committee, reported without amendment, read a third time and passed.

Mr. Tucker moved a resolution to the effect that it was desirable that a railway between Port Elizabeth and Graham's Town should be at once commenced, to alleviate the distress existing in those places. After some discussion, in the course of which Western members declared themselves favourable to an Eastern railway, Mr. W. Ward introduced a amendment, expressing the regret of the Council at the prevailing distresses amongst the working classes and recommending the Governor, if practicable, to place these people as laborers on public works in the Eastern Province. The amendment was carried by a majority of 7 against 5.

The Telegraph Registration bill was considered in committee, reported without amendment, read a third time and passed.

In consideration of the Education bill, in committee having been rescinded, the bill was reprinted with amendments and ordered to be considered on Monday.

The Land Beacons bill was considered in committee. Clauses 1 to 49 having been disposed of, progress was reported and leave given to sit again on Friday.

FRIDAY, Sept. 22.—The Land Beacons bill passed through the committee, was reported with amendments, and ordered to be considered on Monday.

House of Assembly.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 21.—The Kowie Harbour bill was considered & reported with amendments, a new clause having, on the motion of Mr. Steele, been substituted for the third, providing that the sum of £30,000, to be borrowed, shall be paid over to the directors upon their giving a guarantee that no further amount shall be asked or required for the completion of the works, and that the money so given shall be applied to the works.

A message was received from the Governor, transmitting memorials from the inhabitants and the Town Council of Port Elizabeth respecting the deplorable distress prevailing there from the want of work. His Excellency who is unable to do anything to relieve the sufferers, appeals to the Parliament to give expression to his wishes.

The House went into committee on the Estimate, and after disposing of several items, progress was reported and leave given to resume on Thursday.

THURSDAY, Sept. 21.—Three messages were received from the Governor, the first forwarding a memorandum framed under the directions of Dr. Edmunds, for converting the hospital at King William's Town into a military asylum, the cost of which would be about £350. The second has reference to the substituting of a line of steamers between Mauritius and Galle. The third accompanies a statement of additional sums required for the service of 1863.

Petitions were presented by Mr. Chase, from certain inhabitants and the Town Council of Port Elizabeth, praying that a railway may be at once commenced between that place and Commando Kraal.

Mr. Heupt obtained leave to introduce a bill to exempt wool, hides and skins, sold at auction, from the payment of auction duty. The bill was read a first time and ordered to be read a second time on Monday.

The Kowie harbour bill, amended in committee, was taken into consideration, when the new third clauses were proposed and the original clauses restored. The bill was ordered to be read a third time on Friday.

The House went into committee to consider the report of the select committee on the Railways bill, after some discussion prior to its being reported and leave given to resume on Monday.

FRIDAY, Sept. 22.—The Kowie Harbour bill having been read a third time and passed, the House resolved itself into committee of Supply, and after disposing of the greater portion of the items, progress was reported, and the House adjourned till Monday.

Letter from our Paris Correspondent.

Friday, 8th August, 1863.
Sir,—At the moment I am writing the electors of the department of the Aisne are engaged in electing a deputy to the Corps Législatif, but this election is not as interesting as preceding ones; there being no opposition candidate. The Government presented a candidate at the last moment, but the difference between him and the others is so slight that liberalism has nothing either to hope or fear. On the 3rd of August, a much more important election will take place in the Landes, viz., that of M. Walewski in the place of M. Cosca, named Senator. M. Walewski is named as the successor of M. de Mony in the Presidency of the Corps Législatif; it is not yet known whether an opposition candidate will be presented to oppose M. Walewski; in any case, the success of Government is almost a certainty.

The main liberal elections are terminated, and the results are not at all an avowal to the opposition, and are of such a nature as to raise great hopes for the decisive elections of 1869. The working up of the mind of the public cannot but lead to ideas of progress and liberty. The government itself can understand this, for we have reasons of a codification of the constitution in a liberal sense. It is mainly the hope for will serve ministerial responsibility. M. de Puydt will return to the ministry, and will grant permission for establishing a number of new journals. There are but rumours and it is imagined that Napoleon III. is waiting for the 15th August, his birth day, to grant a little liberty.

The Emperor is at Plombières and the ministers, with three or four exceptions, are at the sea side. In fact, the government no longer governs, and we feel quite at our ease. It was reported that the Empress was seriously ill, but the "Moniteur" denied this, and the truth is that though slightly indisposed, he soon recovered, so that we may say his health was both good and bad.

During the last fortnight, the inextricable skein of European difficulties has become more entangled than ever, so that the only way to settle the matter is to set like Alexander the Great and cut the grecian knot, but even of this stamp are rare, and notwithstanding the good opinion M. de Bismarck may have of himself, I do think him destined to play the role. Although he is using every effort to get rid of the question of the Duchies as advantageously as he can, one thing is certain and that is that the peace of Europe may soon be disturbed by the Austro-Pusian war &c. For a moment serious concussions are spoken of on the part of Austria, but no doubt they would not satisfy M. de Bismarck, who wishes to establish by every possible means, even war Prussian supremacy in Germany. An interview between King William and Francis Joseph at St. George was also spoken of, but it is hardly likely it will take place, the Emperor having declared he would not go to Gastein, while M. de Bismarck was there.

It seems then that they are right both at Berlin and Vienna in not believing in an understanding of the two German powers on the grounds of the Schleswig-Holstein question. It seems also that M. de Bismarck endeavours to irritate matters, and to stretch the cord so tight that it will break. His policy consists of menace and violence, & every day a fresh arbitrary act is signified, and thus it is that in spite of the regular constituted civil authorities, the commander of the Prussian troops, acting no doubt by virtue of superior order, arrested M. Mey, the principal editor of the "Schleswig Holstein Gazzette." M. May's crime is not yet positively known. It is supposed that as he took a prominent part in the national shooting feast at Bremen and on this occasion exposed the suffrage that Prussian police inflicted on the D. Chas, this exasperated M. de Bismarck who could not resign himself to the check of his annexationist propaganda in the Seine & Loire and caused M. May to be arrested at Altona and conducted under military escort to the fortress of Kehlburg. The Austrian civil commissioner protest against the act and asked an explanation of the Prussian colleague, who replied that he was only responsible to his own government; thus it is that M. de Bismarck understands the principles of individual liberty and international right.

Freshly speaking, the question of the Duchies does not interest the statesman to the degree that he neglects the rigorous interests of resection. In the interim violence is the system. For instance the "Democrat Social" informs us that M. Berthe Becker, president of the German Workmen's association, has received orders from the police to quit Berlin in 24 hours, on account of his political opinions and bridges he has built over the river Spree during his stay here. If he was the Colossal, i.e. the "Democrat Socialist," to which M. Becker replied that no one had the right to question him on this point, I may say he did not go to Berlin on the same day the journal which divides M. Bismarck were confiscated; but this is an extraordinary occurrence and King William's

AT 10 O'CLOCK in the forenoon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of Directors, and for the election of three Directors in the room of Messrs H. G. GARNET, J. A. DE KER, and H. H. STUART who retire, and the first two of whom alone are eligible to be re-elected.

The following is a list of Shareholders, published in terms of the 30th Section of the Company's Trust Deed—

(For names see Dutch)

By order,

G. A. WATERMEYER, Secretary.

MALMESBURY BOARD OF EXECUTORS AND TRUST COMPANY.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will take place at the Board's Office, Malmesbury, on

Wednesday, 18th October next,

AT 10 O'CLOCK in the forenoon,

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Waterloo, he was removed to the cellars of the prison, where he remained until his trial, which was held on the 21st of June, 1863. He was condemned to death, but his sentence was commuted to life imprisonment. He was released in 1868, and died in 1875.

He was buried in the churchyard of St. George's, Malmesbury, on the 22nd of June, 1875.

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